Key vocabulary			
rock	A naturally occurring material made		
	of minerals. They can be different		
	sizes:		
	• stones		
	 pebbles 		
	 boulders 		
fossil	The bones or other remains of		
	living things are sometimes		
	preserved in rocks as fossils.		
soil	Ground up rock mixed with plant		
	and animal remains.		

Soils

The property of soils is affected by the:

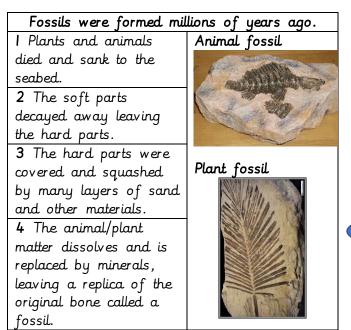
- · type of rock
- size of rock pieces
- amount of organic matter in it.

Peat	 water-logged contains partially decomposed plant material soft and easily compressed
Sandy soil	- light and dry - lots of air gaps so water drains through quickly
Chalky soil	- stony and water drains through quickly - found in areas with lots of chalk
Clay soil	very sticky when weta heavy soilwater does not drainthrough it quickly

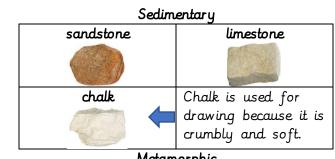
Rocks - Year 3

Significant scientists Mary Anning (1799-1847) English palaeontlogist and fossil collecter. She became known around the world for important finds she made in Jurassic fossil beds in Dorset.

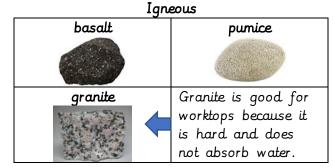
Fossil formation



Types of rocks



Metamorphic		
quartzite	slate	
marble	Marble is good for	
1.23	gravestones because	
195	it does not rub	
7 7 37	away.	



Words to describe the appearance of rocks:

