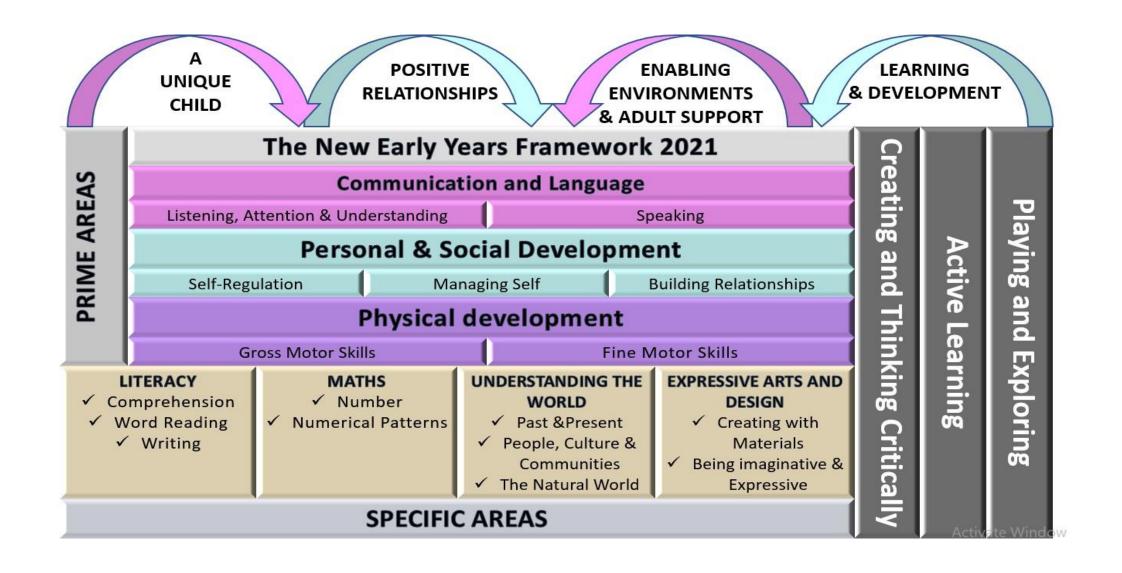
# Reception Curriculum 2025-2026



At Havannah we nurture individuality. This runs through everything we do, from lessons, our learning environment both indoors and outdoors to visits and visitors. Our school is an amazing place to be and the staff and children are all very proud to be part of our Havannah family!

Children feel valued and loved in school and staff pride themselves on building strong relationships with both parents/carers and children. We teach children how to be "Ready, Respectful and Safe" and what that looks like in the classroom and in our school grounds.

We teach literacy and maths to a high standard and children make excellent progress throughout the EYFS. We treat every child as an individual and are committed to the development of the 'whole child'. We want children to enter KS1 happy, self-assured, independent learners with a thirst to learn and the confidence to know that they can do anything they want to do and that we will support them on their journey.



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes  NB: These themes may be adapted at various points to allow for children's interests	All About Me! Starting school My new class My school grounds New Beginnings People who help us Careers My family PSED focus relationships/feelings Unique What am I good at?	Fantastic Festivals!  Harvest Festival  Bonfire night celebrations  Diwali  Harvest  The Nativity at Christmas  Letters to Father Christmas	Fabulous Fairy Tales and Starry Nights!  I am special A world of wonder  Van Gogh – Starry Night Art How do I feel today? Fairytales Story plots and characters	Come Outside!  Plants & Flowers     Life cycles Planting beans/seeds Where do we live in the UK     / world?     Farm Looking after birds Healthy Eating	Amazing animals!  What lives in a pond?  Habitats  Life cycles  Minibeasts	Splish Splash Splosh!  Under the sea theme Looking after our oceans Pirates Looking at old seaside photographs
High quality Texts	1. Dearest One and Our class is a family 2. The Something 3. Dogger and Paper Dolls 4. Hair it's a family affair 5. Watch out Wilf 6. Oi Frog 7. The last leaf 8. Poems aloud	1. Star in the jar 2. Rama and Sita 3. Jack and the flum flum tree 4. How to catch a star 6: Winter/Non Fiction 7. Dogger at Christmas and Babushka	<ol> <li>Little Red</li> <li>Little Red Riding</li> <li>Hood</li> <li>The enormous turnip</li> <li>The Little Red Hen</li> <li>The Elves and the Shoemaker</li> <li>Rapunzel</li> <li>Even fairies need glasses</li> <li>Freddy and the Fairy</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>The Extraordinary         Gardener</li> <li>The Green Giant</li> <li>Erol's Garden</li> <li>The Secret sky Garden</li> <li>Mole and baby bird</li> <li>Non-fiction – Life Cycles         and Birds</li> </ol>	1: Juniper Jupiter 2: Night Monkey, Day Monkey 3. Minibeasts 4. The Very Hungry Caterpillar 5.Non-Fiction books - Habitats 6. Spider Sandwiches	<ol> <li>Storm Whale</li> <li>Commotion in the Ocean</li> <li>Somebody Swallowed         Stanley     </li> <li>Sharing a Shell</li> <li>What the Ladybird         Heard at the Seaside     </li> <li>Home for a Pirate</li> <li>Pirate Pete</li> <li>Transition week: letters         to new teachers     </li> </ol>
WOW IIIOIIICIICS/	Family photos Baby photos Pet Photos PCSO visit Spooky Disco	Remembrance Day EYFS Nativity – Around the crib Santa visit Tatton Christmas	Chinese New Year 29 <sup>th</sup> January Pyjama Day Fairytale Day	Planting beanstalks World Book Day 6 <sup>th</sup> March Easter bonnet parade/egg hunt	Superhero Day Caterpillars Frogspawn in Forest School Peak Wildlife Park	Pirate Day Map work - Find the Treasure End of year family picnic

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	All About Me!	Fantastic Festivals!	Fabulous Fairytales and Starry Nights!	Come Outside!	Amazing Animals!	Splish Splash Splosh!

