



	EYFS	KS1		KS2					
	ELG	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Health and Wellbeing	Healthy Lifestyles Mental Health Ourselves, growing and changing Keeping Safe Drugs, alcohol and tobacco								
	Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs, e.g.	H1 What keeping healthy means; different ways to keep healthy	H13. how feelings can affect people's bodies and how they behave	H1. how to make informed decisions about health	H12. about the benefits of sun exposure and risks of overexposure; how to	H1. how to make informed decisions about health	H1. how to make informed decisions about health		
	brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly.	H5 Simple hygiene routines that stop germs from spreading	H14. how to recognise what others might be feeling H15. to recognise that	H2. about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle	keep safe from sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce the risk of skin cancer H17, to recognise that	H3. about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these	H2. about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle		
	Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing.	H6 medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations and those that support allergic reactions) can	not everyone feels the same at the same time, or feels the same about the same things	H3. about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these	feelings can change over time and range in intensity H18. about everyday	H4. how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a	H3. about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these		
	Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed. For example, putting coats on and doing up zips.	help people to stay healthy H7 Dental care and visiting the dentist; how to brush teeth	H16. about ways of sharing feelings; a range of words to describe feelings	H4. how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle,	things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings H19. a varied	healthy lifestyle H25. about personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.g. ethnicity, family, gender, faith,	H4. how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle		
	Manage their own needs personal hygiene	correctly and food and drink that support dental health H10 People who help	H17. about things that help people feel good (e.g. playing outside, doing things they enjoy, spending time	H5. about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical	vocabulary to use when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways;	culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes) H26. that for some people gender identity	H5. about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical		
	Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and	us to stay physically healthy H21 To recognise what	with family, getting enough sleep) H18. different things	illness H6. about what constitutes a healthy	H20. strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or	does not correspond with their biological sex	illness H6. about what constitutes a healthy		
	wellbeing: - regular physical activity - healthy eating - toothbrushing - sensible amounts of	makes them special H22 To recognise the ways in which we are all unique	they can do to manage big feelings, to help calm themselves down and/or change their mood when they don't	diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich	conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in	H27. to recognise their individuality and personal qualities H43. about what is meant by first aid;	diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich		





'screen time' - having a good sleep routine being a safe pedestrian

Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: - lining up and queuing mealtimes

H23 To identify what they are good at, what they like and dislike

H25 To name the main parts of the body includina external genitalia (e.g. vulva, vagina, penis, testicles)

H26 Growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change

H27 Preparing to move to a new class or year group

H33 People whose job it is to help keep us safe

H35 What to do if there is an accident and someone is hurt

H36 How to get help in an emergency (how to dial 999 and what to say)

H37 Things that people can put into their body; or on their skin can affect how people feel

feel good

H19, to recognise when they need help with feelings: that it is important to ask for help with feelings; and how to ask for it

H20, about change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with this: to recognise what helps people to feel better H24 how to manage

difficult H27 about preparing to move to a new class/year group H28 about rules and

age restrictions that

keep us safe

when finding things

H29. to recognise risk in simple everyday situations and what action to take to minimise harm

H30, about how to keep safe at home (including around electrical appliances) and fire safety (e.g. not playing with matches and lighters)

foods: risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay.

H7. how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health (e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunities to be physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle

H8, about how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour and ability to learn

H9. that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and how to maintain it

H10, how medicines. when used responsibly, different situations

H23, about change and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings; ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement H27, to recognise

their individuality and personal qualities

H28, to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth

H29, about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking

H31, about the physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty (including menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams)

H32, about how

basic techniques for dealing with common injuries

H44. how to respond and react in an emergency situation; how to identify situations that may require the emergency services; know how to contact them and what to sav

H46. about the risks and effects of legal druas common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, ecigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines)

and their impact on health; recognise that drug use can become a habit which can be difficult to break

> H47, to recognise that there are laws surrounding the use of legal drugs and that some drugs are illegal to own, use and give to others

H48, about why people choose to use or not use drugs (including nicotine, alcohol and medicines);

H50, about the

foods: risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay.

