

	EYFS	KS1		KS2				
MUSIC	Three and Four-Year- Olds Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
	Nursery Know how to look after instruments Begin to know the sounds that some instruments make.	Use body percussion, instruments and voices.  In the key centres of C major, F major, G major and A minor.	In the key centres of C major, G major and A minor.  Find and keep a steady beat.	In the key centres of C major, F major, G major and A minor.  Copy back and improve simple rhythmic patterns	In the key centres of C major, F major, G major and A minor.  Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of	In the key centres of C major, G major, D major, F major and A minor. Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of dotted	In the key centres of C major, G major, D major, A minor and D minor.  Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made out of minims,	
UNDERSTANING MUSIC	Reception for ELG Notice the difference between styles of Music Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. Perform Songs, rhymes, poem and stories with others and move in time with the music	Find and keep a steady beat together.  Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern.  Copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low.  Complete vocal warm	Sing short phrases independently.	using minims, crotchets, quavers and their rests.  Copy back and improve simple melodic patterns using the notes:  C, D, E G, A, B F, G, A A, B, C	semibreve, minims, dotted crochets, crochets, quavers, semiquavers and their rests by ear or from notation.  Copy back melodic patterns using the notes:  C, D, E C, D, E, G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D, E F, G, A A, B, C, D, E, F, G	minims, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation.  Copy back melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, F, G, A, B D, E, F#, G, A A, B, C, D, E, F#, G F, G, A, B, C, D, E G, A, B, C, D, E, F#	dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation.  Copy back melodic patterns using the notes:  D, E, F, G, A C, D, E, F, G, A, B G, A, B, C, D, E, F# D, E, F#, G, A, B, C# A, B, C, D, E, F, G	
		ups with a copy back option to use Solfa.				G, A, B, C, D, E, F#		



	Nursery	Move and dance with the	Mark the beat of a	Share thoughts and feelings	Talk about the words of a	Talk about feelings created by	Identify 2/4, 4/4, ¾, 6/8 and 5/4.
	Listen with increased	music.	listening piece by tapping	about the music together.	song.	the music.	
	attention to sounds.		or clapping and		Think about why the song or		Identify the musical style of a son
		Find the steady beat.	recognising tempo, as	Find the beat or groove of the	piece of music was written.	Justify a personal opinion with	using some musical vocabulary to
	Respond to what they		well as changes in tempo.	music.	Find and demonstrate the	reference to Musical Elements.	discuss its Musical Elements.
	have heard, expressing	Talk about feelings created			steady beat.		
	thoughts and feelings.	by the music.	Walk in time to the beat	Walk, move or clap a steady	Identify 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4	Identify 2/4, ¾, 6/8 and 5/4	Identify the following instruments
			of a piece of music.	beat with others, changing	metre.	metre.	by ear and through a range of
	Remember and sing entire	Recognise some band and		the speed of the beat as the	Identify the tempo as fast, slow		media: bass guitar, electric guitar,
	songs.	orchestral instruments.	Identify the beat	tempo of the music changes.	or steady.	Identify the musical style of a	percussion, sections of orchestra
			groupings in the music		The style of music you are	song or piece of music.	such as brass, woodwind and
	Reception for ELA	Describe the tempo as fast	you sing and listen, e.g. 2	Invent different actions to	listening to.		strings, electric organ, congas
	Begin to feel the pulse of	or slow.	time, 3 time etc.	move in time with the music.	Discuss the structure of songs.	Identify instruments by ear and	pianos, and synthesizers and vocal
	in a piece of music.				Identify:	through a range of media.	techniques such as scat singing.
	Express ideas and feelings.	Describe the dynamics as	Move and dance with the	Talk about what the song or	Call and response.		
	Listen attentively.	loud and quiet.	music confidently.	piece of music means.	A solo vocal or instrumental	Discuss the structure of music	Discuss the structure of the music
					line and the rest of the	with Terence to verse, chorus,	with reference to verse, chorus,
	Sing a range of well-known	Join in sections of the	Talk about how the music	Identify some instruments	ensemble.	bridge, repeat sings, chorus and	bridge and an instrumental break.
	nursery rhymes and songs.	song, e.g. chorus.	makes you feel.	you can hear playing.	A change in texture.	final chorus, improvisation, call	
					Articulation on certain words.	and response and AB form.	Identify major and minor tonality,
	Perform Songs, rhymes,	Begin to understand	Find different steady	Identify if it's a male or female	Programme music.		chord triads I, IV and V and
	poem and stories with	where the music fits in the	beats.	voice singing.		Explain a bridge passage and its	intervals within a major scale.
	others and move in time	world.			Explain what the main theme is	position in a song.	
	with the music.		Join in sections of the	Talk about the style of music.	and identify when it is		Know and understand what a
		Begin to understand about	song, e.g. call and		repeated.	Recognise the sound and notes	musical introduction and outro is,
		different styles of music.	response.		Know and understand what a	of the pentatonic and Blue's	and its purpose.
					musical introduction is and its	scales, by ear and from notation.	
			Start to talk about the		purpose.		Identify the sound of a Gospel
			style of a piece of music.		Recap by ear memorable	Explain the role of a main theme	choir and a soloist, Rock band,
					phrases heard in the music.	in musical structure.	symphony orchestra and A
			Start to talk about where		Identify major and minor		Cappella groups.
			music might fit into the		tonality.	Explain rapping.	
			world.		Recognise the sound and notes		Recognise the following styles and
					of the pentatonic scale by ear	Recognise the following styles	any key musical features that
					and from notations.	and any important musical	distinguish the style: Soul, Jazz:
						features that distinguish the	swing, Disco, Zimbabwean Pop,
					Describe legato and staccato.	style: Gospel, Minimalism, Rock n	Folk, Salsa.
					Recognise the following styles	Roll, South African,	
					and any important musical	Contemporary Jazz, Film music,	
					features that distinguish the	Hip Hop, Romantic and Musicals.	
					style: 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century		
					Orchestral, Reggae, Soul, R&B,		
					Pop, Folk, Jazz, Disco,		
					Musicians, Classical, Rock,		
1					Gospel, Romantic, Choral, Funk		

