# WELCOME Reception Reading Evening



Access to books and the encouragement of the habit of reading: these two things are the first and most necessary steps in education and librarians, teachers and parents all over the country know it. It is our children's right and it is also our best hope and their best hope for the future.

- Michael Morpurgo



# The Power of Reading!



 Research clearly states that if we create a love of reading in children it improves their academic potential throughout their school life and beyond.

# Puppets and puppet theatre

### Language rich environments

- Talk has been proven to increase a child's vocabulary and enables them to understand the books that they read.
- Children need to engage in books at home and at school to become confident readers.



Story Stones

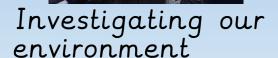
Reading



Large books with photos of prior learning



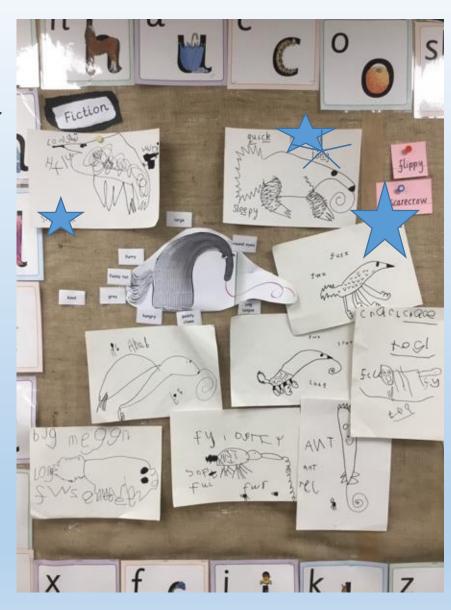
Sharing stories





## Understanding

- Being able to read does not mean you understand what you read.
- Children need to understand what they have read.
- They need to talk about lots of different stories and texts to develop their comprehension skills.

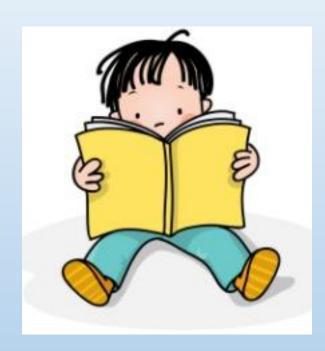


## Reading requires two skills

### Phonics and Word Recognition

The ability to recognise words presented in and out of context.

The ability to blend sounds (phonemes) together to read words.



## Understanding

The ability to understand the meaning of the words and sentences in the text.

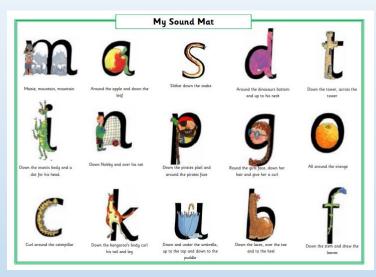
The ability to understand the ideas, information and themes in a text.

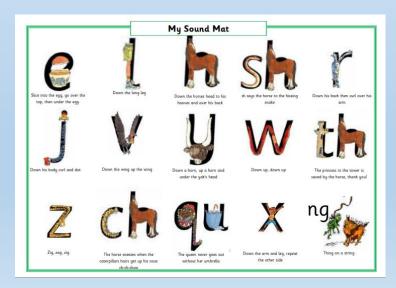
# How do we teach the children to read in school?



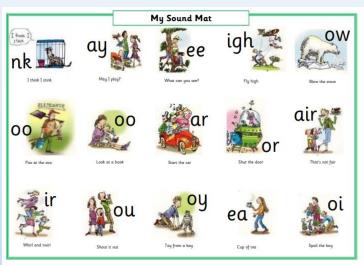
- Read write Inc. is a complete literacy programme that is systematic and structured.
- It meets the demands of the new curriculum, giving your children the best chance of success.
- One-to-one tutoring no child is left behind.
- Story books align with the sounds learnt in class.

