



PSHE Intent and Implementation

At Cavendish Close Junior Academy, we aim to deliver a curriculum that helps children to Aspire, Collaborate and Experience a variety of opportunities.

<u>Intent</u>

1	Our children will develop an understanding of their community, both local and global.
2	All children will have the opportunity to set personal learning goals.
3	Pupils will be equipped with strategies which develop key character traits.
4	Our children will understand how to make good choices which have a positive impact.
5	Our children will develop an understanding of safe and healthy relationships.
6	Pupils will acquire a positive self-image and an understanding of changes in their bodies.

Intent explanation

1	It is our intention that all children develop an understanding of their community, both local and global, through learning about democracy, rules, rights and responsibilities.
2	It is our intention that all children have the opportunity to set personal learning goals which allow them to successfully transition into their next phases of learning and beyond.
3	It is our intention to provide and equip pupils with strategies which develop key character traits of being: responsible, reflective, resilient, responsive, confident, honest, reasoning, resourceful, compassionate, tolerant and motivated.
4	it is our intention that children will understand how to make good choices which have a positive impact on mental and physical wellbeing.
5	It is our intention that children are able to develop an understanding of safe and healthy relationships and a secure knowledge of how to keep themselves safe in the world.
6	It is our intention that children acquire a positive self-image and an understanding of changes in their bodies as they grow.



Cavendish Close Junior Academy

ACE Curriculum Statement

'What's your best discovery?' asked the mole.

'That I am enough as I am,' said the boy. - The boy, the mole, the fox and the horse by Charlie Mackesy.

At Cavendish Close Junior Academy, children aspire to enhance their personal character by developing empathy as well as celebrating difference within local and wider communities.

Personal, Social and Health Education (PSHE) supports children to develop and maintain a healthy body and mind. It encourages children to take responsibility of their own individual well-being and to consider their impact on those around them. Through learning about a diverse range of influential figures, children are encouraged to consider their own aspirations and the steps to achieve these.

Children have regular opportunities to collaborate with others during PSHE lessons, which allows them to display compassion and respect for others. For example, children are taught how to be respectful towards others' viewpoints and challenge these in a safe and considerate environment.

Throughout their time at Cavendish Close Junior Academy, children will experience and celebrate a variety of awareness days linked to PSHE (such as, World Mental Health Day, Anti bullying week and Show Racism the Red Card), as well as taking part in experiences to enrich their learning, such as: online live lessons and bespoke workshops with NSPCC. This provides learners the opportunity to develop their understanding of the links between physical, mental and emotional health.

Children's character is also developed through the Harmony Pledge, which runs parallel to PSHE curriculum. Children explore and develop 10 character competencies through the ten pledge points, further developing their self-esteem and individual character.

Through all of these, our children are able become ACE in PSHE.





Implementation

Long term curriculum coverage

The PSHE Curriculum follows three key themes: Health and Well-being Relationships Education Living in the Wider World Some of the topics bridge one or more themes and other aspects are taught through science or computing as and when the circumstances require it.

Year Group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
3	Rules and Responsibilities	Healthy Lifestyles	Resilience and Keeping Safe	Safety (E-Safety)	Similarities and Differences	Emotions
4	Rules and Responsibilities	Physical, Emotional and Mental Health Feelings	Economic Awareness (Managing Money)	Communication	Growing and Changing	First Aid
5	Rules and Responsibilities	Nutrition and Food	Friendship	Drugs, Alcohol and Tobacco	Solving Problems (incl. cyber bullying)	Health – Physical, Emotional and Mental
6	Rights and Responsibilities	Changes, including Loss	Healthy Relationships	Aspirations	Economic Awareness/Business Enterprise	Moving Forward (Transition)

Key Concepts

rules	hope	motivation
responsibility	resilience	
tolerance	safety	
consequence	wellbeing	
diversity	change	
conflict	confidence	
empathy	community	
ambition	democracy	





Skills progression

Skill	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Emotional	Understand and express basic	Identify a wider range of	Develop awareness of how	Understand the complexity of
Awareness and	emotions.	emotions.	emotions can vary and the	emotional regulation in social
Regulation	Begin to recognise how	Explore the impact of	reasons behind them (eg. peer	settings and peer
	emotions affect behaviour and	emotions on thoughts and	pressure, family changes)	relationships.
	interactions.	actions.	Recognise how emotions can	Evaluate the effectiveness of
	Practise simple strategies to	Use techniques for calming	affect others and use	different strategies for
	manage strong emotions.	down or managing stress in	strategies to resolve conflicts.	emotional regulation.
		more complex situations.	Begin to reflect on how to	Learn how to express feelings
			prevent and manage	constructively in challenging
			emotional triggers.	situations (eg. social
				situations) and reflect on
				personal growth.
Social Skills and	Demonstrate basic	Build on the ability to listen	Understand and apply the idea	Deepen understanding of
Relationships	cooperative skills (eg. turn-	attentively and respond	of compromise in friendships	maintaining healthy and
	taking, sharing, listening).	thoughtfully in group settings.	and group work.	supportive relationships.
	Begin to understand the	Develop skills to resolve	Recognise the role of trust,	Use negotiation and problem-
	importance of respect and	conflicts respectfully.	loyalty and honesty in	solving skills in peer
	empathy in relationships.	Explore the idea of being a	friendships.	disagreements.
	Recognise the concept of	good friend and showing	Practise assertiveness and	Understand the importance of
	fairness and inclusion.	empathy towards others.	learn how to set healthy	respecting diversity and
			boundaries in friendships.	managing peer pressure in
				social situations.
Health and	Understand the basic need for	Learn the importance of	Learn about puberty and how	Further explore the effectives
Wellbeing (Physical	a balanced diet and exercise.	hygiene (eg. washing hands,	it affects the body, with a	of lifestyle choice (eg. diet,
Health)	Explore the role of physical	brushing teeth).	focus on physical changes.	sleep, stress) on overall
	activity in staying healthy and	Understand the importance of	Understand the relationship	health.
	energised.	a varied diet, including fruits	between mental health and	Understand the significance of
		and vegetables.	physical well-being.	making informed choices
				about health and wellbeing.





	erstand mental
personal health (eg. drinking of poor health habits (eg. lack good nutrition and how it health issues	and how to look
water). of sleep. impacts mood and energy after one's en	motional
levels. wellbeing.	
Safety (Online and Recognise the importance of Begin to identify and Deepen understanding of Develop strategies.	tegies to respond
Offline) staying safe in everyday understand risks both in real online safety, including the to online cha	llenges such as
environments (eg. road safety) life and online (eg. stranger risks of social media and cyber-bullyin	g, inappropriate
Introduce basic online safety, danger, cyberbullying). chatting with strangers online. content and	peer pressure.
including not sharing personal Learn strategies for staying Learn how to protect privacy Understand t	the potential
information with strangers. safe in both physical and and recognise misinformation. dangers of sh	naring too much
Understand the concept of virtual spaces. Understand how to ask for personal info	rmation online.
safe and unsafe situations. Explore the idea of consent help if feeling unsafe in person Discuss ways	to be responsible
	ns and act as role
boundaries in social situations. models for you	ounger peers.
Decision-MakingStart to make simple choicesUnderstand the concept ofDevelop the ability to makeEvaluate difference	erent outcomes of
	cluding long-term
consequences. and weighing up possible situations (eg. peer pressure, consequence	es.
Recognise that their actions outcomes. balancing commitments). Take respons	•
	social decisions,
	ooth their rights
Learn the importance of taking making decisions for their own impact it has on their future and duties.	
	now to advocate
	es and others in
	king processes.
and peers in supporting good contexts (eg. community,	
decision-making. environment).	
Living in the Wider Recognise the importance of Understand the concept of a Reflect on the role of Deepen under	•
	sponsibilities,
	and globally, and
	nce of fairness and
Understand the role of interconnected. Understand the concept of justice.	
different jobs and diversity and inclusion, and	





responsibilities within the Recognise the role of charities the importance of respecting Examine the role	
local community and beyond. Begin to explore the idea of environmental responsibility, such as recycling and conserving resources. Develop an awareness of sustainability and how individual actions can contribute to protecting the environment (eg. Plastic-free July). and voluntary work in helping others' differences. Investigate global issues and discuss how individuals and groups can take action to address them. business, and ecc society and how a discuss how individuals and groups can take action to address them. choice can affect understand the saddress them. choice can affect understand the saddress them. [eg. voting, comn involvement) and individuals can compositive change.]	personal the word. significance of on in civic life munity

These skills build progressively across the years to ensure that pupils develop the necessary personal, social, and emotional skills to navigate the challenges of growing up.