### **Characteristics of Effective Learning**

Playing and exploring: - Children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'. Children who actively participate in their own play develop a larger store of information and experiences to draw on which positively supports their learning

Active learning: - Children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties. They are proud of their own achievements. For children to develop into self-regulating, lifelong learners they are required to take ownership, accept challenges and learn persistence.

Creating and thinking critically: - Children develop their own ideas and make links between these ideas. They think flexibly and rationally, drawing on previous experiences which help them to solve problems and reach conclusions.



Over Arching Principles

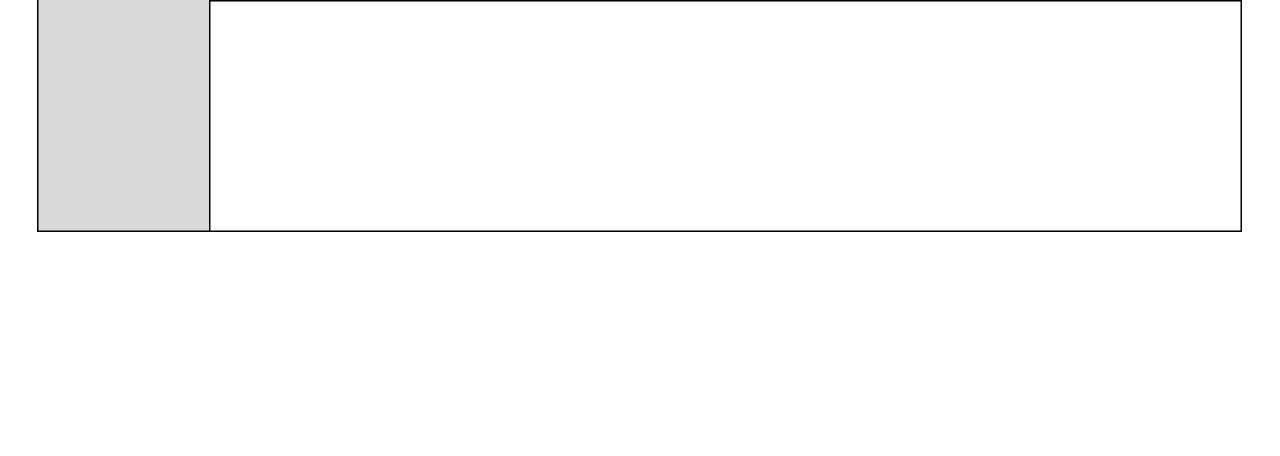
**Unique Child:** Every child is unique and has the potential to be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured.

**Positive Relationships:** Children flourish with warm, strong & positive partnerships between all staff and parents/carers. This promotes independence across the EYFS curriculum. Children and practitioners are NOT alone – embrace each community.

**Enabling environments:** Children learn and develop well in safe and secure environments where routines are established and where adults respond to their individual needs and passions and help them to build upon their learning over time.

**Learning and Development:** Children develop and learn at different rates (not in different ways as it stated 2017). We must be aware of children who need greater support than others.

PLAY: At Havannah, we understand that children learn best when they are absorbed, interested and active. We understand that active learning involves other children, adults, objects, ideas, stimuli and events that aim to engage and involve children for sustained periods. We believe that Early Years education should be as practical as possible and therefore, we are proud that our EYFS setting has an underlying ethos of 'Learning through play. PLAY is essential for children's development across all areas. Play builds on children's confidence as they learn to explore, to relate to others around them and develop relationships, set their own goals and solve problems. Children learn by leading their own play and by taking part in play which is quided by adults.'. EYFS Team



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	All About Me!	Fantastic Festivals!	Fabulous Fairytales and Starry Nights!	Come Outside!	Amazing Animals!	Splish Splash Splosh!
British Values Sharing Circles	Mutual respect We are all unique. We respect differences between different people and their beliefs in our community, in this country and all around the world. All cultures are learned, respected, and celebrated.	Mutual Tolerance Everyone is valued, all cultures are celebrated and we all share and respect the opinions of others. Mutual tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith. Done through celebrations	Rule of law  We all know that we have rules at school that we must follow.  We know who to talk to if we do not feel safe.  We know right from wrong.  We recognise that we are accountable for our actions.  We must work together as a team when it is necessary.  Class rules	Individual liberty  We all have the right to have our own views.  We are all respected as individuals.  We feel safe to have a go at new activities.  We understand and celebrate the fact that everyone is different.	Democracy We all have the right to be listened to. We respect everyone and we value their different ideas and opinions. We have the opportunity to play with who we want to play with. We listen with intrigue and value and respect the opinions of others.	Recap all British Values Fundamental British Values underpin what it is to be a citizen in a modern and diverse Great Britain valuing our community and celebrating diversity of the UK. Fundamental British Values are not exclusive to being British and are shared by other democratic countries.
Assessment opportunities	In-house - Baseline data on entry National Baseline data by end of term RWI Phonics assessments EYFS team meetings GLD Projections for EOY	On going assessments Pupil progress meetings EYFS team meetings In house moderation Local schools moderation End of term Assessments RWI Phonics assessments	EYFS team meetings Phase meeting and internal moderations RWI Phonics assessments	Pupil progress meetings Parents evening info EYFS team meetings End of term Assessments RWI Phonics assessments	Local schools moderation EYFS team meetings RWI Phonics assessments	Pupil progress meetings Reports Phonics assessments LA moderation training EYFS team meetings EOY data RWI Phonics assessments Transition meetings
Parental Involvement	Cheese and Wine Evening Open door policy DOJO involvement Eamily photos	DOJO involvement Nativity- Around the Crib Mystery Reader	DOJO involvement Mystery Reader	DOJO involvement Parents Evening Mystery Reader	DOJO involvement Mystery Reader	DOJO involvement Reports End of year family Picnic Mystery Reader