### Set 1





### Set 2



### Set 3



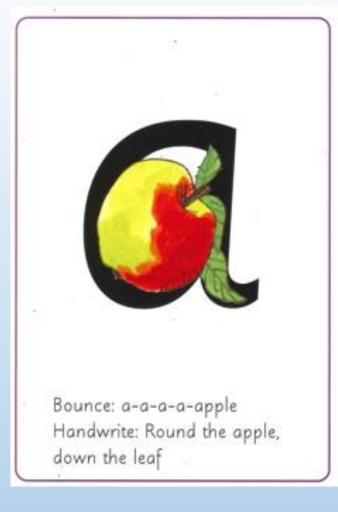
mad at sad dad mat sat

On a Friday your child will bring home a set of green words to practise reading to you.

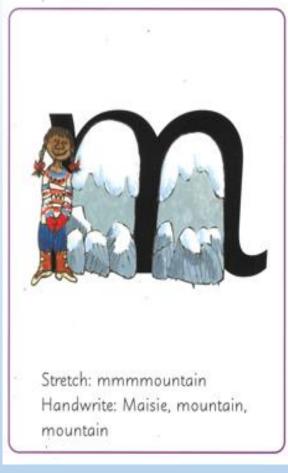
Give them time to segment and blend the sounds themselves to work out the word.

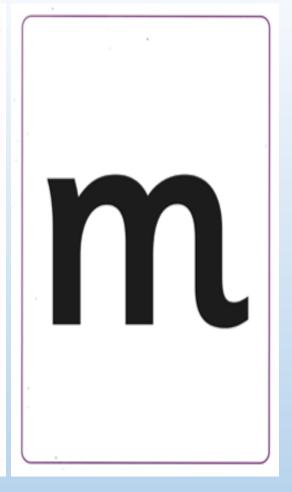
Practise the words throughout the week until your child can read them with speed and fluently.

Cut out the words and put them up somewhere that your child can see and practise each day.









On a Friday your child will bring home sound cards for the words they have learned in class that week. Cut them out and practise pronouncing the sounds correctly. Encourage your child to say the rhyme and write the letters correctly. Once they have learned a few sounds they can begin to use the cards to make words.

Use the link below to find out more information on how you can support your child at home.

Parent guide to Read Write Inc. Phonics - Oxford Owl

Use the link below to see how the sounds should be pronounced.

Parent video: How to say the sounds - YouTube

Red words are words that the children can't sound out. Once we start learning the red words, your child will bring them home to practise reading and writing. They need to practise remembering these words as they cannot sound them out!

I

•

you

said

#### Ditty 1: pop

Speed Sounds - read the sounds (not the letter name)

agtpnsdoi

Green Words - read these words by blending the sounds together

not got sip pop dad did dog

Red Words - read these words but tell your child the word if they get stuck

I the

I got pop

dad got a sip

the dog did not



Remember not to read the Ditty to your child first. As your child reads the Ditty, be patient and give your child plenty of praise.

a	9	t	Р	n	S	d	0	i		
een!	Words	. read	these	words	hu ble	ndina	the one	nds toget	har	
						_	lad	did	doq	
no		got	SU	<b>-</b>	pop					

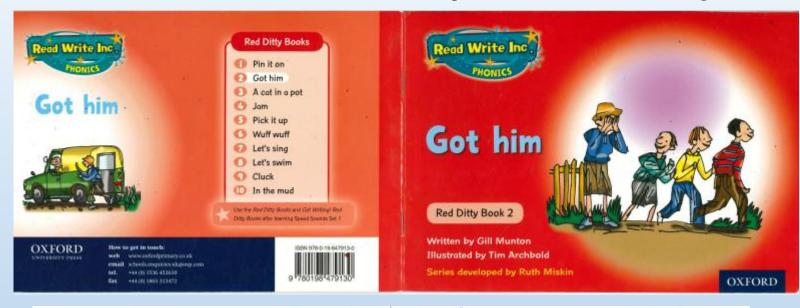
Once your child has learned the set I sounds they will begin to bring home a Ditty.

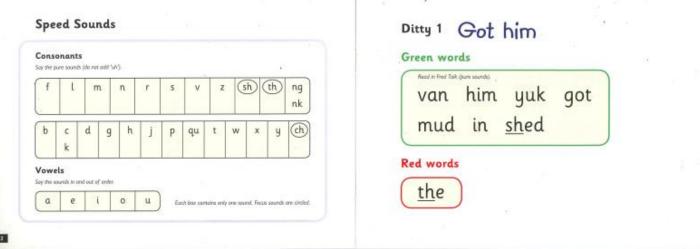
They will bring home the speed sounds, green words and red words for the Ditty to practise at home the night before reading the Ditty in class.