H7. how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health (e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunities to be physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle

H8, about how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour and ability to learn

H11. how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing); why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic drinks such as fruit juices, smoothies and





H31, that household products (including medicines) can be harmful if not used correctly

H32. ways to keep safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments (e.g. beach, shopping centre, park, swimming pool, on the street) and how to cross the road safely

H33. about the people whose job it is to help keep us safe

H34. basic rules to keep safe online, including what is meant by personal information and what should be kept private; the importance of telling a trusted adult if they come across something that scares them

contribute to health; that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations; how allergies can be managed

H11. how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing); why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic drinks such as fruit juices, smoothies and fruit teas; the effects of smoking)

H13. about the benefits of the internet; the importance of balancing time online with other activities; strategies for managing time online

H14. how and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in and outside school, if they are worried about their health

people gender identity

hygiene routines
change during the time
of puberty, the
importance of keeping
clean and how to
maintain personal
hygiene

H31, about the

physical and emotional

changes that happen

when approaching and during puberty (including menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing. erections and wet dreams) H32, about how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, the importance of keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene H37, reasons for following and complying with regulations and restrictions (including age restrictions); how they promote personal safety and wellbeing with reference to social media, television programmes, films, aames and online

gaming

organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or other drug use; people they can talk to if they have concerns

H49. about the mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping fruit teas; the effects of smoking)

H12. about the benefits of sun exposure and risks of overexposure; how to keep safe from sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce the risk of skin cancer

H13. about the benefits of the internet; the importance of balancing time online with other activities; strategies for managing time online

H14. how and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in and outside school, if they are worried about their health

H15. that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the importance of taking care of mental health

H16. about strategies and behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality sleep, physical





	does not correspond	H38. how to predict,	exercise/time
	with their biological	assess and manage risk	<mark>outdoors, being</mark>
	sex sex	in different situations	involved in community
			groups, doing things
	H30. to identify the	H41. strategies for	for others, clubs, and
	external genitalia and		activities, hobbies and
	internal reproductive	local environment or	spending time with
	organs in males and	unfamiliar places (rail,	family and friends can
	females and how the	water, road) and	support mental health
	process of puberty	firework safety; safe	and wellbeing
	relates to human	use of digital devices	
	reproduction	when out and about	H21. to recognise
	H39, about hazards	Witch our and about	warning signs about
	(including fire risks)	H42. about the	mental health and
	that may cause harm.	importance of keeping	wellbeing and how to
	injury or risk in the	personal information	seek support for
	home and what they	private; strategies for	themselves and others
	can do reduce risks	keeping safe online,	memberses and others
	and keep safe	including how to	H22, to recognise that
	und keep sure	manage requests for	anyone can experience
	H40. about the	personal information	mental ill health; that
	importance of taking		mentarin hearn, mai most difficulties can
	medicines correctly	or images of	be resolved with help
	,	themselves and	
	and using household	others; what to do if	and support; and that
	products safely, (e.g.	frightened or worried	it is important to
	following instructions	by something seen or	discuss feelings with a
	carefully)	read online and how to	trusted adult
		report concerns,	
	H42, about the	inappropriate content	H24. problem-solving
	importance of keeping		strategies for dealing
	personal information	H47. to recognise that	with emotions,
	private; strategies for		challenges and change,
	keeping safe online,	surrounding the use of	including the
	including how to	legal drugs and that	transition to new
	manage requests for	some drugs are illegal	schools schools
	personal information	to own, use and give to	H30. to identify the
	or images of	<mark>others</mark>	external genitalia and
	themselves and		internal reproductive
	others; what to do if		organs in males and
	frightened or worried		females and how the
	by something seen or		process of puberty





	read online and how to	relates to human
	report concerns,	reproduction
	inappropriate content	
	and contact	H33. about the
		processes of
	H43, about what is	reproduction and birth
	meant by first aid;	as part of the human
	basic techniques for	life cycle; how babies
	dealing with common	are conceived and
	injuries	born (and that there
	<u></u>	are ways to prevent a
	H44, how to respond	baby being made); how
	and react in an	babies need to be
	emergency situation;	cared for
	how to identify	53.54 (6)
	situations that may	H34. about where to
	require the emergency	get more information,
	services; know how to	help and advice about
	contact them and what	growing and changing,
	to say	especially about
	10 3dy	puberty
		puberty
		H35. about the new
		opportunities and
		responsibilities that
		increasing
		independence may
		bring
		Di IIIg
		H36. strategies to
		manage transitions between classes and
		key stages H40, about the
		importance of taking
		medicines correctly
		and using household
		products safely, (e.g.
		following instructions
		carefully)
		H46. about the risks