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
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Communication and Language	The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's <b>back-and-forth interactions</b> from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a <b>language-rich environment</b> is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with <b>new vocabulary added</b> , practitioners will build children's language effectively. <b>Reading frequently to children</b> , and <b>engaging them actively in stories</b> , non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and <b>embed new words in a range of contexts</b> , will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through <b>conversation</b> , <b>story-telling and role play</b> , where children <b>share their ideas</b> with support and <b>modelling</b> from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a <b>rich range of vocabulary</b> and <b>language structures</b> .					
Whole EYFS Focus – C&L is developed throughout the year through high quality interactions, daily group discussions, sharing circles, PSHE times, stories, singing, Ready Steady Write, EYFS performances,  Daily story time using high quality texts	Welcome to EYFS  Settling in activities  Making friends Children talking about experiences that are familiar to them What are your passions / goals / dreams? About family routines and special occasions Show an interest in the lives of other people Follow instructions (settling in, putting my things away) Develop vocabulary: Word aware Model talk routines through the day. For example, arriving in school: "Good morning, how are you?")	Tell me a story! Develop vocabulary: Discovering Passions Tell me a story - retelling stories: talk for writing Story language Listening and responding to stories Remember key points from a story Following instructions Takes part in discussion Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Choose books that will develop their vocabulary Discuss familiar celebrations	Tell me why!  Develop vocabulary: Ask's how and why questions  Retell a story with story language Story invention – talk it! Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Describe events (Chinese New Year) Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Learn rhymes, poems and songs Talk about similarities and differences between things in the past and now (transport)	Explain to me!  Explore vocab Reciting poems and songs Tell me a story - retelling stories: talk for writing Articulate a duck life cycle Listen to and engage in and talk about selected non- fiction Articulate my ideas and thoughts into well-formed sentences  Ask questions to find out more  recount an experience	Rhyme time!  Explore Vocab Learn and recite, poems and songs Rhyme/rhyming sentences I can continue a rhyming string  Re-tell a story/fairytale  Describe events in some detail: frog life cycle, caterpillar life cycle	Tell me about differences?  Explore Vocab Talk about the experiences I have had at different points in the school year (end of year video)  Articulate how we can look after our planet



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	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
General Themes	Magical Me	Fantastic Festivals!	Starry Night	Come Outside	Amazing Animals!	Splish, Splash, Splosh!	
Personal, Social and Emotional Development	Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSHE) is <b>crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives</b> , and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that <b>shape their social world</b> . Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to <b>understand their own feelings and those of others</b> . Children should be supported to <b>manage emotions</b> , <b>develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals</b> , <b>have confidence in their own abilities</b> , <b>to persist</b> and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn <b>how to look after their bodies</b> , <b>including healthy eating</b> , and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which <b>children can achieve at school and in later life</b> .						
Managing Self Self regulation	Me and My Relationships Me and My Relationships -All about me -What makes me special - Me and my special people Where do I live? -Who can help me? -My feelings  Oral hygiene: teeth cleaning linked to the dental nurse Handwashing Class rules: Behavioural expectations in the	Valuing Difference I'm special, you're special -Same and different/families and homes -I am caring -I am a friend  I know what it means to be respectful and to be treated with respect Independence: putting own socks and shoes on	Keeping safe What's safe to go onto/into my body including medicines -safe indoors and outdoors -Listening to my feelings -Keeping safe online -People who help to keep me safe	Rights and respect Looking after my special people and my friends Being helpful at home and caring for our classroom -Caring for our world -Looking after money  Caring for animals	Being my best  Bouncing back when things go wrong Yes I can -Healthy eating My healthy mind Move your body -A good nights sleep  Importance of exercise Being kind to living creatures Taking care of animals (frogs/butterflies)	Growing and changing seasons - Life stages plants, animals, humans Human life stage, who will I be? Where do babies come from? Getting bigger Me and my body, girls and boys  Transition into Year 1 Year 1 readiness	
Making relationships	class/boundaries set Class rules						
Ready Respectful	sensitivity to their own and to what others say Know I can take steps to resol Know that having responsibilit basic hygiene and personal ne	others' needs. Work and play cooperate ve conflict eg: finding a compromise with the conflict eg: finding a compromise with the conflict eds, including dressing, going to the total conflict eds.	atively and take turns with others know without adult support Know how to bu out small tasks Know that praise for w oilet and understanding the importance	w how to initiate play, offering cues to ild constructive and respectful relation what I have done is a positive thing Knoe of healthy food choices.	it for an adult's attention if they are talki my friends to join me Know how to start iships Know the boundaries set and of be low that an adult should be present wher important to remember my manners Know out Know how to put on my own socks a	conversations and take account of havioural expectations in the class on the internet Manage my own whow to make my own needs,	
Safe							