Key Lesson Outcomes

Autumn term 1

Year Group	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Unit Title and	Rules and Responsibilities	Rules and Responsibilities	Rules and Responsibilities	Rights and Responsibilities
description	Theme: Living in the Wider	Theme: Living in the Wider	Theme: Living in the Wider	Theme: Living in the Wider
	World	World	World	World
Crucial	I know and understand the	I know and understand the	I know and understand the	I know and understand the
Curriculum	school rules.	school rules.	school rules.	school rules.
Content	I can use courtesy and	I can use courtesy and	I can use the conventions of	I can use the conventions of
	manners.	manners.	courtesy and manners.	courtesy and manners.
	I can vote for a school	I can vote for a school	I can vote for a school	I can vote for a school
	councillor.	councillor.	councillor.	councillor.
	I respect others and know I	I respect others, even when	I know that having self-respect	I know that having self-respect
	should be treated with respect.	they are different from me.	is important to my own	is important to my own
	I can form an opinion on	I know I deserve to be treated	happiness.	happiness.
	something and review this	with respect.	I respect others, even when	I know that I should treat
	when I listen to other people's		they are very different from me	others with respect and in turn
	ideas.		physically, in character,	should expect to be treated
			personality or backgrounds.	with respect.
			I know I deserve to be treated	I respect diversity.
			with respect.	
Key Concepts	Rules	Rules	Rules	Rules
	Responsibility	Responsibility	Responsibility	Responsibility
	Democracy	Democracy	Democracy	Democracy
	Ambition	Ambition	Ambition	Ambition
			Community	Community
				Resilience
Lesson outcomes	1. To know and understand	1. To vote for pupil	1. Understand democracy	1. To know and understand
	the school rules.	responsibilities.	and vote.	rights and responsibilities.
	2. To vote for a school	2. To understand why rules	2. To know and understand	2. To understand why
	councillor.	are needed in different	the school rules.	manners, courtesy and
		situations.		respect are important.





	 To use courtesy and manners. To respect others and know I should be treated with respect. To form an opinion on something and share my ideas. To listen to the ideas of 	 To understand what being responsible means. To show respect to others. To know that I should treat others with respect and expect it in return. To understand the importance of manners. 	 To use courtesy and manners. To understand that selfesteem is important for happiness. To respect others even if they are different from me. To know I deserve to be treated with respect. 	 To understand democracy and vote. To understand that self-respect is important to my own happiness. To respect differences in people. To describe why diversity is a positive thing.
Key Vocabulary	others and show respect.respectmanners	rulesresponsibilities	rulesresponsibility	rightsresponsibilities
	courtesyopiniondebate	responsiblefeelingsqualities	courtesymannersdemocracy	democracymannerscourtesy
	rulesresponsibilitydemocracy	promiserolerespect	leadershipdiversitydifference	respectself-respectdiversity
ACE (Aspire,	Aspire – class councillor	Aspire – class councillor	Aspire – class councillor	Aspire – class councillor
Collaborate,	elections	elections	elections	elections
Experience) links	Collaborate – create a class	Collaborate – Group	Collaborate – A Guide to	Collaborate – Diversity artwork
	charter.	responsibilities.	Respect	Experience – Debate,
	Experience – Class Debate.	Experience – Applying for a job	Experience – Drama activity	democracy and developing
		role & class responsibility.	(courtesy and manners).	leadership qualities.
Awareness days/events this half term	Travel Wise WeekUK Savings WeekNSPCC Kindness Challenge	Travel Wise WeekUK Savings WeekNSPCC Kindness Challenge	Travel Wise WeekUK Savings WeekNSPCC Kindness Challenge	Travel Wise WeekUK Savings WeekNSPCC Kindness Challenge
	 Black History Month World Mental Health Day Cycle to School Week 	 Black History Month World Mental Health Day Cycle to School Week 	 Black History Month World Mental Health Day Cycle to School Week 	 Black History Month World Mental Health Day Cycle to School Week





	Show Racism the Red	Show Racism the Red	Show Racism the Red	Show Racism the Red			
	Card Day	Card Day	Card Day	Card Day			
	No Outsiders						
		Autumm 1					
Lesson Outcomes	To understand what	To help someone be who they	To explore friendship.	To consider the causes of			
	discrimination means.	are.		racism.			
RSE Objectives	Caring friendships:	Caring friendships:	Caring friendships:	Respectful relationships:			
	That healthy	 The characteristics of 	 That most friendships 	 The importance of 			
	friendships are positive	friendships, including	have ups and downs,	respecting others, even			
	and welcoming	mutual respect,	and that these can	when they are very			
	towards others, and do	truthfulness,	often be worked	different from them			
	not make others feel	trustworthiness,	through so that the	(for example physically,			
	lonely or excluded.	loyalty kindness,	friendship is repaired	in character,			
		generosity, trust,	or even strengthened,	personality or			
		sharing interests and	and that resorting to	background), or make			
		experiences and	violence is never right.	different choices or			
		support with problems		have different			
		and difficulties.		preferences or beliefs.			
		 How to recognise who 		 About different types 			
		to trust and who not to		of bullying (including			
		trust, how to judge		cyber-bullying), the			
		when a friendship is		impact of bullying, the			
		making them unhappy		responsibilities of			
		or uncomfortably, how		bystanders (primarily			
		to manage conflict,		reporting bullying to			
		how to manage these		an adult) and how to			
		situations and how to		get help.			
		seek help or advice					
		from others, if needed.					





Autumn term 2

Year Group	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Unit Title and	Healthy Lifestyles	Physical, Emotional and	Nutrition and Food	Life Changes
description	Theme: Health and Well-being	Mental Health (including	Theme: Health and Well-being	Theme: Health and Well-being
		feelings)		
		Theme: Health and Well-		
		Being/ Relationships		
		Education		
Crucial	I understand that if I do not	I know that everyone has a	I understand calories	I know that changes are a part
Curriculum	exercise, I may become obese	mental health and a physical	I know that a poor diet has	of life and that we can adapt to
Content	I know the importance of	health	risks associated such as	new circumstances.
	regular exercise and that I can	I know that there is a normal	obesity, tooth decay and the	I know some coping strategies
	plan it into my daily and	range of emotions including	impact of alcohol on diet and	for difficult situations that
	weekly routine.	happiness, sadness, anger,	health	cannot be changed.
	I know that I can stop germs,	fear, surprise and nervousness	I can prevent the spread of	I know strategies to cope with
	(including bacteria and viruses)	I am aware of when I might	germs, bacteria and viruses by	loss.
	from making me ill by washing	feel different emotions	handwashing and cleaning	I know that it is common for
	my hands	I can set a goal for how to cope	surfaces	people to experience mental ill
	I understand the role of food	I know simple self-care	I know some facts and the	health.
	groups in making a healthy diet	techniques, including rest,	science relating to allergies,	
	I can plan and make a healthy	friends, family and hobbies	immunisations and	
	meals	I can recognise and talk about	vaccinations	
		my feelings	I can plan and prepare a range	
		I can help others identify their	of healthy meals	
		feelings and ways to help		
		them.		





			I know that if I eat well, exercise and look after my hygiene I will 'feel' good	
Key Concepts	Wellbeing Motivation Safety Consequence	Wellbeing Motivation Safety Consequence Change Empathy	Wellbeing Safety Consequence Change Responsibility	Wellbeing Safety Empathy Diversity Tolerance Change
Lesson outcomes	 To know the importance of exercise. To know the importance of exercise. To consider different types of exercise and the importance of each type. To plan exercise into my daily and weekly routine. To understand the importance of hygiene. To know ways of stopping germs (including bacteria and viruses) from making me ill. To understand the role of food groups in a healthy diet. To plan a healthy meal. 	 To know and understand the difference between the terms physical and mental health. To talk about my own and others' feelings. To talk about my own and others' feelings. To become more self-aware of feelings. To become more self-aware of my feelings. To understand how setting goals can help us cope with feelings. To understand how setting goals can help us cope with feelings. 	 To understand calories. To know the different food groups that make a healthy diet. To understand the risks of a poor diet and an unhealthy lifestyle. To understand the benefits of exercising and eating well. To understand the benefits of exercising and eating well. To plan a range of healthy meals. To understand that vaccines help prevent a range of infections. 	1. To understand that changes are a part of life and that we can adapt to new circumstances. 2. To know some coping strategies for difficult situations that cannot be changed. 3. To develop coping strategies to cope with loss. 4. To develop coping strategies if families change. 5. To understand mental illhealth and how it might affect people. 6. To know coping strategies or how to seek help or advice if I feel mentally unwell.





Key Vocabulary	 active inactive obesity hygiene endorphins germs diet exercise 	 mental health physical health emotions feelings wellbeing mood balanced lifestyle coping strategy 	 calories food groups Eat well plate food hygiene antibody antigen vaccination virus 	 mental ill health circumstances adapt resilience respect coping strategies memento advice
ACE (Aspire,	Aspire – Exercise carousel	Aspire – Feelings scale of	Aspire – Create weekly plans	Aspire – develop coping
Collaborate,	Collaborate – Odd Socks Day	intensity	for food and exercise	strategies to deal with changes
Experience) links	Experience – NSPCC workshop	Collaborate – Odd Socks Day	Collaborate – Odd Socks Day	during life.
		Experience – NSPCC workshop	Experience – NSPCC workshop	Collaborate – Odd Socks Day Experience – NSPCC workshop
Awareness	Remembrance Day	 Remembrance Day 	Remembrance Day	Remembrance Day
days/events this	 Anti-bullying week and 	 Anti-bullying week and 	 Anti-bullying week and 	 Anti-bullying week and
half term	odd socks day	odd socks day	odd socks day	odd socks day
	 Road Safety Week 	 Road Safety Week 	 Road Safety Week 	 Road Safety Week
	 NSPCC workshop 	 NSPCC workshop 	 NSPCC workshop 	 NSPCC workshops
				 Fire Service workshop
		No Outsiders		
		Autumn 2		
Lesson Outcomes	To find my wonder	To look after my mental health.	To check in with people.	To show acceptance and non-judgement.
RSE Objectives	Respectful relationships	Caring friendships:	Caring friendships:	Respectful relationships:
	The importance of	 The characteristics of 	 That most friendships 	 Practical steps they can
	respecting others, even	friendships, including	have ups and downs,	take in range of
	when they are very	mutual respect,	and that these can	different contexts to
	different from us (for	truthfulness,	often be worked	improve or support
	example physically, in	trustworthiness,	through so that the	respectful
	character, personality	loyalty kindness,	friendship is repaired	relationships.





or background), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs.	generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties.	or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.	 The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness. What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive.
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Spring term 1

Year Group	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Unit Title and	Resilience/Keeping Safe	Economic Awareness	Friendship	Healthy Relationships
description	Theme: Relationships	(Managing Money)	Theme: Relationships	Theme: Relationships
	Education	Theme: Living in the Wider World	Education	Education
Crucial Curriculum Content	I understand that it is the responsibility of bystanders to tell an adult. I understand that I can get help if I am being bullied. I know that people can be bullied online, and this can affect my mental health (cyber bullying). I know how to keep safe when using the tram, railway and roads.	I know the role money plays in my life and other's lives. I know the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have. I know that people must make choices in how they spend money. I know that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment.	I know how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure and how people choose and make friends. I know that the characteristics of friendship include mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties. I can improve my skills of coping with loneliness and	To know that my body belongs to me and the difference between appropriate and inappropriate touches. To discuss what sort of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others, including digital. To know how to respond to adults I might meet, including online. To know to report an adult I trust when I feel unsafe, including online. To have the vocabulary I need
			rejection.	to report a concern or abuse.





	I know some simple self-care techniques to cope.	I recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money. I can identify risks associated with money and ways of keeping money safe. I can identify ways that money can impact on people's feelings and emotions.	I know if a friendship is making me feel uncomfortable or unhappy that I must get help. I can discuss how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust. I know some ways to resolve a conflict.	To know where to get advice from. To know it is not always right to keep a secret.
Key Concepts	Resilience Safety Wellbeing Empathy Hope	Ambition Motivation Safety Confidence	Tolerance Resilience Empathy Responsibility Wellbeing Confidence Conflict Consequence	Confidence Safety Wellbeing Conflict Consequence
Lesson outcomes	 To understand that multiple parties can be involved in bullying. To know the different types of bullying and that it is the responsibility of the bystanders to tell an adult. To improve our ability to use different coping strategies. To improve our ability to use different coping strategies. 	 To understand where money comes from. To understand how money can make us feel. To reflect on my own spending. To consider how money can help ourselves and others. To consider how money can help ourselves and others. To understand financial management. 	 To know the characteristics of being a good friend. To improve skills of coping with loneliness and rejection. To know how to cope if a friendship is making us feel unhappy or uncomfortable. To know how to cope if a friendship is making us feel unhappy or uncomfortable. To recognise who to trust and who not to trust. 	 To know what boundaries and what is appropriate in friendships with peers and others. To know what boundaries and what is appropriate in friendships with peers and others. To know the difference between appropriate and inappropriate touch. To know and understand digital boundaries.





	 5. To present strategies for copying with bullying or cyberbullying. 6. To know the risks associated with crossing roads. 7. To know the risks associated with the railway. 	7. To understand financial management.8. To understand financial management.	6. To recognise who to trust and who not to trust.7. To know strategies that can solve a conflict.8. To know strategies that can solve a conflict.	 5. To know and understand digital boundaries. 6. To know how to report to an adult I trust when I feel unsafe, including online. 7. To know how to report to an adult I trust when I feel unsafe, including online. 8. To know where to get advice.
Key Vocabulary	 bully upstander bystander victim cyber bullying emotional physical verbal 	 money economic financial management taxes lending borrowing spending habits financial planning 	 conflict trust resolution reliable rejection solve apology argument 	 boundaries inappropriate appropriate abuse respect trust responsible irresponsible
ACE (Aspire,	Aspire – develop coping	Aspire – levels of pay	Aspire – trustworthy qualities	Aspire – qualities of good
Collaborate,	strategies for coping with	associated with different jobs.	(cartoon strip)	friendship (alphabet key)
Experience) links	bullying/cyber-bullying. Collaborate – Anti-bullying webpage. Experience – Keep a Beat First Aid training	Collaborate – Drama activity. Experience –Financial management – budgeting game	Collaborate – Resolution guide Experience – Learn how to give compliments to others	Collaborate – Drama activity – safe and unsafe behaviour online. Experience – Keep a Beat First Aid training
Awareness	Children's Mental	Children's Mental	Children's Mental	Children's Mental
days/events this	Health Week	Health Week	Health Week	Health Week
half term	Internet Safety DayKeep a Beat First Aid training	Internet Safety Day	Internet Safety Day	Internet Safety DayKeep a Beat First Aid training





		No Outsiders				
	Spring 1					
Lesson Outcomes	To recognise a stereotype.	To show acceptance.	To exchange dialogue and express opinion.	To consider how new experiences affect us.		
RSE Objectives	Respectful relationships: • What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive.	Respectful relationships • The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from us (for example physically, in character, personality or background), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs.	Respectful relationships • The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from us (for example physically, in character, personality or background), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs.	Caring friendships: That healthy friendships are important and welcoming towards others and do not make others feel lonely or excluded. Respectful relationships: The importance of respecting others even when they are very different from us.		

