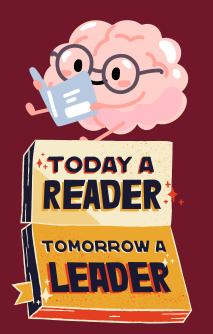


## Class 5 - Autumn 2 Key Information



Staff: Mrs Thomas
Mrs Safdar
Mrs Parkinson



In our reading lesson, we are reading
The Promise
By Nicola Davies

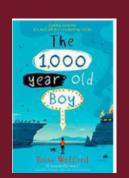


PE Days:

Monday: Dance

Thursday: Swimming

During the end-of-day storytime, we are reading The 1000 year old boy



# Class 5 Autumn term timetable

Class 5: Y6 Autumn 2				Benjamin Hargreaves CE Primary school				Mrs K Thomas 2025-2026		
	8.45- 9.00	9.00-9.30	Session 1 9.30-10.10.25	10.4 0- 11.0	Session 2 11.00-11.40	11. 40 12.	1.05 - 1.25	Session 3		Session 4
				0		00				
Mon	SPAG	Spelling Kinetic letters	MATHS	HW	ENGLISH-Writing		hip	PSHE	Music	PE (2.50-3.25)
Tue	Arithmetic	Spelling Kinetic letters	MATHS	HW	ENGLISH-Writing	u		Curriculum Study Geography		Computing
Wed	SPAG	Spelling Kinetic letters	MATHS	HW	ENGLISH-Writing	Reading Lesson	Collective Worship	Scien	nce	RE
Thu	Arithmetic	Spelling Kinetic letters	MATHS	HW	ENGLISH-Writing		0	PE/Swimming		
Fri	Worship Spelling Test	Spelling Kinetic letters	MATHS		ENGLISH-Writing			D	Т	French



# Class 5's Learning Overview ATTIME Autumn 2



In writing this half-term, we will be focussing on Writing Root for the book The Promise by Nicola Davies. Through the sequence of learning, children will discuss the concept of promises, making their own and exploring how a seed can hold a promise within. Children will investigate the impact of using a range of modal verbs and specific punctuation choices, as well as building their vocabulary to create figurative phrases to write poetry. The Writing Root will culminate in children writing their own sequel in the form of a

narrative poem to continue the story cycle.

## Maths



In maths we will be learning:

#### Place Value

We will read, write and order integers to 1,000,000 and beyond.

Addition, Subtractions, Multiplication and Division

We will be using our knowledge in problem solving and writing mathematical calculations.

#### Fractions

We will learn how to find mixed fractions and equivalent **Area and Perimeter-** To identify shapes To recognise perpendicular heights of parrallelograms.

Reading

In reading we are going on an adventure and enjoying The Primise



#### R.E.

During R.E., we will be learning about Is Death the ending or the beginning. Christians believe that through the death and resurrection of Jesus they have a promise of living for ever in eternal life.



Unit 5.6: Is Death an Ending or a Beginning?



#### Science

To be like a scientist, I will learn that...
Forces are pushes or pulls that can change how things move or their shape.
Gravity is a force that pulls everything down towards the Earth's centre.
Mass is how much matter something has; weight is the pull of gravity on that mass.
Friction is a force between two surfaces that slows things down.

Air resistance and water resistance are types of friction that act on objects moving through air or water.

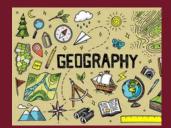
Streamlined shapes move more easily through air or water because they reduce resistance.

Levers, pulleys, and gears are mechanisms that make moving or lifting objects easier.

Forces can balance each other or act in opposite directions.

Different forces often act together on an object at the same time (e.g., gravity and air resistance).

Understanding forces helps engineers and designers make machines, vehicles, and structures work efficiently.





To be like a geographer, the pupils will. learn that..

The Mediterranean region includes countries such as Greece, Italy, and Spain.

Physical features such as mountains, islands, and seas shape the landscape.

The Mediterranean has a distinct climate: hot, dry summers and mild, wet winters.

Climate influences vegetation, agriculture, and settlement patterns.

Mountains in Greece inspired myths, legends, and cultural stories.

Ancient Greek settlements were often located near mountains, rivers, or coasts.

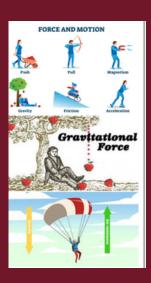
Human activity has changed landscapes over time, including settlements and land use.

Trade and transport were influenced by geography, including seas, rivers, and harbours.

Geography and culture are closely linked, including myths, religion, and daily life.

Maps, symbols, and keys help us understand and interpret physical and human features.





#### P.E.



During P.E., we will Swimming and

Dance

#### DT

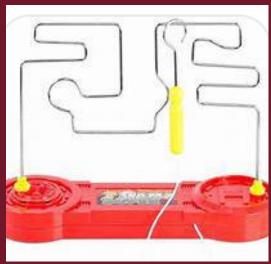
In DT we are being engineers and making a game with electrical circuits.



### French

In French we are learning all about the Phonemes.

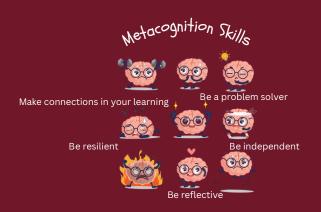
We will be talking about the weather and seasons.







#### P.S.H.E.





Music

During P.S.H.E., we will be looking at our Emotional Health and Well Being.



Throughout our computing learning we are learning about Databases.

Computer Safety is also very important.

## Throughout our music learning we are learning about African music cutures

Diversity of African Music

African music encompasses a wide range of genres, including highlife, afrobeat, jùjú, mbube, and soukous, among many others. Each region and ethnic group contributes its unique musical styles, often characterized by complex rhythms and vibrant melodies. For instance, West African music is known for its rhythmic drumming, while East African music often features melodic vocal traditions.

#### **Year 6 School Visits**

Edgehill University
PGL- Borreatton Park
Summer trip chosen by the children





## **SATS 2026**

Monday 11<sup>th</sup> May SPAG

Tuesday 12<sup>th</sup> May Reading

Wednesday 13<sup>th</sup> May Maths paper 1 and Maths paper 2

Thursday 14<sup>th</sup> May Maths paper 3

IXL - Year 6 maths practice

Free interactive KS1 and KS2 SATs revision resources - BBC Bitesize

DoodleMaths: The Best Maths App for Kids | DoodleLearning