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General Themes	All about Me!	Fantastic Festivals!	Fabulous Fairy Tales and Starry Nights!	Come Outside	Amazing Animals!	Splish, Splash, Splosh!
Managing Self	Know some different feelings and can think of a way of dealing with 'not so good' feelings (self-regulation)  Know I can express my feelings and consider the feelings of others'	Know that all families are not the same  Know how people are different and are respectful of this  Know what it means to be respectful and treated with respect	Know and understand why adults should help to keep us safe Know what to do if worried and scared	Know what makes a good friend  Know how to think about the perspectives of others  Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers	Know what my body needs to keep healthy including oral hygiene.  Know some healthy foods and know the importance of making healthy food choices  Know how to look after myself	Know and understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons (science)  Know how to talk about some of the things I have observed such as plants, animals, natural and found
Self regulation	Show an understanding of my own feelings and those of others and begin to regulate myself accordingly  I can say different feelings that I have and how my body behaves when I have them.	Know that having responsibilities can be enjoyable  Know others may have differing needs and can accept the needs of others and I can take turns and share resources, sometimes with support	Know how to look after myself  I can tell you how medicines can help a person.  I can identify an adult who I can talk to, either at home or at school, if I need help.	Know how to say positive things about my friends  Know it is important to remember my manners  Know what it means to be respectful	Know ways to stay safe  Know what is safe to go outside my body  know the importance of regular exercise  Know when and why we have bedtime &  Know the importance of sleep	objects. (Science)  Know and understand the key features of the life cycle of an animal. (Science)  Know and start to develop an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time. (Science)
Making Relationship s	Know some classroom rules. I know who to go to if I am upset  Know the boundaries set and of behaviourial expectations in the class	Know that prasie for what I have done is a positive thing  Know how to make my needs, wants, intersts known in an acceptable way  Know my choices may impact others  Know I can take steps to resolve	I know that an adult should be present when on the internet I know how to stay safe online	and to be treated with respect  Know that my actions affect other people  Know how to build constructive and respectful relationships	Know how to show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge  Know my value as an individual  Know what I am good at and how to communicate this to others	Know how to look after the environment (science)  Know where babies come from (science)  Know and name body parts (science)
Ready Respectful	I can identify an adult who I can talk to, either at home or at school, if I need help.  Know that not all families are the same  Know how to hand wash and can articulate why this is	conflict eg: finding a compromise without adult support  Know what I am good at and how to communicate this to others  Know how to work and play co- operatively and take turns with others		Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers  Know why its important to keep money safe  Know ways to save money	Know how to hand wash Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge  Give focused attention to what the teacher says, respond appropriately even when engaged in an activity and show an ability to follow several instructions involving several ideas or actions	Know that some things are private on our own body (science)  Know the names of some body parts which are inside my body and some which are outside (science)  Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what I want
Safe	Know how people are different and are respectful of this  Know others may have differing needs and can accept the needs of others and I can take turns and share resources, sometimes with support  Show sensitivity to their own and others needs	Know how to initiate play, offering cues to my friends to join me  Explain the reason for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly  Know how to start conversations and take account of what others say		Know why we save money  To identify the uses of money	Know how to tolerate delay when my needs are not immediately met and understand they may not always be met  Know how to wait for an adults attention if they are talking to another child  Manage my own basic hygiene and personal needs including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices	and control my immediate impulses when appropriate  Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge;

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# Physical development Fine motor

Continuously check the process of children's handwriting (pencil grip and letter formation, including directionality). Provide extra help and guidance when needed.

Daily opportunities for Fine Motor Activities

# Gross

Weekly Next Level Sport Coach Session

Physical activity is **vital** in children's all-round development, enabling them to **pursue happy, healthy and active lives**. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with **sensory explorations** and the development of a **child's strength**, **co-ordination and positional awareness** through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their **core strength**, **stability**, **balance**, **spatial awareness**, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. **Fine motor control** and **precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination**, which is later linked to **early literacy**. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop **proficiency**, **control and confidence**.

I am working within 4-6 years of the pencil grip and control progression I can show a preference for a dominant hand. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. EG: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons. I can cut a shape out using scissors I have developed the foundations of handwriting with most letters formed correctly I can do up my own zip I can take off and put on my own shoes I can draw lines and circles in the air, on the floor or on large sheets of paper, balancing well and using whole arm and body.

I can use tools for mark making with control. I can use pincers, tweezers and threading equipment with increasing control and confidence. I can copy shapes, letter and pictures. I can sit on a chair with a straight back and my feet on the floor. I can control finer tools when playing with dough.

I can form recognisable letters, some of them correctly. I can use a tripod grasp. Form lower-case and some capital letters correctly

### **BeeActive**

### Introduction to PE Know how to:

Know how to adjust speed or change direction to avoid obstacles when playing games with other children Know how to run in different directions

Know how to jump up into the air and maintain balance Know how to follow adult-led instructions about moving safely and

the reasons why
Know how to move safely in a space
Negotiate space and obstacles safely,
with consideration for themselves and

Know that our heart beats faster during exercise

Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing

### BeeActive Dance Know how to:

Know how to move to music Know how to copy basic actions and movements

Know how to investigate different ways of moving Know how to have an awareness of

space
Know how to safely perform teacher

led warm ups

Know how to create movement in

response to music.

### BeeActive: Throwing and catching Know how to:

Know how to throw, catch, kick, pass and strike a ball
Know how to throw a ball with aim, demonstrating increasing control
Know how to show increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it

### BeeActive:: Gymnastics Know how to:

Know how to copy a simple sequence
Know how to travel with confidence and skill around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment
Know how to jump off an object and

Know how to jump off an object and land on two feet, appropriately using hands, arms and body to stabilise and balance
Know how to move fluently, in a variety of movements, with developing control and grace
Know how to make changes to body shape, position and pace of movement such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping
Know how to combine different movements to make a simple

Know how to combine different movements to make a simple sequence Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when

### BeeActive: Multiskills: Large ball skills

### Know how to:

Know how to throw, catch, kick, pass and strike a ball
Know how to throw a ball with aim, demonstrating increasing control
Know how to show increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it

Know how to improve an action such as throwing, catching or striking

Know how to listen and follow two simple instructions in a game Know how to take turns and share resources when playing games

### BeeActive:: Athletics Know how

Know how to adjust speed or change direction to avoid obstacles when playing games with other children Know how to run in different directions

Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.

**CONTINUOUS PROVISION;** Cooperation games i.e. parachute games, Climbing – outdoor equipment., Help individual children to develop good personal hygiene, . Provide regular reminders about thorough handwashing and toileting. Crates play-climbing, Provide a range of wheeled resources for children to balance, sit or ride on, or pull and push. Two-wheeled balance bikes and, skateboards, wheelbarrows, prams and carts are all good options **From Development Matters 20':**Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: - rolling - crawling - walking - jumping - running - hopping - skipping — climbing
Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace.

Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons.

Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor.

Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility.

Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming. Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	All About me!	Fantastic Festivals!	Fabulous Fairy Tales and Starry Nights!	Come Outside!	Amazing animals!	Splish, Splash, Splosh!
Reading  We follow the Read Write Inc Phonics.  Assessments are carried out half termly and children are matched to the appropriate book.	I can hear, say and begin to write these graphemes in words: m,a,s,d,t,l,n,p,g,o,c,k,u,b,f,e,l,h,r,j and can read these sounds in words.  I begin to blend and segment in order to read vc and cvc words e.g. as, at, in, is, it  I know how to handle books correctly, find the title, turn the pages properly and know that print goes from left to right  I start to match spoken words to printed words (one to one correspondence)  I know how to confirm this matching by pointing to some key words and known letters.	I can hear, say and begin to write these graphemes in words: m,a,s,d,t,l,n,p,g,o,c,k,u,b,f,e,l,h r, j, v, y, w, z, q, and x and can read these sounds in word  I know all Set 1 graphemes and can read these sounds in words e.g. am, dad, an, man, mum, had, sat, has  I know how to match spoken to printed word (one to one correspondence) across 2-3 lines of print  I know how to blend some letters together, with meaning, to read the text, including CVC words  I know how to handle books correctly, find the title, turn the pages properly and know that print goes from left to right  I begin to match spoken words to printed words (one to one correspondence) and confirm this by pointing to some key words  I can segment and blend words orally	Set 1 Special Friends  I know these Set 1 Special Friends graphemes in words ff, II, ss, ck, sh, ch, th, ng, nk, qu and can read these sounds in words: e.g. him, get, up  I know these Red words – I, the  I know how to read each word as I point to it (one-to-one correspondence) across 2-3 lines of print.  I continue to know how to read simple words more confidently by blending sounds together.  I have some awareness of mismatches between reading attempts and texts  I know these graphemes in words j v w x y z zz qu ch sh th ng nk  I know these red words – she push he of we me be to into  I know how to read simple words by blending phonemes from left to right and check for meaning – does it make sense and sound right  I know how to consolidate secure control of one-to-one matching on a wide range of texts  I begin to notice own errors  I know how to start to read in a more phrased manner while maintaining track of the print	Set 1 Special Friends Review Set 2 I know these Set 2 graphemes in words ay (play) ee (see) igh (night) ow (snow) oo (zoo) oo (look) ar (car) or (fork) air (fair) ir (twirl) oi (spoil) ou (shout) oy (boy) and am blending in my head more words I know these red words automatically - I know how to make sure my reading makes sense I know how to re-read a sentence to make it sound like talking	Set 2 I know these Set 2 graphemes in words: ay (play) ee (see) igh (night) ow (snow) oo (zoo) oo (look) ar (car) or (fork) air (fair) ir (twirl) oi (spoil) ou (shout) oy (boy) and am blending in my head more words	Set 2  I know these Set 2 graphemes in words: ay (play) ee (see) igh (night) ow (snow) oo (zoo) oo (look) ar (car) or (fork) air (fair) ir (twirl) oi (spoil) ou (shout) oy (boy) and am blending in my head more words  Set 3  I am beginning to know these graphemes in words ea - tea oi - spoil a-e - cake i-e - smile o-e - phone u-e - huge I know these red words automatically -