Spring term 2

Year Group	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Unit Title and	Keeping Safe Online (E-Safety)	Communication	Drugs, Alcohol and Tobacco	Aspirations
description	Theme: Relationships Education	Theme: Relationships	Theme: Health and Well-being	Theme: Living in the Wider
		Education		World
Crucial	I know that the internet is an	I know how to be a good	I know facts and risks	I can recognise positive things
Curriculum	everyday part of life and has	listener.	associated with drugs.	about myself and my
Content	many benefits.	I know how to say what I want	I can consider the safety of	achievements.
	I know how to stay safe using	to say.	certain drugs.	I can set goals to help achieve
	technology and how to report if	I understand how we say things	I know the facts and risks	personal outcomes.
	something does not feel right.	in difficult situations.	associated with smoking.	





	I know sometimes people	I can develop and practise skills	I know the facts and risks	I know that there is a broad
	pretend to be someone they are	of empathy.	associated with alcohol.	range of different jobs/careers
	not online.	I know that good manners	I can make responsible choices.	that people can have.
	I know why social media and	contribute to good		I can recognise that people
	some computer games are age	communication with others.		often have more than one
	restricted.	I understand how we can say		career/type of job during their
	I know how to be kind online.	difficult things to our friends.		life.
	I know how to keep electronic			I know about some of the skills
	data secure.			that will help me in my future
	I know I must keep my personal			careers (eg. teamwork,
	information private.			communication and
				negotiation).
				I can identify the kind of job
				that I might like to do when I
				am older.
				I can recognise a variety of
				routes into careers (eg. college,
				apprenticeship, university).
Key Concepts	Wellbeing	Empathy	Responsibility	Ambition
	Safety	Community	Safety	Motivation
	Resilience	Tolerance	Wellbeing	Hope
	Confidence	Wellbeing	Change	Change
	Consequence	Норе	Consequence	Confidence
		Resilience		
Lesson	1. To know the benefits of the	1. To know how to be a good	1. To understand about the	1. To know what an aspiration
outcomes	internet.	listener.	classification of drugs.	is and consider my own
	2. To understand some of the	2. To know how to say what I	2. To know the facts and risks	aspirations.
	dangers of being online.	want to say.	associated with smoking.	2. To identify strengths and
I				outline ways to improve.





	 To understand some of the dangers of being online. To know how to keep electronic data secure. To know the importance of being kind online. To show others how to be safe online. To show others how to be safe online. 	 To develop and practise skills of empathy. To know that good manners contribute to good communication with others. To understand how we can say difficult things to our friends. 	 To know the facts and risks associated with alcohol. To know facts about drugs. To understand the risks associated with drugs. To make responsible choices. 	 To recognise my own achievements. To showcase my own achievements. To research a future aspiration. To research a future aspiration. To set realistic goals.
Key Vocabulary	 online internet e-safety cyber cyber-bullying victim security verbal 	 discussion communicate speaking consideration empathy feelings manners contribute 	 cigarette tobacco alcohol caffeine health habit illegal consequences 	 goal aspiration obstacle negotiation personality trait improvement achievement qualification
ACE (Aspire,	Aspire – Conscience alley	Aspire – develop	Aspire – make responsible	Aspire – research future
Collaborate,	Collaborate – To consider ways	communication skills and know	choices	aspirations.
Experience)	to keep others safe online	how to be a good listener.	Collaborate – Residential	Collaborate – Class aspirations
links	(information leaflets).	Collaborate – Residential	(Whitemoor Lakes)	tree
	Experience – Red Nose	(Mount Cook)	Experience – Red Nose	Experience – Red Nose
	Day/Comic Relief	Experience – Red Nose Day/Comic Relief	Day/Comic Relief	Day/Comic Relief
Awareness	National Careers Week	National Careers Week	National Careers Week	National Careers Week
days/events	 International Women's 	 International Women's 	 International Women's 	 International Women's
this half term	Day	Day	Day	Day
	 Red Nose Day/Comic Relief 	 Red Nose Day/Comic Relief Year 4 Residential 	 Red Nose Day/Comic Relief Year 5 Residential 	 Red Nose Day/Comic Relief





		No Outsiders		
		Spring 2		
Lesson Outcomes	To show respect.	To speak up.	To find self-acceptance.	To consider responses to change.
RSE Objectives	 Respectful relationships: The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from us (for example physically, in character, personality or background), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs. Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships. The conventions of courtesy and manners. The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness. That in school and wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in 	Respectful relationships: • The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness.	Respectful relationships: The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from us (for example physically, in character, personality or background), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs. The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness.	change. Caring friendships: That healthy friendships are important and welcoming towards others and do not make others feel lonely or excluded. Respectful relationships: The importance of respecting others even when they are very different from us.





Summer term 1

Year Group	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Unit Title and	Similarities and Differences	Growing and Changing	Solving Problems Online	Business Enterprise and
description	(families)	Theme: Health and Well-being	Theme: Relationships	Economic Awareness
	Theme: Relationships		Education	Theme: Living in the Wider
	Education			World
Crucial	I respect similarities and	I know that my body has or will	I know that cyber bullying can	I can contribute my own ideas
Curriculum	differences between people	begin to change soon.	have a negative impact on	to a debate.
Content	I know what a healthy family	I know that I may feel different	well-being	I can consider how we can
	looks like	emotions as my body begins to	I can discuss the effects of	successfully budget our money.
	I know that other families look	change.	online actions on others	I can identify what financial
	different to mine, but they are	I know that my body needs	I know how to get help with	risks are.
	still based on love and care	good quality sleep for good	cyber-bullying	I can recognise that people's
	I know that marriage is a	health.	I am able to describe ways	spending decisions can affect
	recognised commitment and is	I can look after my dental	technology can affect health	others and the environment
	meant to be lifelong	health with regular brushing,	and wellObeing positively and	I understand what is meant by
	I know stereotypes including	flossing and visits to the	negatively	the term spending ethically
	gender stereotypes can be	dentist.	I know the risks to mental and	I am able to deal with pressure
	destructive and unfair		physical health of spending an	from others appropriately.
			excessive time online	
			I know that not all information	
			online is true and that	
			information, including on	
			search engines, is ranked,	
			selected and targeted.	
Key Concepts	Diversity	Change	Safety	Ambition
	Tolerance	Safety	Wellbeing	Motivation
	Change	Wellbeing	Resilience	Responsibility
	Empathy		Conflict	Wellbeing
			Consequence	



