

# DEVELOPING AN EMPIRE

Term

Spring

Year

Four



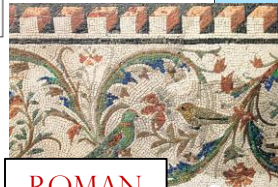
## HOW DID THE ROMANS CHANGE BRITAIN?

### Background

The first Romans lived in Italy nearly 3000 years ago. They founded the city of Rome in 753 BC and, over the centuries, conquered many lands to create a huge empire. They successfully invaded England in 43 AD.

Camulodunum (Colchester)  
Londinium (London)  
Eboracum (York)  
Deva Victrix (Chester)  
Lindum Colonia (Lincoln)  
Isca Augusta (Caerleon)

### HADRIAN'S WALL



### ROMAN MOSAIC

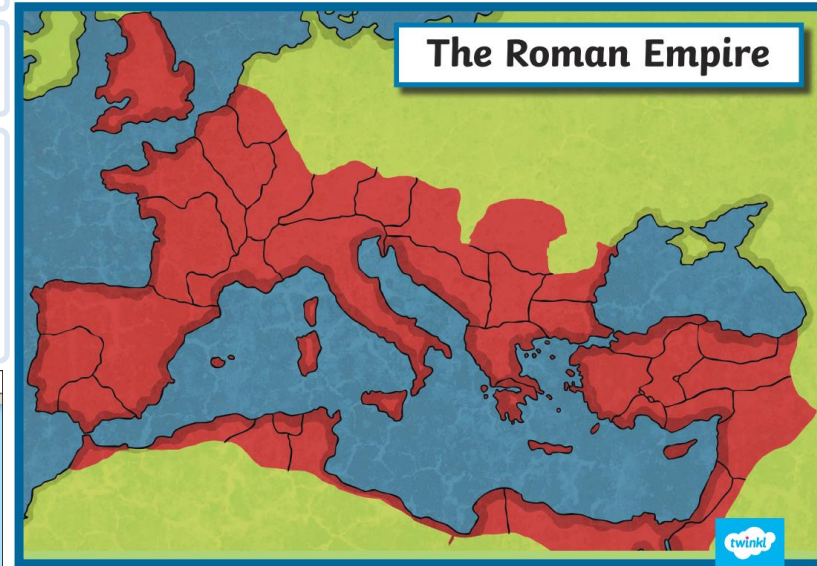
### BOUDICCA



### CELTIC WARRIOR



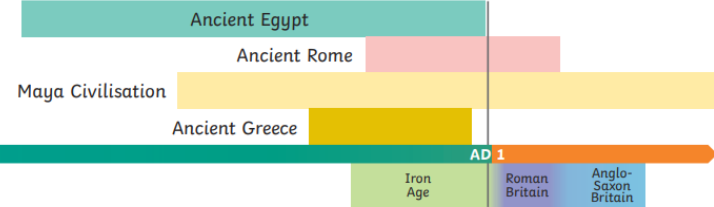
Vocabulary



### Timeline

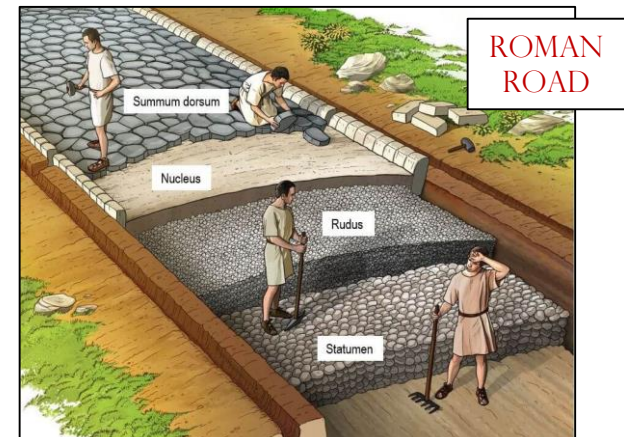
3500 BC

AD 1500



<b>Celts</b>	People living in Britain in <b>tribes</b> , including the Iceni, Brigantes and Catuvellauni.
<b>citizen</b>	A person with all the rights and protections of a nation or land. In the <b>Roman Empire</b> , only <b>citizens</b> were able to vote.
<b>conquest</b>	Taking control of a place by force, often with an army.
<b>emperor</b>	The ruler of an <b>empire</b> .
<b>empire</b>	A group of countries controlled by one ruler ( <b>emperor</b> or <b>empress</b> ) or government.

<b>legion</b>	A large section of the Roman army, made up of around 5000 soldiers.
<b>rebellion</b>	An uprising or revolt by people who want to challenge what they believe is unfair treatment by rulers.
<b>Roman Empire</b>	The name used for the land that was controlled by the Romans, including large parts of Europe plus parts of North Africa and West Asia.
<b>tribe</b>	A group of people who share the same culture and values.



### ROMAN ROAD