A	В	С	D	E	F
		Vehicle Texts			
The Something	Star in a Jar	Juniper Jupiter	Little Red	The Extraordinary Gardener	The Storm Whale
		Writing Outcome & Writing	Purpose		
Narrative: A Friendship & Animal Theme Purpose: To tell and write	Narrative: A Star Theme	Narrative: A Superhero Theme	Narrative: A Traditional Tale Theme	Narrative: A Plant Growing Theme Purpose: To tell and	Narrative: A Seaside Theme
sentences around the theme	Purpose: To tell and write sentences around the theme	Purpose: To tell and write sentences around the theme	Purpose: To tell and write sentences around the theme	write sentences around the theme	Purpose: To tell and write sentences around the theme
Recount: Animal Information Purpose: To inform	Information: Poster to find a lost star Purpose: To inform (and describe)	Information: A letter wanting to be a sidekick Purpose: To inform	Instructions: How to trap an animal Purpose: To instruct	Instructions: How to grow a garden plant / vegetable Purpose: To instruct	Poems: Sea creature poems Purpose: To describe
Ex	plicitly teach of the following concepts of print: Print has meaning; Print c	an have different purposes; Print in English is directed fr	rom left to right and top to bottom. Explicitly	y teach that each spoken word when written is separated by a sp	ace.
		Grammar: Word			
	spondences (GPC) across the reception year. It is important to encourage to EYFS provision. Phonemically plausible attempts until new will be at different stages of development from mark making for meaning.	graphemes have been taught. There is an emphasis in t	this progression document on the role of ma and letter formation knowledge will also be	ark making and writing as forms of communication.	
Focus on: •Recognised spoken word can be represented in print (some children will be emergent mark makers whilst others may have some GPCs) •Begin to represent a word with an initial sound or make phonemically plausible attempts at spelling *Teach high frequency words: Common Exception Words; is, I, the, to, into, no, go, so	Build on previous units & focus on: •Represent words in print segmenting using known GPCs to make phonemically plausible attempts at spelling *Secure previous unit high frequency words and teach Common Exception Words; is, I, the, to, into, no, go, so, he, me, we, be, she, was	Build on previous unit & focus on: •Represent words in print segmenting using growing number GPCs to make phonemically plausible attempts at spelling *Secure previous unit high frequency words and teach Common Exception Words; is, I, the, to, into, no, go, so, he, me, we, be, she, was, my, by, her, you, they, all, are	Build on previous units & focus on:  • Represent words in print segmenting using growing number GPCs to make phonemically plausible attempts at spelling *Secure previous unit high frequency words and teach Common Exception Words; is, I, the, to, into, no, go, so, he, me, we, be, she, was, my, by, her, you, they, all, are	Build on previous units & focus on: •Represent words in print segmenting using growing number GPCs to make phonemically plausible attempts at spelling *Secure previous unit high frequency words and teach Common Exception Words; is, I, the, to, into, no, go, so, he, me, we, be, she, was, my, by, her, you, they, all, are, said, have, like, some	Build on previous units & focus on: •Represent words in print segmenting using growing number GPCs to make phonemically plausible attempts at spelling *Secure previous unit high frequenc words and teach Common Exception Words; is, I, the, to, into, no, so, he, me, we, be, she, was, my, by, her, you, they, all, are, said, he like, some,come
		Grammar: Sentence			
Focus on: •Orally rehearse sentences and Word Count the number of words spoken prior to writing •Focus on a simple sentence - Subject, verb object. e.g. Dan had a dog. •Combining words to make labels, captions, lists, phrases and short sentences (depending on developmental stage) •Teacher model use of the Sentence Accuracy Check	Build on previous units & focus on: •Orally rehearse sentences and Word Count the number of words spoken prior to writing •Focus on a simple sentence - Subject, verb object. e.g. I got a gem. •Combining words to make labels, captions, lists, phrases and short sentences (depending on developmental stage) •Teacher model and support correct use of the Sentence Accuracy Check	Build on previous units & focus on: •Orally rehearse sentences and Word Count the number of words spoken prior to writing •Orally connect one idea or action using a range of connectives •Re-read what they have written to check for meaning Write: Combining words to make labels, captions, lists, phrases and short sentences. •Joining words using and, joining words and clauses using 'and' •Teacher model, support and encourage independence in the correct use of the Sentence Accuracy Check	Build on previous units & focus on:  Orally rehearse and recall sentence prior to writing • Orally connect one idea or action using a range of connectives • Write short sentences with words with known sound letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop • Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense Write: Combining words to make labels, captions, lists, phrases and short sentences. • Joining words using and, joining words and clauses using 'and' • Teacher model, support and encourage independence in the correct use of the Sentence Accuracy Check	Build on previous units & focus on: •Orally rehearse and write: short sentences with known letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop that can be read by themselves and others. •Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense Write: Combining words to make labels, captions, lists, phrases and short sentences. •Joining words using and, joining words and clauses using connectives (e.g. but, because, and). •Teacher model, support and encourage independence in the correct use of the Sentence Accuracy Check	Build on previous units & focus on: •Orally rehearse and write: sht sentences with known letter correspondences using a capital lette full stop that can be read by themselves and others. •Re-read wha they have written to check that it makes sense Write: Combining v to make labels, captions, lists, phrases and short sentences. •Joini words using and, joining words and clauses using connectives (e.g. because, and). •Teacher model, support and encourage independing the correct use of the Sentence Accuracy Check
Focus on: •Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and	Build on previous units & focus on: •Listen to and talk about stories	Build on previous units & focus on: •Listen to and	Build on previous units & focus on:	Build on previous units & focus on: •Learn new vocabulary	Build on previous units & focus on: •Learn new vocabulary from te
understanding •Learn new vocabulary from texts •Support recognition of the four parts of a simple narrative - opening, build up, problem and ending •Begin to retell familiar stories and texts in their words and / or repetition.	to build familiarity and understanding •Learn new vocabulary from texts •Recognise four parts of a simple narrative - opening, build up, problem and ending •Retell the story - some as exact repetition and some in own words. including; Once upon a time, So, First, Next, Finally. •Sequence sentences to form short narratives.	talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding •Learn new vocabulary from texts •Recognise four parts of a simple narrative - opening, build up, problem and ending •Retell the story - some as exact repetition and some in own words including; Once upon a time, So, and Suddenly. •Sequence sentences to form short narratives.	Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding Learn new vocabulary from texts Recognise four parts of a simple narrative - opening, build up, problem and ending Retell the story - some as exact repetition and some in own words including; Once upon a time, So, Soon, and Suddenly. Sequence sentences to form short narratives.	from texts •Recognise four parts of a simple narrative opening, build up, problem and ending •Tell stories making use of recently introduced vocabulary from known stories, non-fiction and poems. •Retell the story - some as exact repetition and some in own words including; Once upon a time, Then one night, The very next morning and Then. •Sequence sentences to form short written narratives.	Recognise four parts of a simple narrative - opening, build up, problem and ending •Tell stories making use of recently introduce vocabulary from known stories, non-fiction and poems. •Retell the story - some as exact repetition and some in own words including; Once upon a time, Then, Suddenly and Late that night. •Sequence sentences to form short written narratives.
Focus on: Letter formation Separation of words and spaces	Ruild on previous units & facus on: Letter formation Congretion of	Grammar: Punctuation		Ruild on provious units & focus on: Latter formation	Ruild on previous units & focus on: Letter formation Consection of
Focus on: Letter formation Separation of words and spaces	Build on previous units & focus on: Letter formation Separation of words with spaces Personal pronoun - I, he	Build on previous units & focus on: Letter formation Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Personal pronoun - I, she, he Full Stops	Build on previous units & focus on: Letter formation Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Personal propoun - I he she Full Stops	Build on previous units & focus on: Letter formation Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Personal pronoun - I, he Full Stops Capital Letters for names	Build on previous units & focus on: Letter formation Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Personal pronoun - I, he, she Full Stops Capital Letters for names

with spaces Capital letters Personal pronoun - I, he, she Full Stops

PoWer Power	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Themes	All about me!	Fantastic Festivals!	Fabulous Fairy Tales and Starry Nights!	Come Outside!	Amazing Animals!	Splish, splash, splosh!
N / - + l			en develop the necessary <b>building blo</b>	•		, ,

### Maths

"Without mathematics, there's nothing you can do. **Everything** around you is mathematics. Everything around you is numbers." – Shakuntala Devi

Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not to be afraid to make mistakes.

	attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, nave a go, talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not to be arraid to make mistakes.							
	Number –	Unit 3 Comparing	Unit 6 Number bonds	Unit 9 Addition to 10	Unit 12 Exploring	Unit 15 Numerical		
,	number and	groups	within 5	5 Combining two	patterns	patterns		
	place value	within 5	1 Introducing the	groups to find	1 Making simple	6 Doubling Explore and		
	Unit 1	5 Comparing	part-whole	the whole	patterns	represent		
	Numbers to	quantities of identical	model		Children recognise, create	patterns within		
	5	objects			and describe	numbers up		
	1 Counting to 1,	1 0			patterns.	to 10, including evens		
	2 and 3	-		6 Using a ten	2 Exploring more	and		
	2 Counting to 4	non- identical objects	7 and 8		complex	Children solve		
· C	3 Counting to 5			Have a deep	patterns	problems, including		
3		O .	and 10		Unit 13 Counting on	doubling, halving and		
_	Number –addition and	within 5			and back	sharing.		
	subtraction		Unit 8 Comparing		3 Add by counting	7 Halving and		
					on	Sharing		
_	Unit 2 Sorting	Unit 5			4 Taking away by			
	4 Sorting into 2			•	counting back	Unit 16 Measure		
	groups			10 2D shapes		9 Length, height		
			to 10		Unit 14 Numbers to 20	and distance		
					5 Counting to 20	Children use everyday		
						10 Weight		
						11 Volume and		
						capacity		
			I					



General Themes	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2				
	All about me!	Fantastic Festivals!	Fabulous Fairy Tales and Starry Nights!	Come Outside!	Amazing Animals!	Splish, Splash, Splosh!				
Understanding the world	Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culture technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support la comprehension.									
Science links	SCIENCE LINKS									
(Know and understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them including the seasons: covered every term)	Explore the natural world around them, making observations  Draw pictures of of themselves and animals  Know how to show care and concern for living things and the environment  Know how to describe what I see, hear and feel whilst outside.  Know and name body parts  Know and understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons:  Autumn	Know and understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including changing states of matter:  Baking bread: Linked to Harvest and The Little Red Hen story  Melting ice linked to Winter  Know and understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons: Winter	Know how to recognise some environments that are different to the one in which I live.  Know how to explore different materials and talk about what they are made from  Know and understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons:  Spring  Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction	Know how to talk about some of the things I have observed such as plants, animals, natural and found objects.  Know how to ask questions about aspects of my familiar world such as the place where I live or the natural world  Know how to talk about why things happen and how things work  Know how to explore the natural world around me (Ongoing)  Know what a plant needs to grow (Grow our own plants linked to Jack and the Beanstalk)  Draw pictures of plants  Know and start to develop an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time.  Know how to show care and concern for living things and the environment  Know and understand the key features of the life cycle of an animal: ducks	Know how to show care and concern for living things and the environment  Know and describe similarities and differences in relation to living things know and describe the habitat of familiar animals  Know and understand the key features of the life cycle of a butterfly  Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants  Know how to explore different materials and talk about what they are made from Bridges linked to Billy Goats Gruff)	Know how to talk about ways in which I can look after my environment  Know and name body parts  Know where babies come from  know how human actions impact on the environment.  Know some similarities and  differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class  Know and understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons: +Summer				

General Themes	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2			
	All about Me!	Fantastic Festivals!	Fabulous Fairy Tales and Starry Nights!	Come Outside!	Amazing Animals!	Splish, Splash, Splosh!			
Understanding the world	Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.								
ONGOING: Know that seasons change and the	HISTORY & GEOGRAPHY LINKS								
differences between them e.g. cold in winter, warmer in summer (every season)	know about and discuss past events in their own life and/or in the lives of family members know how they have changed since they were born	know some facts about events or people from the past that they recall from stories they have read/heard  Know how to compare and	Know about and discuss past events in their own life and/or in the lives of family members  Know and talk about significant	Know that answers to simple questions can be found from photos and pictures and objects  Understand the past through settings, characters and events	Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.  Know and discuss their local	know how they have changed since they were born  Know about some of the experiences they have had at different points in the school			
Know why things occur in their immediate environment	know the names of people who are familiar to them and can describe their role  Know about similarities and	comment on images of familiar situations in the past, particularly in the books they have read  Know about characters from	events, from their own experience with increased vocab  Know when an image represents a familiar situation in the past.	encountered in books read in class and storytelling.  Know and discuss their local environment (farm links)	Environment  Know why things occur in their immediate environment	Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been			
Know how to use everyday language to talk about position and distance	differences between themselves and others.  Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society.	stories, including figures from the past  Know about the features of their own immediate environment at a simple level	Know there are lots of countries in the world that are all different (link to Night Monkey, Day monkey, hot countries)  Explain some similarities and	Know that a simple map can give me information  Know how to use everyday language to talk about position and distance	Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. (Oi Frog, rainforest, hot and wet	read in class  Know there are lots of countries in the world that are all different  Know that information can be			
Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation,	Know about places in and around school (home/school)  Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from	Know that we live in Arnold a part of Nottingham  Know how familiar environments might vary from one another	differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and when appropriate, maps  Know some similarities and differences		environment)	drawn from a simple map  Know that a simple map can give me information			
discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps	observation, discussion, stories, non- fiction texts and maps.  Know that information can be drawn from a simple map	Know that we live in England London Landmarks	between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class			know that Google Earth can be used to explore and have looked for familiar landmarks learnt about through the year			
83	Know that a simple map can give me information	Know and discuss their local environment	know that Google Earth/digimaps can be used to explore and have looked for familiar landmarks						
	-	know that Google Earth can be used to explore and have looked for familiar landmarks (London comparison)	Know other countries might be different from each other.  Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and — when appropriate — maps						

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	All about me!	Fantastic Festivals!	Fabulous Fairy Tales Starry Nights!	Come Outside!	Amazing animals!	Splish, Splash, Splosh!
F A	The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts. enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of					

### **Expressive Arts**

### and Design

Painting, 3D modelling, messy play, collage, cutting, drama, role play, threading, moving to music, clay sculptures,

Lots of links to Fine Motor Skills. Children to explain their work to others. Children will have opportunities to learn and perform songs, nursery rhymes and poetry linked to their work / interests and passions.

Ongoing: Know how to explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express my ideas and feelings Know how to construct, stacking blocks vertically and horizontally, making enclosures and creating spaces

Know how to join construction pieces together to build and

Know how to choose the right resources to carry out a task/plan
Know the different techniques for joining materials, such as using tape, glue
Know how to make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives

and stories.

### <u>Painting</u>

Drawing (including colour,

patter, texture, line, form, space

and shape

Know how to draw a picture of a

person with definite, clear features

and body parts (self-portrait)

know how to hold a pencil using

enclose a space and then begin to

Know that I can use lines to

use these shapes to represent

Know how to explore, use and

express my ideas and feelings

and express ideas and feelings

refine a variety of artistic effects to

Know how to draw to communicate

Know and securely demonstrate a

range of gross motor movements

which underpin the mechanics of

Safely use and explore a variety of

experimenting with colour, design,

materials, tools and techniques.

texture, form and function.