Lesson outcomes	 To respect similarities and differences between people. To respect similarities and differences between people and show this through art. To think about the different people who care for me and my family. To know that other families look different to mine. 5: To understand the purpose of marriage. To understand stereotypes and the harmful effects of them. 	 To understand why sleep is an important part of being healthy. To create a guide to help someone develop a good sleeping pattern. To understand that the rate at which we grow differs from person to person. To show awareness of changes that take place as we grow. To create an advert to promote the wearing of deodorant. To understand what happens when we lose teeth as we grow up and why this happens. To understand how to care for our teeth. 	 To contribute by own ideas to a debate. To understand how we can successfully budget our money. To identify financial risks. To identify financial risks. To deal with dilemmas sensitively. To deal with pressure from others appropriately. To deal with pressure from others appropriately.
Key Vocabulary	 diversity respect marriage stereotypes culture community similarities differences 	 child adolescent adult puberty hormones body odour screentime tooth decay malicious cyber-bullying influence persuasion misinformation algorithm fake news 	 society budget debt interest finance ethical spending debate consequence





ACE (Aspire,	Aspire – Artwork depicting	Aspire – Brushing teeth	Aspire – To recognise the role	Aspire – identify financial risks.
Collaborate,	individual uniqueness (crayon).	Collaborate – Produce an	fake news can play in our lives.	Collaborate – Combating peer
Experience) links	Collaborate – Opportunities to	advert to promote wearing	Collaborate – Solve problems	pressure –
	share thoughts and pictures	deodorant	relating to online behaviour	poster/advertisement
	about their families.	Experience – Sleep diary	together.	Experience – Debate session –
	Experience – 5 senses during		Experience – Problem-solving	is money a good thing in
	religious ceremonies.		(mystery box lesson)	society?
Awareness	Mental health	Mental health	Mental health	Mental health
days/events this	awareness week	awareness week	awareness week	awareness week
half term	 Stop Food Waste Day 	 Stop Food Waste Day 	 Stop Food Waste Day 	 Stop Food Waste Day
				SATs week
		No Outsiders		
		Summer 1		
Lesson Outcomes	To show welcoming behaviour.	To understand how	To consider responses to racist	To consider attitudes towards
		families change.	behaviour.	disability.
RSE Objectives	Caring friendships:	Families and people who care	Families and people who care	Respectful relationships:
	 That healthy 	for me:	for me:	 What a stereotype is,
	friendships are positive	 The characteristics of 	 That others' families, 	and how stereotypes
	and welcoming	healthy family life,	either in school or in	can be unfair, negative
	towards others, and do	commitment to each	the wider world,	or destructive.
	not make others feel	other, including in	sometimes look	
	lonely or excluded.	times of difficulty,	different from their	
		protection and care for	family, but that they	
		children and other	should respect those	
		family members, the	differences and know	
		importance of	that other children's	
		spending time	families are also	
		together and sharing	characterised by love	
		each other's lives.	and care.	





Respectful relationships:
The importance of
respecting others, even
when they are very
different from us (for
example, physically, in
character, personality
or background), or
make different choices,
or have different
preferences or beliefs.

Summer term 2

Year Group	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Unit Title and	Emotions	First Aid	Health – Physical, Emotional	Moving Forward
description	Theme: Health and Well-being	Theme: Health and Well-being	and Mental	Theme: Health and Well-being
			Theme: Health and Well-being	
Crucial	I can talk about loss and	I can make a clear and efficient	I know my physical, emotional	I know how to cope with
Curriculum	separation	call to an emergency service if	and mental health together	disappointment.
Content	I respect and empathise with	needed	make up my 'health'.	I can develop ways to cope
	others	I know some basic first aid to	I know that weight loss or	with worry.
	I know some ways to manage	deal with common injuries,	unexplained changes to the	I know where I can get help
	and control strong feelings and	including head injuries	body may be a sign of physical	and advice about secondary
	emotions	I can identify when someone	illness.	school.
	I know that I can get help if my	may be having an asthma	I know that lack of sleep can	I can listen to a puberty and
	family makes me feel unhappy	attack	make me gain weight, affect	hygiene talk an ask relevant
	or unsafe	I can consider actions which	my mood and ability to learn.	questions.
		would be important when	I know where to seek support	
		caring for a casualty.	for my health.	
			I can recognise changes in	
			puberty.	





			I know the importance of adopting a healthy lifestyle.	
Key Concepts	Wellbeing Empathy Confidence Resilience Hope Change	Wellbeing Safety Community Change	Wellbeing Consequence Safety Confidence Ambition Resilience Change	Wellbeing Resilience Ambition Motivation Hope Change
Lesson outcomes	 To learn about different types of loss and separation. To develop strategies for coping with loss and separation. To respect and empathise with others. To identify different emotions. To know ways to manage emotions. To know that I can get help if my family or friends make me feel unhappy or unsafe. 	 To understand what first aid is. To know how to treat head injuries. To know how to treat some common injuries. To know how to recognise when someone is having an asthma attack. To understand the role they can take in an emergency situation. To explain to others how to make an emergency call. 	 To understand what makes up health. To understand signs of physical illness. To understand the effects of a lack of sleep. To know where to seek support for my health. To recognise changes in the body. To understand emotional changes during puberty. 	 To understand body changes that occur during puberty. To reduce young people's risk of grooming and CSE. To know where I can get help and advice about secondary school. To know why friendships, change and develop as we move on. To know how to cope with disappointment. To develop ways to cope with worry.
Key Vocabulary	grieflossemotionsseparation	first aidcasualtyemergencyincident	hormonepubertymenstruationemotional health	pubertyhygienetransitionrelationship





Vear group.					
Support		• empathy	• hazards	 physical health 	 friendship
AcE (Aspire, Collaborate, Experience) links Aspire — Transition into new year group. Collaborate — Opportunities to share personal thoughts and feelings about loss and emotions with peers Experience — Managing emotions in different ways (coping strategies) Awareness days/events this half term Aspire — Transition into new year group. Collaborate — Work together to rehearse calling 999. Experience — Learn basic first aid skills. Experience — Create a piece of aid skills. Experience — Secondary school visits Aspire — Transition into new year group. Collaborate — Wake Meak of the aid skills. Experience — Create a piece of aid skills. Experience — Create a piece of selements of health. Experience — Secondary school visits Experience — Secondary school visits No Outsiders Summer 2 Lesson Outcomes To find common ground. To consider how my language affects others. Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support a take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful To that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others and do not make others feel To try not to judge appearance. To consider democracy. Respectful relationships: That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others and do not make others feel To that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others and do not make others feel		 coping strategy 	• minor	 mental health 	advice
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Collaborate – Opportunities to share personal thoughts and feelings about loss and emotions with peers Experience – Managing emotions in different ways (coping strategies) Awareness days/events this half term Outsiders Summer 2 Lesson Outcomes RSE Objectives Respectful relationships: Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support I many contents and the contexts to improve or support I more of the peers (alling 999. Experience – Learn basic first aid skills. Collaborate – Respond to scenario cards in groups. Experience – Create a piece of artwork portraying the elements of health. Experience – Create a piece of artwork portraying the elements of health. Plastic Free July Plastic Free July Plastic Free July Transition No Outsiders Summer 2 To try not to judge appearance. To try not to judge appearance. To consider how experiences shape us. To consider democracy. Respectful relationships: That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others and do not make others feel To different contexts to improve or support towards others and do not make others feel	ACE (Aspire,	Aspire – Transition into new	Aspire – Transition into new	Aspire – Transition into new	Aspire – Transition into new
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No Outsiders Summer 2 Lesson Outcomes	half term	Transition	Transition	Transition	Transition
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take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful friendships are positive and how stereotypes and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive. different from us (for example, physically, in	RSE Objectives	Respectful relationships:	Caring friendships:	Respectful relationships:	Respectful relationships:
different contexts to and welcoming can be unfair, negative when they are very improve or support towards others and do respectful not make others feel can be unfair, negative or destructive. different from us (for example, physically, in		 Practical steps they can 	 That healthy 	 What a stereotype is, 	The importance of
improve or support towards others and do or destructive. different from us (for respectful not make others feel example, physically, in		take in a range of	friendships are positive	and how stereotypes	respecting others, even
respectful not make others feel example, physically, in		different contexts to	and welcoming	can be unfair, negative	when they are very
respectful not make others feel example, physically, in		improve or support	towards others and do	or destructive.	
relationships. lonely or excluded. character, personality		respectful	not make others feel		example, physically, in
		relationships.	lonely or excluded.		character, personality
or background), or		·			or background), or
make different choices,					





Respectful relationships:	or have different
The importance of	preferences or beliefs.
respecting others even	
when they are	
different from them.	
 What a stereotype is 	
and how stereotypes	
can be unfair, negative	
or destructive.	