They will bring home a Ditty to read at home.

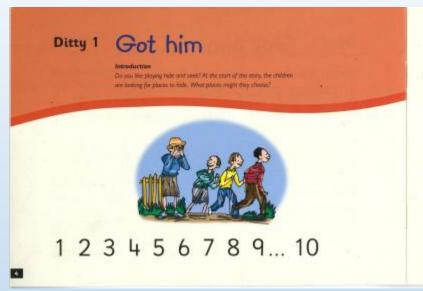
They will know all the sounds so encourage them to take their time and work out the words independently.

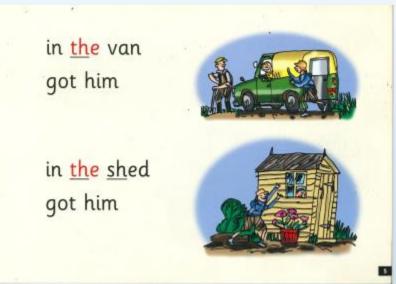
# Once the children become more confident at reading the paper Ditties they will bring home Red Ditty books

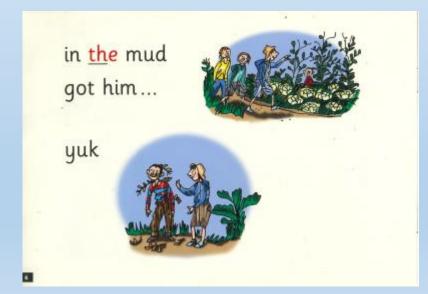




On a Friday the children will take home the speed sounds and green words for the Ditties they will be learning in class the following week. Please practise these over the weekend.







- The children will read a Ditty each day in school.
- The red words are words that the children can't sound out (tricky words).
- Re-reading the Ditty is important to improve fluency.

### Questions to talk about

#### Ditty I

Where is the first boy hiding?

Which hiding place do you think is the best?

Where do you hide when you play hide and seek?

#### Ditty 2

What does the cook do first?

Do you think the cook likes the salad?

What is your favourite vegetable?

#### Ditty 3

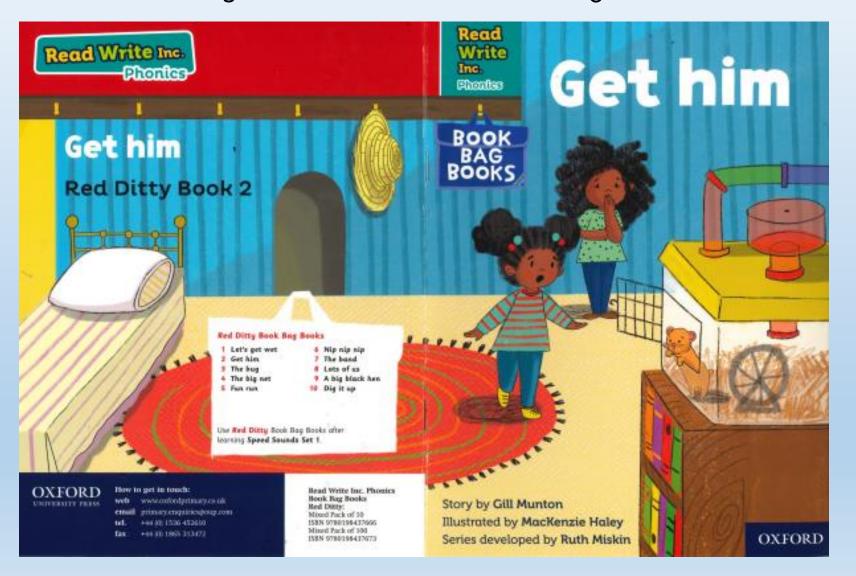
What is the second thing that Mum asks the boy to put in the bin?

Why can't they put the lid on the bin?

What sort of things do you put in the bin?

Each Ditty
 comes with
 questions to
 develop
 understanding
 (comprehension).

On a Monday, the children will bring home a book that closely matches the book being read in class.



# The guide at the front of the book explains how you can support your child.



### How to help your child read this book

This bask gover your child extra practice in reading a story that includes sounds he or she has learns at school.

