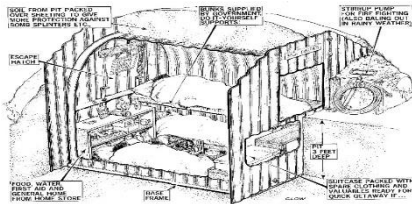
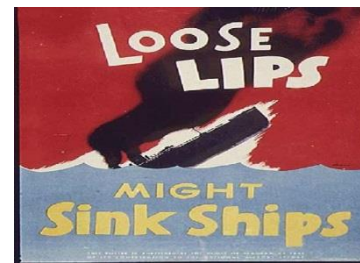


World War II



WWII: Key Vocabulary

Evacuee	A person who is moved away from a place of danger.
Rationing	A fixed amount of food/provisions for people.
Blackout	The 'turning off' of all lights in a city.
Air Raid	Military aeroplanes sent to bomb an area (often cities).
Nazi	A member of the National Socialist German Workers' Party.
The Blitz	A huge air strike on London over the course of 57 days.
D-Day	The day (6 June 1944) in the Second World War on which Allied forces invaded northern France by means of beach landings in Normandy.
Homefront	The civilian population (and their activities) of a country at war.
Propaganda	Is a form of communication to distribute information. It is always biased

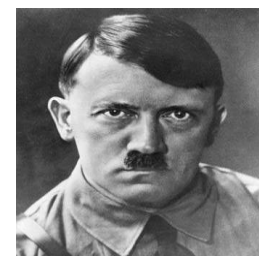


People of Interest...

Winston Churchill



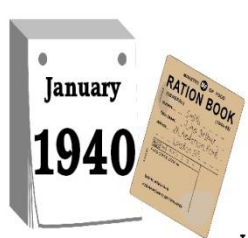
Adolf Hitler



Anne Frank



In September 1939 war was declared on Germany by France and Britain. The first evacuation of children to safer areas took place.



In January 1940 food rationing was introduced. Ration books were issued and people were encouraged to grow their own.



In June 1940 a second evacuation was organised to ensure the safety of over half a million children from the larger cities.



September 1940 saw the start of The Blitz. This was 9 long months of bombing that hit towns and cities across Britain.



In June 1941 Britain began to see clothes rationing. The slogan "Make Do and Mend" was used to encourage people to recycle.



In 1942 "Utility Clothes" were introduced. These were made to save material and had rules for the number of pleats and buttons.



In 1944 the Germans began to fire V1 missiles (Doodlebugs) at Britain. The third and final evacuation of children took place.



On May 8th, the war was declared over and VE Day (Victory in Europe) was marked by street parties.