

## Year 6 Animals including humans

## **KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER**

Red blood cells

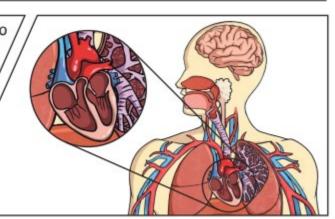
carry oxygen

through your body.



Key Vocabulary		
circulatory system	A system which includes the heart, veins, arteries and blood transporting substances around the body.	
heart	An organ which constantly pumps blood around the <b>circulatory system</b> .	
blood vessels	The tube-like structures that carry blood through the tissues and organs. Veins, arteries and capillaries are the three types of blood vessels.	
oxygenated blood	Oxygenated blood has more oxygen. It is pumped from the heart to the rest of the body.	
deoxygenated blood	Deoxygenated blood is blood where most of the oxygen has already been transferred to the rest of the body.	

The heart pumps blood to the lungs to get oxygen. It then pumps this oxygenated blood around the body.



to

ungs

from

lungs

have with to Mammals hearts body from chambers. Notice four body blood the that has come from the body is deoxygenated, and the blood that has come from the lungs is oxygenated, again. The blood isn't from body actually red and blue: we just show it like, deoxygenated blood oxygenated that on a diagram.

Plasn	Platelets White blood cells  Plasma
	Platelets  White blood cells
$\cdot$	44% Red blood cells

are solid.
parts of your blood
Plasma is liquid. The other

Platelets help you stop bleeding when you get hurt.

White blood cells fight infection when you're sick.



The liquid part of blood

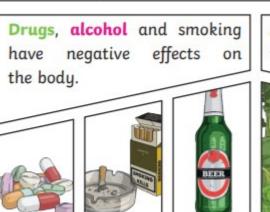
contains water and protein.

This is called plasma.

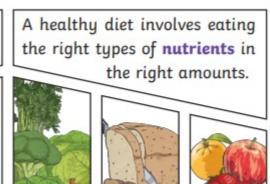
Blood transports:

- gases (mostly oxygen and carbon dioxide);
  - nutrients (including water);
  - waste products.

Key Vocabulary		
drug	A substance containing natural or man-made chemicals that has an effect on your body when it enters your system.	
alcohol	A drug produced from grains, fruits or vegetables when they are put through a process called fermentation.	
nutrients	Substances that animals need to stay alive	



and healthy.



## Regular exercise:

body

- strengthens muscles including the heart muscle
- improves circulation increases the amount of oxygen around the
- releases brain chemicals which help you feel calm and relaxed
- helps you sleep more easily
- strengthens bones.

It can even help to stop us from getting ill