Modelling using the loose parts

drawing

esources

objects (pet sketching)

the tripod grip

Know how to produce a piece of artwork using an artists style as a stimulus – **Georges Seurat** Firework paintings

Know how to select colour for a purpose (firework paintings)

Begin to know how mixing colours can change a colour (fireworks/night sky colours)

Know how to use a variety of tools when painting eg: brush, sponges, fingers, hands, sticks, rollers

### The work of artists/designers

Know how to produce a piece of artwork using an artists style as a stimulus (Van Gogh)

To know about a famous artists and my likes and dislikes

Know how to explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express my ideas and feelings

### <u>DT</u>

Begin to know how a product moves (rolling, sliding etc)

Know how to choose the right resources to carry out a task/plan

### <u>Printing</u>

media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

Give children an insight into new musical worlds. Invite musicians in to play music to children and talk about it. Encourage children to listen attentively to music. Discuss changes and patterns as a piece of music develops.

Know how to experiment with print using paint and objects (natural objects)

Know different effects can be made from the way which you use the medium, (e.g. wax crayon for rubbing)

Know how to safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function

### Sculpture/3D form

Know how to produce a piece of artwork using an artists style as a stimulus (Anna-Collette Hunt)

Know how to effectively and safely use simple tools to change materials

Know how to manipulate materials to create a desired outcome (clay minibeasts)

Use simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately

### D٦

Know that some food is healthy and some is not

Know how to follow simple hygiene rules

Know the different techniques for joining materials, such as using tape, glue (making a minibeast with moving parts)

### Collage

Know how to can combine media to make a collage (sea Scene)

Know how to select, cut, assemble, tear, stick and collage different materials

### DT

Beginning to know how to build on my previous learning, refining ideas and developing my ability to represent them

Know how to explore, use and refine a variety of different artistic effects to express my ideas and feelings

Share their creations, explaining the process they have used;

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	All about me!	Fantastic Festivals!	Fabulous fairy Tales and Starry Nights!	Come Outside!	Amazing animals!	Splish, Splash, Splosh!
Music Singing happens daily and we	play with a wide range of <b>m</b> communicate through t	rtistic and cultural awareness support edia and materials. The quality and v he arts. The frequency, repetition and children an insight into new musical v	ariety of what children see, hear and d depth of their experiences are fund	I participate in is crucial for developir amental to their progress in interpret	ng their understanding, <b>self-expressio</b> ing and appreciating what they hear,	on, vocabulary and ability to respond to and observe.
use songs for everything!  We regularly sing nursery rhymes and learn new songs links to our themes of learning Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs	1,2,3,4,5 – Bees come buzzing from their hive!  Know an increasing repertoire of familiar songs  know how to sing in a group or on my own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody  Know a variety of rhymes, poems and songs  Knows how to express how a piece of music makes them feel  Know how to move in time in response to music  Know how to respond to what they have heard in different ways	Know how to engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups  Know an increasing repertoire of familiar songs  know how to sing in a group or on my own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody  Know how to engage in music making  Know how to play along to the steady beat of a song they are singing or music they are listening to	Know how to engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups  Know how to play along to the steady beat of a song they are singing or music they are listening to  Knows how to copy sounds  Know how to make music in a range of ways and explore and learn how sounds can be changed  Know how to tap out and repeat simple repeated rhythms (add session in here focusing on rhythm)	Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others and when appropriate, try to move in time with music.  Know how to move in time in response to music  Know how to respond to what they have heard in different ways	Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others  Sing a well known range of nursery rhymes and songs  Know how to play along to the steady beat of a song they are singing or music they are listening to  Know an increasing repertoire of familiar songs	Know how to engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups  Know how to engage in music making

### Early Learning Goals - Holistic / best fit Judgement!

### Communication and Language

### ELG: Listening, Attention and Understanding

Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions class discussions and small group interactions

Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding

back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers

might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.

about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past. present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

### Personal, social, emotional development

ELG: Self-Regulation

Show an understanding of their own

accordingly.

being able to wait for what they

want and control their immediate

impulses when appropriate.

Give focused attention to what the

teacher says, responding

appropriately even when engaged in

activity, and show an ability to

follow instructions involving several

ideas or actions.

**ELG: Managing Self** 

# **Physical**

### Literacy

### 0000

### Maths **Understanding the World**

### ELG: Past and Present

Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society.

Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

### **ELG: People, Culture and Communities**

Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.

Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps.

### **ELG: The Natural World**

Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and

Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

when being read to and during whole

Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.

Offer explanations for why things

Express their ideas and feelings

### velopment

ELG: Gross Motor Skills

Negotiate space and

obstacles safely, with

consideration for

themselves and others.

Demonstrate strength,

balance and coordination

when playing.

Move energetically, such

as running, jumping,

dancing, hopping, skipping

and climbing.

FLG: Fine Motor Skills

Hold a pencil effectively in

preparation for fluent

writing - using the tripod

grip in almost all cases.

Use a range of small tools,

including scissors, paint

brushes and cutlery.

Begin to show accuracy

and care when drawing.

### **ELG: Comprehension**

Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.

Anticipate - where appropriate - key events in stories.

Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-

### **ELG: Word Reading**

Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.

Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.

Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words

### ELG: Writing

Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.

Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.

Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

### **ELG: Number**

Have a deep understanding of

without counting) up to 5; -Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

counting system; - Compare quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity.

### **ELG: Creating with Materials**

**Expressive arts** 

and design

Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.

> Share their creations. explaining the process they have used; -

Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive

Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher.

Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs; Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and when appropriate - try to move in time with music.

feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour Set and work towards simple goals.

Hold conversation when engaged in

### **ELG: Speaking**

Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.

> Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.

> Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

> > ELG: Building Relationships

Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.

Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers;.

Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

number to 10, including the composition of each number;

Subitise (recognise quantities

### **ELG: Numerical Patterns**

Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one

Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10. including evens and odds. double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.