							and effects of legal drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, e- cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines) and their impact on health; recognise that drug use can become a habit which can be difficult to break
Relationships			<u>Familie</u>	es and Close Positive Relati	<mark>onships</mark>		
			11 mm = 1	Friendships	Dull in a		
			Managi	ing Hurtful Behaviour and I Safe Relationships	Bullying		
				Respecting Self and Other	5		
	Be able to express a	R1. about the roles	R6. about how people	R5. that people who	R12, to recognise what	R1. to recognise that	R2. that people may be
	point of view and to	different people (e.g.	make friends and what	love and care for each	it means to 'know	there are different	attracted to someone
	debate when they	acquaintances, friends	makes a good	other can be in a	someone online' and	types of relationships	emotionally,
	disagree with an adult	and relatives) play in	<mark>friendship</mark>	committed	how this differs from	(e.g. friendships,	romantically and
	or friend, using words as well as actions.	<mark>our lives</mark>	R7. about how to	relationship (e.g. marriage), living	knowing someone face- to-face; risks of	family relationships, romantic relationships,	sexually; that people may be attracted to
	as well as actions.	R2. to identify the	recognise when they	together, but may also	communicating online	online relationships)	someone of the same
	Start a conversation	people who love and	or someone else feels	live apart	with others not known	R18. to recognise if a	sex or different sex
	with an adult or a	care for them and	lonely and what to do		face-to-face	friendship (online or	to them; that gender
	friend and continue it	what they do to help		R6. that a feature of		offline) is making	identity and sexual
	for many turns.	them feel cared for	R8. simple strategies	positive family life is	R15. strategies for	them feel unsafe or	orientation are
			to resolve arguments	caring relationships;	recognising and	uncomfortable; how to	<mark>different</mark>
	Become more outgoing	R3. about different	between friends	about the different	managing peer	manage this and ask	
	with unfamiliar people,	types of families	positively	ways in which people	influence and a desire	for support if	R3. about marriage
	in the safe context of	including those that		care for one another	for peer approval in	necessary	and civil partnership
	their setting.	may be different to	R9. how to ask for	D7 to accoming	friendships; to	R24. how to respond	as a legal declaration
	Show more confidence	<mark>their own</mark>	help if a friendship is making them feel	R7. to recognise and respect that there are	recognise the effect of online actions on	safely and appropriately to adults	of commitment made by two adults who love
	in new social	R4. to identify	unhappy	different types of	others	they may encounter (in	and care for each
	situations.	common features of	R10. that bodies and	family structure	R19. about the impact	all contexts including	other, which is
	31144110110.	family life	feelings can be hurt	(including single	of bullying, including	online) whom they do	intended to be lifelong
	Play with one or more		by words and actions;	parents, same-sex	offline and online, and	not know	
	other children,	<mark>R5. that it is</mark>	that people can say	parents, step-parents,	the consequences of		R4. that forcing
		<mark>important to tell</mark>	hurtful things online	blended families,	hurtful behaviour		anyone to marry





extend	ing aı	nd
elaborating	play	ideas

Help to find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas.

Develop appropriate ways of being assertive.

Talk with others to solve conflicts.

Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'.

Understand gradually how others might be feeling.

See themselves as a valuable individual.

Build constructive and respectful relationships.

Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others. Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.

someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them unhappy or worried R13. to recognise that some things are

private and the importance of respectina privacy: that parts of their body covered by underwear are private

R15. how to respond safely to adults they don't know

R20, what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others: who to ask for help and vocabulary to use when asking for help: importance of keeping trying until they are heard

R21, about what is kind and unkind behaviour, and how this can affect others

R22, about how to treat themselves and others with respect: how to be polite and courteous

R23, to recognise the vays in which they are

R11, about how people may feel if they experience hurtful behaviour or bullying

R12, that hurtful behaviour (offline and online) including teasina, name-callina. bullying and deliberately excluding others is not acceptable; how to report bullying; the importance of telling a trusted adult

R14. that sometimes people may behave differently online. including by pretending to be someone they are not

R16, about how to respond if physical contact makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe

R17, about knowing there are situations when they should ask for permission and also when their permission should be sought

R18, about the importance of not keeping adults'

foster parents); that families of all types can give family members love. security and stability

R8, to recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty

R9. how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel <mark>unhappy or unsafe, and</mark> how to seek help or advice

R10, about the importance of friendships: strateaies for building positive friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing

R11, what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust, truthfulness, loyalty kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences, support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles appl

R20, strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online (including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excludina of others); how to report concerns and

get support

R21, about discrimination: what it means and how to what they have in challenge it common with others R22, about privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships (including online):

R23. about why someone may behave differently online. including pretending to be someone they are not; strategies for recognising risks, harmful content and contact; how to report concerns

R24, how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts including

R26. about seeking and giving permission (consent) in different situations

R29, where to get advice and report concerns if worried about their own or someone else's personal safety (including online) R32, about respecting the differences and similarities between people and recognising

e.g. physically, in personality or background R34. how to discuss

and debate topical issues, respect other people's point of view and constructively challenge those they disagree with

against their will is a crime; that help and support is available to people who are worried about this for themselves or others

R5. that people who love and care for each other can be in a committed relationship (e.g. marriage), living together, but may also live apart

R6. that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another

R10, about the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing

R16. how friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of friends R34, how to discuss nd debate topic





Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally.
Think about the

Think about the perspectives of others.