and Electronic Dance Music.



#### Nursery

Sing a large repertoire of songs.

Remember and sing entire songs.

Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) or familiar songs.

#### Reception

Learn rhymes, poems and songs.

Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.

### ELG

INGING

Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others and try and move in time with the music.

Sing, rap, rhyme, chant and use spoken word.

Demonstrate good singing posture.

Sing songs from memory.

Copy back intervals of an octave and fifth (high, low)

Sing in unison.

Sing as part of a choir.
Sing songs from
memory/from notation.
Sing to communicate the
meaning of words.
Sing in unison and

sometimes in parts, and

with more pitching

accuracy.

Understand and follow the leader or conductor.

Add actions to a song.

Move confidently to a steady beat.

Talk about feelings created by the music/song.

Recognise some band and orchestral instruments.

Describe the tempo as fast or slow.

Join in sections of the song, e.g. chorus. Begin to understand where the music fits in the world. Begin to talk about and understand the style of the music. Know the meaning of dynamics (loud/quiet) and tempo (fast/slow) and be able to demonstrate these when singing by responding to the leaders direction and visual symbols (e.g. crescendo, decrescendo, pause)

Sing a widening range of unison songs, of varying styles and structures.

Perform actions confidently and in time to a range of action songs.

Sing with awareness of following the beat.

Sing with attention to clear diction.

Sing expressively with attention to the meaning of the words.

Sing in unison.

Understand and follow the leader or conductor.
Copy back simple melodic phrases using the voice.

Rehearse and learn songs from memory/with notation.

Sing in different time signatures 2/4, 3/4, 4/4.

Sing as part of a choir with awareness of size: the larger, the thicker and richer the musical texture.

Demonstrate vowel sounds, blended sounds and consonants.

Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time.'

Sing expressively with attention to staccato and legato.

Talk about the different styles of singing used for different styles of song. Talk about how songs and thei

Talk about how songs and their styles connect to the world.

Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4 and 6/8 time.

Sing in unison and parts and as part of a smaller group.

