We'll Meet Again

History Knowledge Organiser: Key Objective: a significant turning point in British history

I already know...

Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Vikings.

Vocabulary

War - a state of armed conflict between different countries.

Evacuation – Children being moved from cities to the countryside for their own safety.

Rationing – limiting food supplies.

Blitz – the name for the German air raids.

Holocaust – the slaughter of millions of Jewish people across Europe.

Judaism – a religion.

Home Front – the effort by people at home to support the war.

Armed Forces – the various branches of the army.

Allies – the nations who fought against Germany.

Axis Powers – the nations who fought against the Allies.

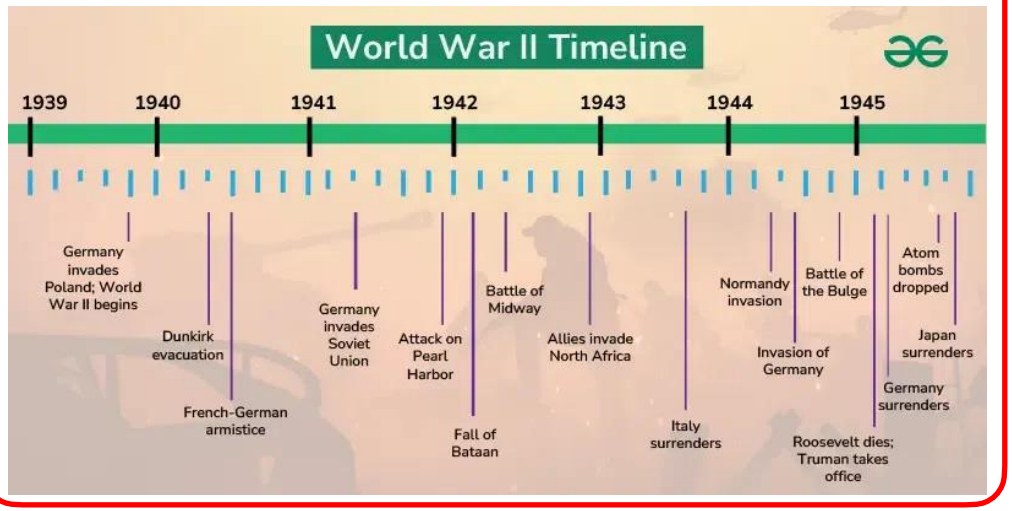
Key Knowledge

- There were a range of causes which contributed to WWII including the German invasion of Poland and the harsh terms of the WWI peace treaties.
- Rationing meant that all goods were shared fairly and people could only buy a certain amount of goods such as sugar, butter and meat.
- The Blitz started on 7th September 1940 and many cities across Britain were targeted.
- Britain's evacuation programme began on 1st September 1939 and children were sent from towns and cities to safer rural areas.
- Over six million Jews were murdered in the Holocaust. Anne Frank's Diary is an important historical source as it gives a first-hand account of how Jews were treated.
- Many countries in the British Empire were involved in the war effort.

Key people

- Winston Churchill
- Anne Frank
- Adolf Hitler

Timeline



Questions to ask

- Why did World War II begin?
- What was life like for people in Britain during World War II?
- How did World War II affect children and families?
- How do historians use evidence to understand the experiences of people during World War II?

Sources

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