Talk about members of their immediate family and community.

Name and describe people who are familiar to them.

Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.

Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.

the same and different to others

R24. how to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively

R25. how to talk about and share their opinions on things that matter to them

secrets (only happy surprises that others will find out about eventually)

R19. basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something they don't want to do and which may make them unsafe

R20. what to do if
they feel unsafe or
worried for
themselves or others;
who to ask for help
and vocabulary to use
when asking for help;
importance of keeping
trying until they are
heard

heard R21. about what is kind and unkind behaviour, and how this can affect others

R22. about how to treat themselves and others with respect; how to be polite and courteous

R24, how to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively

R25. how to talk about and share their

to online friendships as to face-to-face relationships

R13. the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded

R14. that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them

R17. that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely

R18. to recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary R25. recognise different types of physical contact; what is acceptable and unacceptable; strategies to respond

to unwanted physical

contact

online) whom they do not know

R25. recognise
different types of
physical contact; what
is acceptable and
unacceptable;
strategies to respond
to unwanted physical
contact

R27. about keeping something confidential or secret, when this should (e.g. a birthday surprise that others will find out about) or should not be agreed to, and when it is right to break a confidence or share a secret

R28. how to recognise

pressure from others
to do something
unsafe or that makes
them feel
uncomfortable and
strategies for
managing this

R29. where to get
advice and report
concerns if worried

R29. where to get advice and report concerns if worried about their own or someone else's personal safety (including online) R30. that personal

behaviour can affec

issues, respect other people's point of view and constructively challenge those they disagree with





[opinions on things that		other people; to	
	matter to them	R26. about seeking and	recognise and model	
		giving permission	respectful behaviour	
		(consent) in different	online	
		situations		
			R31. to recognise the	
		R28. how to recognise	importance of self-	
		pressure from others	respect and how this	
		to do something	can affect their	
		unsafe or that makes	thoughts and feelings	
		them feel	about themselves;	
		uncomfortable and	that everyone,	
		strategies for	including them, should	
		managing this	expect to be treated	
			politely and with	
		R29. where to get	respect by others	
		advice and report	(including when online	
		concerns if worried	and/or anonymous) in	
		about their own or	school and in wider	
		someone else's	society; strategies to	
		personal safety	improve or support	
		(including online)	courteous, respectful	
		R32. about respecting	<u>relationships</u>	
		the differences and	D24 L L L L	
		similarities between	R34. how to discuss	
		people and recognising	and debate topical	
		what they have in common with others	issues, respect other	
		_	people's point of view	
		e.g. physically, in personality or	and constructively challenge those they	
		background	disagree with	
		Dackground	uisagree with	
		R33. to listen and		
		respond respectfully		
		to a wide range of		
		people, including those		
		whose traditions,		
		beliefs and lifestyle		
		are different to their		
		own		
L				