Sing a second part in a song. Self correct if lost or out of time.

Sing expressively with attention to breathing and phrasing.

Sing expressively with attention to dynamics and articulation.

Develop confidence as a soloist.

Talk about the different styles of singing used for different styles of song.

Talk confidently about how connected you feel to the music and how it connects in the world. Respond to a leader or conductor.

Sing a broad range of songs as part of a choir, including those that involve syncopated rhythms, with a good sense of ensemble and performance. This should include observing rhythm, phrasing, accurate pitching and appropriate style.

Continue to sing in parts where appropriate.
Sing in 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 5/4 and 6/8.

Sing in 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 5/4 and 6/8 Sing with and without an accompaniment.

Sing syncopated melodic patterns. Demonstrate and maintain good posture and breath control whilst singing.

Lead a singing rehearsal.

Talk about the different styles of singing used for the different styles of songs sung in this year.

Discuss with others how connected you are to the music and songs, and how the songs and styles are

connected to the world.



Play instruments with increasing control to express feelings and ideas.

To know the names of some instruments e.g. drums, maracas, bells and tambourines.

### Reception

Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.

Know how to play instruments correctly.

To know the names of instruments and that they can make different sounds.

Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation.

If appropriate explore standard notation, using crochets, quavers and minims and simple combinations of:

D, A, C

C, D, E, F, G F, G, A G, B, D D, E, F#, G, A Explore standard notation, using crochets, quavers, minims and semibreves and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B

G, A, B, C, D, E, F# F, G, A, B, C, D, E A, B, C, D, E

Identify hand signals as notation and recognise music notation on a stave of five lines. Explore standard notation using minims, semibreves, dotted crochets, crochets, quavers and semiquavers and simple combinations of:

C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B, C G, A, B, C, D, E E, F#, G#, A, B

Read and respond to semibreves, minims, crochets and paired quavers.

Identify: Stave Treble clef Time signature Lines and spaces on the stave.

Identify and understand the differences between crochets and paired quavers.

Apply spoken word to rhythms, understanding how to link each syllable to one musical note.

Explore standard notation using semibreves, minims, dotted crochets, crochets, quavers and semiquavers and simple combinations of:

C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B, C G, A, B, C, D, E, F# D, E, F#, G, A, B, C

Identify: Stave Treble clef Time signature

Identify and understand the differences between minims, crotchets, paired quavers and rests.

Read and perform pitch notation within a range. Follow and perform simple rhythmic scores to a steady beat: maintain individual parts accurately within rhythmic texture, achieving a sense of ensemble.

Explore standard notation using semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers and simple combinations of:

C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B, C, D, E G, A, B, C, D, E, F# C, G, A, B G, G#, A, B, C D, E, F, G, A, B, C E, F, G, A, B, C, D

Identify: Stave Treble clef Time signature

Read and respond to minims, crotchets, quavers, dotted quavers and semiquavers.

Recognise how notes are grouped when notated.

Identify the stave and symbols on the stave (such as the treble clef) the name of the notes on lines and in spaces, barlines, a flat sign and a sharp sign.

Further understand the differences between semibreves, minims, crotchets and crotchet rests, paired quavers and semiquavers.
Understand the differences between 2/4, ¾ and 4/4 time signatures.

Read and perform pitch notation within an octave. (e.g. C-C/do-do)

Explore standard notation, using dotted semibreves, dotted minims, minims, triplet crochets, dotted crochets, crochets, dotted quavers, quavers and semiquavers and simple combinations of:

C, D, E, F, G, A, B
F, G, A, B, C, D, E
F, G, A, B, C, D, E
G, A, B, C, D, E, F
G, A, B, C, D, E, F#
D, E, F, G, A
D, E, F#, A, B, C#
E, F#, G, G#, A, B, C, C#
E, F, G, A, B, C, D

