



World War Two

Sticky Facts



- In 1939, Britain declared war on Germany after Germany invaded Poland.
- The war was fought between two sides: Allies (GB, USA, France, Russia) and the Axis Powers (Germany, Italy, Japan).
- Winston Churchill was the Prime Minister of England during most of the war and was famous for his speeches.
- Adolf Hitler, leader of the Nazi Party, wanted Germany to rule Europe.
- During Hitler's reign, the Nazis killed millions of people in the holocaust which included Jews and travellers.
- In 1940, Germans bombed cities in England and the town of Ellesmere Port in The Blitz.
- Children were evacuated from towns and cities to the countryside. 9 evacuees came to Parklands school
- Rationing started in 1940. People had ration books to buy limited amounts of food such as meat, sugar, eggs.
- People were encouraged to 'Dig for Victory and grow their own vegetables.
- In WW2, women worked in factories and farms.
- In 1944, the D-Day landings -a huge attack - in France helped push back the German army.
- 8th May 1945 Germany surrendered – this day is called VE Day (Victory in Europe).



Key Vocabulary

Evacuation	people moving away from a place of danger
Evacuee	a person evacuated from a place of danger
VE Day	8 th May 1945 - Victory in Europe Day – The day when fighting against Nazi Germany came to an end.
D Day	6 June 1944 – the day on which Allied Forces invaded the beaches of Normandy in France
Axis	the group of countries that fought against Britain and the Allies in World War II – mainly Germany, Italy and Japan
Allies	the countries that fought together against the Axis – Britain, France, USA and the Soviet Union (Russia)
Blitz	a time during World War II when Germany dropped bombs on British cities
Blackout	when people had to turn off all lights at night so enemy planes couldn't see cities to bomb them
Rationing	everyone got a small, fair amount of food and supplies during the war
Prime Minister	the leader of the UK Government
Decade	10 years
Century	100 years
Millennium	1000 years

BC



Stone Age
800,000 - 2500 BC

Bronze Age
2500 – 800 BC

Iron Age
800 BC – 43 AD

Ancient
Greece
800BC –
146BC

Roman Rule in
Britain
43AD – 410AD

Anglo-Saxons
410AD – 1066AD

Tudors
1485-
1603

Great
Fire of
London
1666

Victorians
1837 -
1901

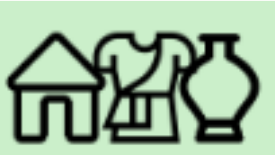
WWII
1939-
1945

Vikings
793– 1066AD

Year 6
Parklands

AD





Mayans



Sticky Facts

- The Maya lived around 2600 BC in an area called Yucatán, in Central America.
- The Mayan, or Maya, people made their home in an area known as Mesoamerica.
- Mayan writing consisted of hieroglyphs
- The Maya were expert mathematicians and astronomers.
- Poor Maya families lived in small, round homes made from mud or stone with thatched roofs. Rich Mayans lived in the city in large stone palaces.
- Mayan religion involved human sacrifice and bloodletting. They believed those that died went to the “place in the misty sky”.
- Maya society was made up of city-states, each with its own ruler.
- Mayan society was like a pyramid with a King at the top and slaves at the bottom.
- The Chechen Itza is one of the seven wonders of the world that was built in 600AD.
- Between 700–900 AD, many major Maya cities were abandoned.

Key Vocabulary

Mesoamerica	the place in Central America where the Maya lived
hieroglyphs	picture-letters the Maya used to write
city-state	a city that ruled itself like a tiny country
civilisation	a group of people with cities, leaders, and ways of life
Chichén Itzá	a famous Maya city with a big pyramid
temple	a special building where people prayed to their gods
sacrifice	giving something to the gods as an offering
ceremonies	important events people do for religion or celebration
ritual	a set of actions done the same way each time, often for religion
Era/period	an amount of time in history



Decade



Century



Millennium



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WWII
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Mayans
2000 BC - 1697 AD

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BC