How each intention is met across units of work

Intention 1: Our children will develop an understand of their community, both local and global.					
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Children begin to explore their local community by learning about the roles of key figures such as local government officials, emergency services, and volunteers. They also examine how they can contribute positively to their community through acts of kindness and responsible behaviour.	Pupils expand their understanding by looking at how their local community connects to the wider world. They learn about different cultures and traditions within their area and explore the concept of fairness, rights, and responsibilities on a local and global scale.	Children develop an understanding of global communities by exploring issues such as climate change, sustainability, and how their actions can have a worldwide impact.	Pupils deepen their understanding of the interconnectedness of local and global communities by studying topics such as international cooperation, global charities, and human rights. They also reflect on how they can take meaningful action to make a positive difference, preparing them to be responsible, active citizens.		

Intention 2: All children will have the opportunity to set personal learning goals.					
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Children are introduced to the	Pupils build on their ability to set	Children develop greater	Pupils refine their goal-setting skills		
concept of personal goals by	goals by identifying longer-term	independence in setting personal	by focusing on preparing for		
reflecting on their strengths and	targets and breaking them into	learning goals by evaluating their	transition to secondary school. They		
areas for growth. They learn to set	smaller, manageable steps. They are	own achievements and identifying	set ambitious, yet realistic, personal		
simple, achievable targets related to	encouraged to take ownership of	specific areas for improvement.	and academic goals and use self-		
their behaviour, friendships, or	their learning goals and reflect on	They are guided to create SMART	reflection to assess their growth and		
learning, supported by their teacher.	their progress regularly.	(Specific, Measurable, Achievable,	plan their next steps with increased		
		Relevant, Time-bound) goals and	confidence and autonomy.		
		track their progress over time.			

Intention 3: Pupils will be equipped with strategies which develop key character traits.					
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Children begin by exploring key	Pupils deepen their understanding	Children focus on developing traits	Pupils refine traits like		
character traits such as kindness,	of character traits like empathy,	such as responsibility, leadership,	independence, self-discipline, and		
resilience, and honesty. Through	perseverance, and teamwork. They	and critical thinking. They learn	resilience as they prepare for the		





role-play and group discussions, they practice strategies like active listening and conflict resolution to build these traits in everyday interactions. are introduced to strategies such as setting personal challenges and collaborating in groups to overcome obstacles, helping them develop these traits further.

strategies like decision-making frameworks and reflective journaling, which help them to make thoughtful choices and lead by example.

transition to secondary school. They use strategies such as mindfulness, goal setting, and peer mentoring to strengthen these traits and apply them in real-life contexts.

Intention 4: Our children will understand how to make good choices which have a positive impact.					
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Children begin by learning to	Pupils expand their understanding	Children delve deeper into complex	Pupils consolidate their		
identify good choices in everyday	by exploring how their choices	decision-making, learning to	understanding by considering how		
situations, such as being kind to	affect others on a wider scale. They	evaluate the long-term effects of	their choices influence their future		
others, sharing, and staying safe.	discuss topics like friendship	their choices. They explore	and the wider world. They explore		
They explore the concept of	dynamics, helping their community,	scenarios involving peer pressure,	topics like online safety, financial		
consequences and how positive	and taking care of the environment,	managing emotions, and personal	decisions, and ethical dilemmas,		
actions can benefit themselves and	emphasizing the impact of their	responsibility, developing strategies	equipping them to make thoughtful,		
those around them.	decisions.	to ensure their decisions lead to	impactful choices as they transition		
		positive outcomes.	to secondary school and beyond.		

Intention 5: Our children will develo	Intention 5: Our children will develop an understanding of safe and healthy relationships.				
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Children begin by learning about the	Pupils build on their understanding	Children deepen their	Pupils enhance their understanding		
qualities of safe and healthy	by discussing how to manage	understanding of safe and healthy	by discussing more complex topics,		
relationships, such as trust,	disagreements and recognise the	relationships by exploring topics like	such as the dynamics of online		
kindness, and respect. They explore	difference between healthy and	peer pressure, bullying, and the role	relationships, managing emotional		
the importance of boundaries and	unhealthy relationships. They learn	of consent. They are taught how to	connections, and respecting		
how to seek help if they feel	strategies for resolving conflicts and	confidently assert themselves,	diversity. They are equipped with		
uncomfortable or unsafe.	respecting others' boundaries in	maintain their boundaries, and	the skills to navigate relationships		
	friendships.	support others in maintaining theirs.	safely and responsibly as they		
			transition to secondary school and		
			adolescence.		





Intention 6: Pupils will acquire self-image and an understanding of changes in their bodies.					
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Children are introduced to the	Pupils build on the foundation from	Children deepen their	Pupils refine their understanding of		
concept of self-image by learning to	Year 3 by discussing the importance	understanding of self-image by	self-image by discussing the		
recognise their unique qualities and	of self-esteem and celebrating	exploring how external influences,	importance of body positivity and		
strengths. They explore basic	differences in appearance and	such as media and peer opinions,	self-acceptance. They explore how		
changes in their bodies, such as	abilities. They learn about early	can affect their perception of	to navigate more complex aspects of		
growth and development, in a	physical changes during puberty and	themselves. They learn in more	puberty, including emotional well-		
positive and age-appropriate way.	how these changes are a natural	detail about the physical and	being, and are equipped with		
	part of growing up.	emotional changes of puberty and	knowledge and strategies to		
		develop strategies to embrace these	approach adolescence with		
		changes with confidence.	resilience and confidence.		





End Points/Impact

1.	Listens carefully to others and respects their opinions.	A great Year 3 leaner	4. Understands simple rules for staying safe in different situations.
		\bigcap	
2.	Identifies their own feelings and begins to manage them effectively.		5. Talks about their strengths and sets small, achievable goals.
3.	Recognises the importance of being kind and making fair choices.		6. Works well with others to solve problems and build positive relationships.

1.	Considers how their actions impact others and works to resolve conflicts fairly.	A great Year 4 learner	4. Recognises and can describe the qualities of healthy friendships and relationships.
2.	Expresses their feelings in a respectful and constructive way.		5. Sets personal goals and identifies steps to achieve them.
3.	Understands the importance of diversity and respects differences in others.		6. Begins to make thoughtful choices that reflect their understanding of responsibility and fairness.





1.	Evaluates the consequences of their
	decisions and takes responsibility for
	their actions.

- 2. Shows empathy by considering different perspectives and supporting peers.
- 3. Manages more complex emotions and seeks support when needed.

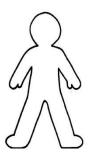
A great Year 5 learner



- 4. Understands and applies strategies to maintain safe and healthy relationships, including online.
- 5. Sets SMART goals and regularly reflects on their progress.
- 6. Actively participates in discussions about societal issues, showing an awareness of fairness and justice.

- 1. Demonstrates independence in managing emotions and resolving conflicts effectively.
- 2. Champions diversity and inclusion, encouraging others to reflect differences.
- 3. Takes an active role in discussions about ethical issues and global challenges.

A great Year 6 learner



- 4. Maintains safe and respectful relationships and recognises unhealthy behaviours.
- 5. Sets ambitious goals for their personal growth and confidently plans their next steps.
- 6. Acts as a role model by making thoughtful, positive choices that benefit themselves and their community.