NOTATION



	Newcom	Rehearse and learn to play	Rehearse and learn to	Rehearse and learn to play a	Dehoarse and learn to play a	Rehearse and learn to play a	Rehearse and learn to play one of
	Nursery	• •		! '	Rehearse and learn to play a		' '
	Play instruments with	a simple melodic	play a simple melodic	simple melodic instrumental	simple melodic instrumental	simple melodic instrumental part	four differentiated instrumental
	increasing control to	instrumental part by ear.	instrumental part by ear	part by ear or from notation,	part by ear or from notation, in	by ear or from notation in C	parts by ear or from notation, in
	express feelings and ideas.		or from notation, in C	in C major, F major, G major	C major, F major, G major and	major, F major, G major, E major,	the tonal centres of C major, F
ᇋ			major, F major and G	and E major.	D major.	C minor and D minor.	major, G major, D major, E major,
į į	To know the names of		major.				A major, E major, D minor and F
	some instruments e.g.					Play melodies on tuned	minor.
ดิ์	drums, maracas, bells and					percussion, melodic instruments	
7	tambourines.					or keyboards, following staff	Play a melody following staff
<u> </u>						notation written on one stave	notation written on one stave and
│	<u>Reception</u>					and using notes within the	using notes within an octave range
⊆	Know how to play					middle C-C/do-do range. (Initially	(do-do), make decisions about
≨	instruments correctly.					done as a whole class, with	dynamic range, including very loud
Ë						greater independence gained	(fortissimo) very quiet (pianissimo)
N I	To know the names of					each lesson through smaller	moderately loud (mezzo forte) and
•	instruments and that they					group performance)	moderately quiet (mezzo piano).
	can make different sounds.					8 - 1 - 1 - 1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,



	<u>Nursery</u>	Explore improvisation	Explore improvisation	Explore improvisation within a	Explore improvisation within a	Explore improvisation within a	Explore improvisation within a
	Use large-muscle	within a major and minor	within a major scale using	major scale using the notes:	major scale, using the notes:	major scale, using the notes:	major scale, using the notes:
	movements to wave flags	scale using the notes:	the notes:	C, D, E	C, D, E	C, D, E, F, G	C, D, E, F, G
	and streamers, paint and	C, D, E	C, D, E	C, D, E, F, G	C, D, E, G, A	C, D, E, F, G	G, A, B, C, D
	make marks. Respond to	D, E, A	C, G, A	C, D, E, G, A	C, D, E, F, G	C, D, E, G, A	G, A, B, C, D
	what they have heard,	F, G, A	G, A, B	G, A, B	D, E, F#, A, B	F, G, A, B, C	F, G, A, C, D
	expressing their thoughts	D, F, G	F, G, A	G, A, B, D, E	D, E, F, G, A	D, E, F, G, A	
	and feelings.			G, A, B, C, D			Improvise over a groove,
		Improvise simple vocal	Work with a partner and	F, G, A	Improvise on a limited range of	Improvise over a simple groove,	responding to the beat, creating a
	Create their own songs, or	patterns using 'Q and A'	in the class to improvise	F, G, A, C, D	pitches on the instrument you	responding to the beat and	satisfying melodic shape with
	improvise a song around	phrases.	simple 'Q and A' phrases,		are now learning, making use	creating a satisfying melodic	varied dynamics and articulation.
	one they know.Play		to be sung and played on	Become more skilled in	of musical features, including	shape.	
	instruments with	Understand the difference	unturned percussion,	improvising (using voices,	smooth (legato) and detached		
	increasing control to	between creating a rhythm	creating a musical	tuned and unturned	(staccato) articulation.	Experiment with using a wider	
₹	express their feelings and	pattern and a pitch	conversation.	percussion and instruments		range of dynamics, including very	
I ⊒	ideas.	pattern.		played in whole	Improvise over a groove.	loud, very quiet, moderately loud	
~~				class/groups/individual/instru		and moderately quiet.	
IMPROVISING	Reception			mental teaching. Inventing			
<u>≅</u>	Explore, use and refine a			short 'on the spot' responses			
Z	variety of artistic effects to			using a limited note range.			
4,	express their ideas and						
	feelings.			Compose over a simple			
				groove.			
	Explore and engage in			_			
	music making and dance,			Compose over a drone.			
	performing solo or in			Structure musical ideas (e.g.			
	groups.			using echo or 'Q&A' phrases)			
				to create music that has a			
	<u>ELG</u>			beginning, middle and end.			
	Perform songs, rhymes,						
	poems and stories with						
	others and try and move in						
	time with the music.						