Living in the Wider				Shared Responsibilities						
World				Communities						
	Media Literacy and Digital Resilience									
	Economic Wellbeing: Money									
		Economic Wellbeing: Aspirations, Work and Career								
	Develop their sense of	L2. how people and	L1. about what rules	L6. about the	L1. to recognise	L9. about stereotypes;	L11. recognise ways in			
	responsibility and	other living things	are, why they are	different groups that	reasons for rules and	how they can	which the internet and			
	membership of a	have different needs;	needed, and why	make up their	laws; consequences of	negatively influence	social media can be			
	community.	about the	different rules are	community; what living	not adhering to rules	behaviours and	used both positively			
		responsibilities of	needed for different	in a community means	and laws	attitudes towards	and negatively			
	Increasingly follow	caring for them	<mark>situations</mark>			others; strategies for				
	rules, understanding		L7. about how the	L7. to value the	L2. to recognise there	challenging	L12. how to assess the			
	why they are	L3. about things they	internet and digital	different	are human rights, that	stereotypes	reliability of sources			
	important.	<mark>can do to help look</mark>	devices can be used	contributions that	are there to protect	L11. recognise ways in	of information online;			
		<mark>after their</mark>	safely to find things	people and groups	<mark>everyone</mark>	which the internet and	and how to make safe,			
	Remember rules	<mark>environment</mark>	out and to	make to the		social media can be	reliable choices from			
	without needing an	L4. about the	communicate with	community	L3. about the	used both positively	search results			
	adult to remind them.	different groups they	<mark>others</mark>		<mark>relationship between</mark>	and negatively				
		belong to		L8. about diversity:	<mark>rights and</mark>		L13. about some of the			
	Begin to make sense		L8. about the role of	what it means; the	responsibilities	L15. recognise things	different ways			
	of their own life-story	L5. about the	the internet in	benefits of living in a		appropriate to share	information and data			
	and family's history.	different roles and	everyday life	diverse community;	L4. the importance of	and things that should	is shared and used			
		responsibilities people		about valuing diversity	<mark>having compassion</mark>	not be shared on	online, including for			
	Show interest in	have in their	L9. that not all	within communities	towards others;	social media; rules	commercial purposes			
	different occupations.	community	information seen		shared responsibilities	surrounding				
			online is true		we all have for caring	distribution of images	L14. about how			
	Continue developing	L6. to recognise the	L15. that jobs help		for other people and	L17. about the	information on the			
	positive attitudes	ways they are the	people to earn money		living things; how to	different ways to pay	internet is ranked,			
	about the differences	same as, and different	to pay for things		show care and concern	for things and the	selected and targeted			
	between people.	to, other people	the tree and the		<mark>for others</mark>	choices people have	at specific individuals			
		L10. what money is;	L16. different jobs			about this	and groups; that			
	Know that there are	forms that money	that people they know		L5. ways of carrying	140	connected devices can			
	different countries in	comes in; that money	or people who work in		out shared	L18. to recognise that	share information			
	the world and talk	comes from different	the community do		responsibilities for	people have different	1.45			
	about the differences	<mark>sources</mark>	L17. about some of the		protecting the	attitudes towards	L15. recognise things			
	they have experienced	111 +6 -4	strengths and		environment in school	saving and spending	appropriate to share			
	or seen in photos.	L11. that people make	interests someone		and at home; how	money; what	and things that should			
	Decemine that was I	different choices	might need to do		everyday choices can	influences people's	not be shared on			
	Recognise that people have different beliefs	about how to save and	different jobs		affect the environment (e.g.	decisions; what makes	social media; rules			
		spend money			· ·	something 'good value	surrounding			
	and celebrate special				reducing, reusing,	for money'	distribution of images			





times in different ways. Talk about the lives o people around them	L12. about the difference between needs and wants; that f sometimes people may not always be able to		recycling; food choices) L10. about prejudice; how to recognise behaviours/actions	L20. to recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and	L16. about how text and images in the media and on social media can be
and their roles in society.	have the things they want L13. that money needs to be looked after; different ways of		which discriminate against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced L15. recognise things	wants L21. different ways to keep track of money L22. about risks	manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation
	doing this L14. that everyone has different strengths		appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on social media; rules surrounding distribution of images L19, that people's	associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping money safe L24. to identify the	involved in gambling; different ways money can be won or lost through gambling- related activities and their impact on health,
			spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. Fair trade, buying singleuse plastics, or giving to charity)	ways that money can impact on people's feelings and emotions L26. that there is a broad range of different	wellbeing and future aspirations
				jobs/careers that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life	
				L27. about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not	
				be limited by them L28. about what might influence people's decisions about a job	





			or career (e.g. personal interests and values, family connections to certain trades or businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs)	
			L29. that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid L30. about some of	
			the skills that will help them in their future careers e.g. teamwork, communication and negotiation L31. to identify the kind of job that they might like to do when they are older	
			L32. to recognise a variety of routes into careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship university)	





No Outsiders	To say what I think	To like the way I am	To understand what	To be welcoming	To know when to be	To accept people who	To consider how my
			diversity is		assertive	are different from me	life may change as I
	To make friends with	To recognise that		To understand how			grow up
	someone different	people are different	To understand how we	difference can affect	To overcome language	To learn from our past	
		ages	share the world	someone	as a barrier		To promote diversity
	To understand that	_				To recognise when	
	it's OK to like	To understand that	To understand what	To find a solution to a	To understand why	someone needs help	To stand up to
	different things	our bodies work in	makes someone feel	problem	people choose to get		discrimination
	_	different ways	proud		married	To justify my actions	
	To understand that all		·	To understand what			To challenge the
	families are different	To play with boys and	To feel proud of being	'discrimination means'	To ask questions	To appreciate artistic	causes of racism
		girls	different			freedom	
	To celebrate my			Use strategies to help	To be who you want to		To recognise my
	family	To understand that we	To be able to work	someone who feels	be		freedom
		share the world with	with everyone in my	different			
		lots of people	class				