National Curriculum for KS2

The Harmony Trust PSHE Statements for Health & Well-Being

In Key Stage Two, pupils will learn

Health	Healthy Lifestyles (Physical Well-Being)		
H1	how to make informed decisions about health		
H2	about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle		
Н3	about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these		
H4	how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle		
H5	about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness		
H6	about what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and well-being of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay.		
H7	how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health (e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunities to be physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle		
Н8	about how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour and ability to learn		
Н9	that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and how to maintain it		
H10	how medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations; how allergies can be managed		

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H11	how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing); why regular visits to the
	dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic
	drinks such as fruit juices, smoothies and fruit teas; the effects of smoking)
H12	about the benefits of sun exposure and risks of overexposure; how to keep safe from sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce the risk of skin cancer
H13	about the benefits of the internet; the importance of balancing time online with other activities; strategies for managing time online
H14	how and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in and outside school, if they are worried about their health
Menta	l Health
H15	that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the importance of taking care of mental health
H16	about strategies and behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being involved in community groups, doing things for others, clubs, and activities, hobbies and spending time with family and friends can support mental health and well-being
H17	to recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity
H18	about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings
H19	a varied vocabulary to use when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways
H20	strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations
H21	to recognise warning signs about mental health and well-being and how to seek support for themselves and others
H22	to recognise that anyone can experience mental ill health; that most difficulties can be resolved with help and support; and that it is important to discuss feelings with a trusted adult
H23	about change and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings; ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement
H24	problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and change, including the transition to new schools

Aspire**★**Collaborate **★**Experience





Oursel	ves, Growing & Changing	
H25	about personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.g. ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes)	
H26	that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex	
H27	to recognise their individuality and personal qualities	
H28	to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth	
H29	about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking	
H30	to identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction	
H31	about the physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty (including menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams)	
H32	about how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, the importance of keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene	
H33	about the processes of reproduction and birth as part of the human life cycle; how babies are conceived and born (and that there are ways to prevent a baby being made); how babies need to be cared for ¹	
H34	about where to get more information, help and advice about growing and changing, especially about puberty	
H35	about the new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring	
H36	strategies to manage transitions between classes and key stages	
Keeping Safe		
H37	reasons for following and complying with regulations and restrictions (including age restrictions); how they promote personal safety and well-being with reference to social media, television programmes, films, games and online gaming	

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H38	how to predict, assess and manage risk in different situations
ПЭО	now to predict, assess and manage risk in different situations
H39	about hazards (including fire risks) that may cause harm, injury or risk in the home and what they can
	do to reduce risks and keep safe
H40	about the importance of taking medicines correctly and using household products safely, (e.g.
	following instructions carefully)
H41	strategies for keeping safe in the local environment or unfamiliar places (rail, water, road) and firework
	safety; safe use of digital devices when out and about
H42	about the importance of keeping personal information private; strategies for keeping safe online,
	including how to manage requests for personal information or images of themselves and others; what
	to do if frightened or worried by something seen or read online and how to report concerns,
	inappropriate content and contact
H43	about what is meant by first aid; basic techniques for dealing with common injuries
H44	how to respond and react in an emergency situation; how to identify situations that may require the
	emergency services; know how to contact them and what to say
H45	that female genital mutilation (FGM) is against British law, what to do and whom to tell if they think
D	they or someone they know might be at risk
	, Alcohol & Tobacco
H46	about the risks and effects of legal drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, e-cigarettes/vaping,
	alcohol and medicines) and their impact on health; recognise that drug use can become a habit which
1147	can be difficult to break
H47	to recognise that there are laws surrounding the use of legal drugs and that some drugs are illegal to
1140	own, use and give to others
H48	about why people choose to use or not use drugs (including nicotine, alcohol and medicines)
H49	about the mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping
H50	about the organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or other
	drug use; people they can talk to if they have concerns

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The Harmony Trust PSHE Statements for Relationships Education

In Key Stage Two, pupils will learn

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Famili	es and close positive relationships		
R1	to recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships, family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships)		
R2	that people may be attracted to someone emotionally, romantically and sexually; that people may be attracted to someone of the same sex or different sex to them; that gender identity and sexual orientation are different		
R3	about marriage and civil partnership as a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults who love and care for each other, which is intended to be lifelong		
R4	that forcing anyone to marry against their will is a crime; that help and support is available to people who are worried about this for themselves or others		
R5	that people who love and care for each other can be in a committed relationship (e.g. marriage), living together, but may also live apart		
R6	that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another		
R7	to recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure (including single parents, same-sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster parents); that families of all types can give family members love, security and stability		
R8	to recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty		
R9	how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice		
Friend	Friendships		
R10	about the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive friendships; how positive friendships support well-being		
R11	what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust, truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences, support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online friendships as to face-to-face relationships		

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R12	to recognise what it means to 'know someone online' and how this differs from knowing someone face-to-face; risks of communicating online with others not known face-to-face
R13	the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded
R14	that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded;
	strategies for how to include them
R15	strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others
R16	how friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of friends
R17	that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely
R18	to recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to
	manage this and ask for support if necessary
Mana	ging hurtful behaviour and bullying
R19	about the impact of bullying, including offline and online, and the consequences of hurtful behaviour
R20	strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online (including
	teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excluding of others); how to report
	concerns and get support
R21	about discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it
Safe R	elationships
R22	about privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships (including online)
R23	about why someone may behave differently online, including pretending to be someone they are not;
	strategies for recognising risks, harmful content and contact; how to report concerns
R24	how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts including online)
	whom they do not know.
R25	recognise different types of physical contact; what is acceptable and unacceptable; strategies to respond to unwanted physical contact

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R26	about seeking and giving permission (consent) in different situations		
R27	about keeping something confidential or secret, when this should (e.g. a birthday surprise that others will find out about) or should not be agreed to, and when it is right to break a confidence or share a secret		
R28	how to recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and strategies for managing this		
R29	where to get advice and report concerns if worried about their own or someone else's personal safety (including online)		
Respe	Respecting self and others		
R30	that personal behaviour can affect other people; to recognise and model respectful behaviour online		
R31	to recognise the importance of self-respect and how this can affect their thoughts and feelings about themselves; that everyone, including them, should expect to be treated politely and with respect by others (including when online and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships		

The Harmony Trust PSHE Statements for Living in the Wider World

In Key Stage Two, pupils will learn

Sh	Shared Responsibilities		
L1	to recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws		
L2	to recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone		
L3	about the relationship between rights and responsibilities		
L4	the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others		

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L5	ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home;			
	how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices)			
Comm	Communities			
L6	about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means			
L7	to value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community			
L8	about diversity: what it means; the benefits of living in a diverse community; about valuing diversity within communities			
L9	about stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes			
L10	about prejudice; how to recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced			
Media	Literacy & Digital Resilience			
L11	recognise ways in which the internet and social media can be used both positively and negatively			
L12	how to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results			
L13	about some of the different ways information and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes			
L14	about how information on the internet is ranked, selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information.			
L15	recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on social media; rules surrounding distribution of images			
L16	about how text and images in the media and on social media can be manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation			
Economic Well-Being: Money				
L17	about the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have about this			
L18	to recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good value for money'			