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Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks.
Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.

### Reception

COMPOSING

Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.

Create their own rhythmic patterns using pictures.

### <u>ELG</u>

Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others and try and move in time with the music. Explore and create graphic scores:

Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to music and video stimulus.

Create a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments/ sound makers.

Recognise how graphic notation can represent created sounds. Explore and invent your own symbols.

Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds.

Use simple notation if appropriate:

Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims:

C, D

C. D. E

C, D, E, F C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C. F, G F, G, A F, G, A, C F, G, A, C, D Start and end on the note F.

D, F

Use graphic symbols, dot notation and stick notation, as appropriate; to keep a record of composed pieces.

Create a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments.

Create and perform your own rhythm patterns with stick notation, including crochets, quavers and minims.

Use musical technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds.

Use notation is appropriate.

Create a simple melody using crochets and minims:

C. D C. D. E C, D, E, F C. D. E. F. G Start and end on the note C (C major) G, A G. A. B G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G) F, G F, G, A

Create music/sound effects in response to music and video stimulus.

Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds.

Compose over a simple chord progression.

Compose over a simple groove.

Compose over a drone. Start to use simple structures within compositions, e.g. introduction, verse, chorus or AB form.

Use simple dynamics.

Compose song accompaniments on tuned and unturned percussion, using known rhythms and note values.

Create a simple melody using crotchets, minims and perhaps paired quavers:

C, D

C, D, E
C, D, E, G
C, D, E, G, A
Start and end on the note C
(Pentatonic on C)
C, D
C, D, E
C, D, E, F
C, D, E, F, G
Start and end on the note C (C
major)

Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names, to create short pentatonic phrases using a limited range of five pitches, suitable for the instrument being learnt.

Compose over a groove.

Create a melody using crotchets, minims, quavers and their rests. Use a pentatonic scale:

C, D
C, D, E
C, D, E, G
C, D, E, G, A
Start and end on the note C
(Pentatonic on C)

C, D
C, D, E
C, D, E, F
C, D, E, F, G
Start and end on
the note C (C major)

A, B
A, B, C
A, B, C, D
A, B, C, D, E
Start and end on
the note A (A
minor)
D, E

D, E
D, E, F
D, E, F, G
D, E, F, G, A
Start and end on the note D (D minor)

G, A G, A, B Start to use structures within compositions, e.g. introduction, multiple verses and chorus sections. AB form or ABA form (ternary form)

Use chords to compose music to evoke a specific atmosphere, mood or environment.

Use rhythmic variety.

Compose song accompaniments, perhaps using basic chords.

Use a wider range of dynamics including fortissimo, pianissimo, mezzo forte and mezzo piano.

Use full scales in different keys.

Understand how chord triads are formed and play them on tuned percussion, melodic instruments or keyboard. Perform simple, chordal accompaniments.

Create a melody using crotchets, quavers and minims, and perhaps semibreves and semiquavers, plus al equivalent rests. Use a pentatonic and a full scale. Use major and minor tonality.

F. G

F, G, A

F, G, A, B

F, G, A, B, C
Start and end on the note F (F major)

G, A
G, A, B
G, A, B, C
G, A, B, C, D
Start and end on the note G (G major)

Plan and compose an 8 or 16 beat melodic phrase using the pentatonic scale and incorporate rhythmic variety and interest. Play this melody on available tuned percussion/ orchestral instruments. Notate this melody. Create a simple chord progression.

Compose a ternary (ABA form) piece; use available music: software/apps to create and record it, discussing how musical contrasts are achieved.

Create a melody using crotchets, quavers and minims, and perhaps semibreves and semiquavers, and all equivalent rests. Use a pentatonic and a full scale. Use major and minor tonality.

