

Nurturing Nurses - Florence Nightingale, Mary Seacole and Edith Cavell



STICKY KNOWLEDGE

Florence Nightingale and Mary Seacole helped soldiers during the Crimean War in Turkey.	Scutari hospital was built on top of a sewage site so conditions were bad and very dirty.	Florence changed nursing by improving conditions and the way people thought about nurses by improving the hygiene.
Florence Nightingale wrote widely publishing over 200 books, pamphlets, and articles on nursing, hospital management.	Since the 19 th century, hospitals have improved by the use of Ambulances, sterilised instruments and caring for patients.	Edith Cavell is celebrated for treating wounded soldiers from both sides without discrimination.



Florence Nightingale



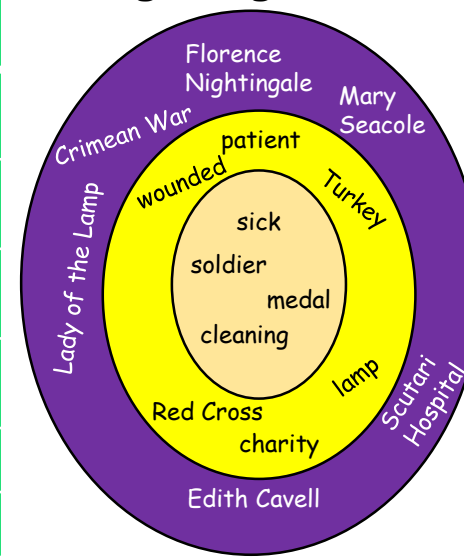
Crimean War 1853-1856



Mary Seacole

KEY VOCABULARY

Nurse	They care for sick, injured people. They give medicine, help patients move around, provide company and care.
Soldier	A member of an army, fighting in a war to help protect their country.
Injured	An injured person has physical damage to part of their body, usually as a result of an accident or fighting.
War	War is a situation or a period of fighting between countries or groups of people
Conditions	The state and appearance of a place.
Improve	To make better



Edith Cavell



She treated soldiers from either side, and helped over 200 allied soldiers escape from German-occupied Belgium. She was arrested and killed by German forces in 1915.

The First World War was very different from the Crimean war, with clean, well-equipped hospitals, fighting in trenches, and new technology such as the use of planes and field guns.