L19	that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. Fair trade, buying
	single-use plastics, or giving to charity)
L20	to recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and wants
L21	different ways to keep track of money
L22	about risks associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping money safe
L23	about the risks involved in gambling; different ways money can be won or lost through gambling-related activities and their impact on health, wellbeing and future aspirations
L24	to identify the ways that money can impact on people's feelings and emotions
Econo	omic Well-Being: Aspirations, Work & Career
L25	to recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes
L26	that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life
L27	about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them
L28	about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career (e.g. personal interests and values, family connections to certain trades or businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs)
L29	that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid
L30	about some of the skills that will help them in their future careers e.g. teamwork, communication and negotiation
L31	to identify the kind of job that they might like to do when they are older
L32	to recognise a variety of routes into careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship, university)
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National Curriculum for KS1

The Harmony Trust PSHE Statements for Health & Well-Being

In Key Stage One, pupils will learn

Health	Healthy Lifestyles (Physical Well-Being)	
H1	about what keeping healthy means, different ways to keep healthy	
H2	about foods that support good health and the risks of eating too much sugar	
Н3	about how physical activity helps us to stay healthy; and ways to be physically active everyday	
Н4	about why sleep is important and different ways to rest and relax	
Н5	simple hygiene routines that can stop germs from spreading	
Н6	that medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations and those that support allergic reactions) can help people to stay healthy	
H7	about dental care and visiting the dentist; how to brush teeth correctly; food and drink that support dental health	
Н8	how to keep safe in the sun and protect skin from sun damage	
Н9	about different ways to learn and play; recognising the importance of knowing when to take a break from time online or TV	
H10	about the people who help us to stay physically healthy	
Menta	l Health	
H11	about different feelings that humans can experience	
H12	how to recognise and name different feelings	
H13	how feelings can affect people's bodies and how they behave	

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H14	how to recognise what others might be feeling	
H15	to recognise that not everyone feels the same at the same time, or feels the same about the same things	
H16	about ways of sharing feelings; a range of words to describe feelings	
H17	about things that help people feel good (e.g. playing outside, doing things they enjoy, spending time with family, getting enough sleep)	
H18	different things they can do to manage big feelings, to help calm themselves down and/or change their mood when they don't feel good	
H19	to recognise when they need help with feelings; that it is important to ask for help with feelings; and how to ask for it	
H20	about change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with this; to recognise what helps people to feel better	
Oursel	ves, Growing & Changing	
H21	to recognise what makes them special	
H22	to recognise the ways in which we are all unique	
H23	to identify what they are good at, what they like and dislike	
H24	how to manage when finding things difficult	
H25	to name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g. vagina, penis, testicles)	
H26	about growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change	
H27	about preparing to move to a new class/year group	
Keepin	Keeping Safe	

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H28	about rules and age restrictions that keep us safe
H29	to recognise risk in simple everyday situations and what action to take to minimise harm
H30	about how to keep safe at home (including around electrical appliances) and fire safety (e.g. not playing with matches and lighters)
H31	that household products (including medicines) can be harmful if not used correctly
H32	ways to keep safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments (e.g. beach, shopping centre, park, swimming pool, on the street) and how to cross the road safely
H33	about the people whose job it is to help keep us safe
H34	basic rules to keep safe online, including what is meant by personal information and what should be kept private; the importance of telling a trusted adult if they come across something that scares them
H35	about what to do if there is an accident and someone is hurt
H36	how to get help in an emergency (how to dial 999 and what to say)
Drugs, Alcohol & Tobacco	
H37	about things that people can put into their body or on their skin; how these can affect how people feel

The Harmony Trust PSHE Statements for Relationships Education

In Key Stage One, pupils will learn

Families and close positive relationships		
R1		about the roles different people (e.g. acquaintances, friends and relatives) play in our lives
R2	2	to identify the people who love and care for them and what they do to help them feel cared for

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R3	about different types of families including those that may be different to their own	
R4	to identify common features of family life	
R5	that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them unhappy or worried	
Friend	dships	
R6	about how people make friends and what makes a good friendship	
R7	about how to recognise when they or someone else feels lonely and what to do	
R8	simple strategies to resolve arguments between friends positively	
R9	how to ask for help if a friendship is making them feel unhappy	
Mana	Managing hurtful behaviour and bullying	
R10	that bodies and feelings can be hurt by words and actions; that people can say hurtful things online	
R11	about how people may feel if they experience hurtful behaviour or bullying	
R12	that hurtful behaviour (offline and online) including teasing, name-calling, bullying and deliberately excluding others is not acceptable; how to report bullying; the importance of telling a trusted adult	
Safe R	telationships	
R13	to recognise that some things are private and the importance of respecting privacy; that parts of their body covered by underwear are private	
R14	that sometimes people may behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not	
R15	how to respond safely to adults they don't know	
R16	about how to respond if physical contact makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe	

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R17	about knowing there are situations when they should ask for permission and also when their permission should be sought	
R18	about the importance of not keeping adults' secrets (only happy surprises that others will find out about eventually)	
R19	basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something they don't want to do and which may make them unsafe	
R20	what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; who to ask for help and vocabulary to use when asking for help; importance of keeping trying until they are heard	
Respec	Respecting self and others	
R21	about what is kind and unkind behaviour, and how this can affect others	
R22	about how to treat themselves and others with respect; how to be polite and courteous	
R23	to recognise the ways in which they are the same and different to others	
R24	how to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively	
R25	how to talk about and share their opinions on things that matter to them	
B		

The Harmony Trust PSHE Statements for Living in the Wider World

In Key Stage One, pupils will learn

Share	Shared Responsibilities	
L1	about what rules are, why they are needed, and why different rules are needed for different situations	
L2	how people and other living things have different needs; about the responsibilities of caring for them	
L3	about things they can do to help look after their environment	
Communities		

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L4	about the different groups they belong to
L5	about the different roles and responsibilities people have in their community
L6	to recognise the ways they are the same as, and different to, other people
Media	a Literacy & Digital Resilience
L7	about how the internet and digital devices can be used safely to find things out and to communicate with others
L8	about the role of the internet in everyday life
L9	that not all information seen online is true
Econo	omic Well-Being: Money
L10	what money is; forms that money comes in; that money comes from different sources
L11	that people make different choices about how to save and spend money
L12	about the difference between needs and wants; that sometimes people may not always be able to have the things they want
L13	that money needs to be looked after; different ways of doing this
Econo	omic Well-Being: Aspirations, Work & Career
L14	that everyone has different strengths
L15	that jobs help people to earn money to pay for things
L16	different jobs that people they know or people who work in the community do
L17	about some of the strengths and interests someone might need to do different jobs
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What the subject looks like at Cavendish Close

What do PSHE lessons at Cavendish Close Junior Academy look like?

Expected pupil **outcomes** for each unit of work will include the following:

- PSHE is taught for 30 minutes twice per week.
- Front cover at the start of every topic including: unit title, PSHE theme, lesson outcomes and key vocabulary. After the front cover, include Harmony Pledge slide for the unit.
- Date and Learning objective (underlined) for all lessons before entering work for the floor book.
- 'Golden Rules' slide included in every lesson PowerPoint and referred to at the beginning of each lesson. See PSHE folder for proforma.
- Make references to the Harmony Pledge at the beginning of the lesson (utilising the MTPs to help you do this). See PSHE folder for proforma.
- Apple and Zippy resources used for the modules specified on the LTP.
- CCJA PSHE MTPs used in every lesson (based on Harmony Trust curriculum but adapted to suit needs of our children at CCJA).
- Key vocabulary introduced at the beginning of the unit (for example, a slide titled 'key vocabulary you may be unsure of'). Picture cues may be used to support this. See PSHE folder for example.
- At least one discussion point to be covered each lesson (whole-class or small groups leading to feeding back to the rest of the class).
- Question boxes available during particular topics to support pupils.
- Personal and Character Development are evidenced through floor book sheets and relevant photographs (eg. Hello Yellow Day, Odd Socks Day).
- One 60-minute No Outsiders lesson taught per half term (dates consistent across school).