C, D
C, D, E
C, D, E, F
C, D, E, F, G
Start and end on the note C (C major)

G, A

G, A, B G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G)

D, E
D, E F
D, E, F, G
D, E, F, G, A
Start and end on the note D (D minor)

F, G F, G, A F, G, A, C



	D.F.C	F.C.A.C		CARR		T C A C D
	D, F, G	F, G, A, C		G, A, B, D		F, G, A, C, D
	D, F, G, A	F, G, A, C, D	F, G	G, A, B, D, E	G, A	Start and end on the
	D, F, G, A, C	Start and end on the note	F, G, A	Start and end on the note G	G, A, B	note F (pentatonic on F)
	Start and end	F (Pentatonic on F)	F, G, A, B	(pentatonic on G)	G, A, B, D	
	on the note D.		F, G, A, B, C		G, A, B, D, E	F, G
			Start and end on		Start and end on the	F, G, A
			the note F (F		note G (Pentatonic on	F, G, A, B
			major)		G)	F, G, A, B, C
						Start and end on the
			G, A		D, E	note F (F minor)
			G, A, B		D, E, F	
			G, A, B, D		D, E, F, G	D, E
			G, A, B, D, E		D, E, F, G, A	D, E, F
			Start and end on the note G		Start and end on the	D, E, F, G
			(Pentatonic on G)		note D (D minor)	D, E, F, G, A
			,		, ,	Start and end on the
					E, F	note D (D minor)
					É, F, G	,
					E, F, G, B	F, G
					E, F, G, B, C	F, G, A
					Start and end on the note E (E	F, G, A, C
					major)	F, G, A, C, D
					,	Start and end on the
						note F (pentatonic on F)
						note i (pentatonie on i)
						F, G
						F, G, A
						F, G, A, B
						F, G, A, B, C
						Start and end on the
						note F(F minor)



#### Nursery

Sing a large repertoire of songs.

Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks.

Remember and sing entire songs.

Create their own songs, or improvise around one they know.

Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.

### Reception

PERFORMING

Combine different movements with ease and fluency. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.

Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.

#### ELG

Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs.

Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others and try and move in time with the music. Enjoy and have fun performing.

Choose a song/songs to perform to a well-known audience.

Prepare a song to perform.

Communicate the meaning of the song.

Add actions to the song.

Play some simple instrumental parts.

Practise, rehearse and share a song that has been learned in the lesson, from memory or with notation and with confidence.

Decide on any actions, instrumental parts/improvised ideas/composed passages to be practised and included in the performance.

Talk about what the song means and why it was chosen to share. Talk about the difference between rehearsing a song and performing it. Play and perform melodies following staff notation, using a small range as a whole class or in small groups.

Include any actions, instrumental parts/ improvised ideas/composed passages within the rehearsal and in the performance.

Reflect on feelings about sharing and performing, e.g. excitement, nerves and enjoyment.

Rehearse and enjoy the opportunity to share what has been learned in the lessons.

Perform, with confidence, a song from memory or using notation.

Include instrumental parts/ improvised sections/ composed passages within the rehearsal and in the performance.

Explain why the song was chosen, including its composer and the historical and cultural context of the song.

Communicate meaning of the words and articulate them clearly.

Use the structure of the song to communicate its mood and meaning in the performance.

Talk about what the rehearsal and performance has taught the student.

Understand how the individual fits within the larger group ensemble.

Reflect on the performance and how well it suited the occasion. Discuss and respond to any feedback and consider how future performances might be different. Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific purpose, for a friendly but unknown audience.

Perhaps perform in smaller groups, as well as whole class.

Perform a range of repertoire pieces and arrangements combining acoustic instruments, to form mixed ensembles, including a school orchestra.

Perform from memory or with notation, with confidence and accuracy.

A student leads part of the rehearsal and part of the performance.

Record the performance and compare it to a previous performance; explain how well the performance communicated the mood of each piece.

Discuss and talk musically about the strengths and weaknesses of a performance.

Collect feedback from the audience and reflect how future performances might be different.

In the key centres of C major, G major, D major, A minor and D minor.

Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made out of minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation.

Copy back melodic patterns using the notes:

D, E, F, G, A
C, D, E, F, G, A, B
G, A, B, C, D, E, F#
D, E, F#, G, A, B, C#
A, B, C, D, E, F, G