Ask your child to read the Story Green Words and Red Words below, before reading the story. Do not read the story to your child first. Point to the words as he or she reads. If your child hesitones, help him or her to round-blend the word.

Re-road each sentence or page to keep the plot moving. Children's attention is foound on reading the words, and they find it hard to focus on the story at the same time.

Don't make them struggle too much and praise them when they succeed. Do it all with patience and love!

#### Story Green Words

Story Green Words are made up of sounds your child has already learnt. This book contains the following Story Green Words:

bed get hat sand <u>sh</u>ed wi<u>th</u> cat got

#### Red Words

Red Words are harder to read because the letters represent unusual sounds. Ask your child to read the red words, but if he or she gets stuck on a word, read the word to your child. This book contains the following Red Words:

the

#### Important note

Read stories to your children that are beyond the level they can read for themselves every evening. They'll only want to become readers if they experience the jay of listening to a range of stories, non-fiction and poetry. Very soon, they will be able to read those books for themselves, as well as listen to them.



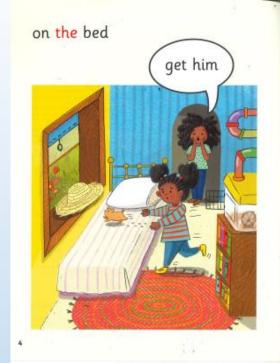
RMARY SCHOOL



### Get him



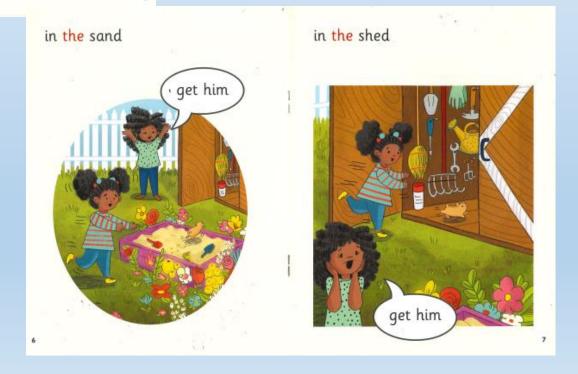
Story written by Gill Munton Illustrated by MacKenzie Haley

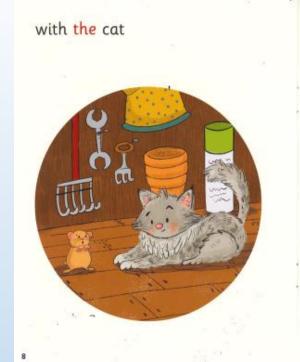




- Only the sounds your child has learned will be in the book.
- Give them time to read the words independently.

 Talk about the pictures and what the characters are doing together.







· The children keep the

 book for the week.
 Encourage them to re-read the story each day to improve fluency and speed.

· Books will be collected back in on a Friday.

### The back of the book includes:

- Questions to improved
- comprehension.
   Pictures, so your child can retell the story in their own words.



# Reading Records

- · Please write how your child has read in the reading records and sign it.
- Reading records need to be in school each day.

#### Read Write Inc. Phonics Overview Chart



## How can you help?

- · Enjoy stories together, by having lots of books available at home.
- Visit the library to choose books together.
- · Share books everyday.
- · Read at different times in the day, not just bedtime.
- · Read aloud to your child.
- Talk about books
- · Give your child your full attention when they are
- reading. Turn off your mobile phone.

   Encourage children to read signs in their environment, for example: signs and labels in the supermarket, road signs etc.
- Embrace reading the same book over and over again. Encourage your child to retell it to you in their own words.

# What to do if your child is stuck

- Encourage your child to use phonics first. What sound does the word begin with? Can you say the sounds in the words? Blend them together.
- Read to the end of the sentence. What would make sense?
- What is the text about what might fit here?
- · Does it sound right?
- · Look at the picture. Does it help?

# Talking about books

- Do you like this book; why?
- Who is your favourite character?
  Tell me about the character in the book.
- How would you feel?What do you think will happen next?
- What would you do?Can you tell me about...?

### Reading Eggs



Your child will bring home a login and password to use reading eggs in the next few weeks.



I opened a book and in I strode. Now nobody can find me.

- Julia Donaldson



# Any Questions?