



# **History Intent and Implementation**

At Cavendish Close Junior Academy, we aim to deliver a curriculum that helps children to Aspire, Collaborate and Experience a variety of opportunities.

#### Intent

1	Develop chronologically secure knowledge
2	Develop knowledge of a range of historic significant individuals
3	Devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarities and differences
4	Develop a knowledge of British, local and world history
5	Investigate knowledge from the past using a range of historical sources
6	Develop the appropriate use of historical terms

#### Intent explanation

1	Children develop <b>chronologically secure knowledge</b> across British, local and world history that enables them to talk with confidence about the past referring to historical terms, dates and periods, whilst noting connections, contrasts and trends over time.
2	Children develop <b>knowledge about a range of historically significant individuals</b> who have created legacies and who have been influential.
3	Children acquire the necessary skills <b>devise historically valid questions</b> about change, cause, similarities, difference about significant events.
4	Children can <b>develop a secure knowledge of British local and world history</b> to be able to reflect on and be inspired by events that have taken place in the past and discuss how they have impacted on our lives today.
5	Children can <b>investigate knowledge from the past using a range of historical sources to</b> communicate events from the past which are engaging and ignite their curiosity.
6	Children develop a progressive historical vocabulary that enables them to confidently express their ideas and opinions.





#### **ACE Curriculum Statement**

# "A generation which ignores history has no past – and no future." Robert A. Heinlein

At Cavendish Close Junior Academy, we aspire to help children develop as Historians through a range of learning experiences. It is our intention that all children develop a sense of chronology across British, local and world history that enables them to talk with confidence about the past, referring to historical terms, dates and periods, whilst noting connections, contrasts and trends over time. Throughout the curriculum we focus on five main concepts: Leadership, Settlement, Belief, Invasion and Innovation. In History, our aim is to increase pupils' awareness and knowledge of a range of historical individuals who have created legacies and who have influenced our lives today.

By collaborating with their peers, children develop their curiosity and questioning through enquiry and the use of high-quality sources. Children will investigate and interpret events from the past using a range of historical sources that address questions (some of which children devise themselves) about: change, cause, similarities, difference and significance. In addition to working as a team, children are also encouraged to respectfully challenge each other's' views and evidence their findings using research.

Our History teaching offers opportunities for children to recall and organise historical knowledge which engages and ignites their curiosity. All children develop a progressive historical vocabulary that enables them to confidently express their ideas and opinions. Through the History curriculum, children gain a range of historical experiences via themed days, educational visits and external specialists' visits. They experience a wide range of practical activities which encourage them to challenge historical views and question theories. Children are able to build upon their prior knowledge and embed this into their long-term memory through a range of retrieval tasks.

Through all of these, our children are able become ACE Historians.





# **Implementation**

# Long term curriculum coverage

Year Group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
3		Stone Age		Romans	Railways	
4	Anglo Saxons		Monarchs		Ancient Greece	
5	Vikings			Mayans	Egyptians	
6	WW2		Inventions (Victorians)	Shackleton		

# **Key Concepts**

Innovation	
Leadership	
Invasion	
Belief	
Settlement	





# **Skills progression**

Skill	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Chronology  Source investigation	Place the different events/eras of the Stone Age, Roman empire and the early railways on a history timeline.  To use primary and secondary sources to investigate enquiry questions and evaluate the reliability of each sources used.	Place the significant events of the ancient Greeks, Anglo-Saxons and different monarchs on a historical timeline explain the events and why they happened.  To use primary and secondary sources to ask and answer historical questions, evaluating the reliability of the sources to understand which ones are the best to use to answer questions about the past.	Place the events of the Mayan civilisation, Vikings and ancient Egyptians on a historical timeline as well as the topics learned in previous year groups covered.  To use primary and secondary sources to ask and answer historical questions and evaluate the reliability of the sources deciding which ones are the best to use as a source of information. To use research to find their own sources of information and discover further information about different Eras of times.	Place the significant event learned throughout year 3, 4 5 and 6 on a historical timeline with the in-depth knowledge of how long has passed between each era/event and why each event is significant.  To use primary and secondary sources to ask and answer historical questions and evaluate the reliability of the sources deciding which ones are the best to use as a source of information. To understand how we know about the past and who might provide us with information about the past by finding different sources for us to investigate. To use research to find their own sources of information and discover further information about
Questioning	To ask and answer enquiry questions to investigate the key historical Eras.	To ask and answer enquiry questions to investigate the key historical Eras.	To ask and answer enquiry questions to investigate the key historical Eras.	different Eras of times.  To ask and answer enquiry questions to investigate the key historical Eras.
Knowledge of significant events	To be able to understand the significance of the Roman empire and the Stone Age on our lives today. To be able to evaluate the changes in the	To be able to explore the significant event of the Anglo-Saxons and understand how they influence life today by exploring the legacy they left	To investigate the significant events of the Viking Era in Britain. To explore the significant events of the Ancient Mayans and	To know the significant events of the Titanic disaster and Shackleton's expedition.





railway systems over time with specific attention to the history of Derby's railways.  behind. To be able to place significant evens from Greek history on a timeline and understand why these events  Ancient Egyptian civilisation including their beliefs.	To place on a timeline the events of WW2 and how this influenced life today.
of Derby's railways. history on a timeline and	influenced life today.
, , ,	·
understand why these events	
· ·	
were significant to the time.	
Knowledge of To ask questions about To be able to compare and To know the significant	To know how the significant
significant Boudicca and how she was a evaluate different monarchs individuals of the Viking era	and individuals on WW2 were and
individuals successful leader. To be able to and begin to ask questions how they were successful.	understand their impact on the
understand how the leadership about why they were successful To understand who made a	war.
of significant individuals comes or not. To be able to research significant impact of the live	of To explore Shackleton and how
to an end. the significant individuals from people in Mayan and Ancien	t he was successful using his
To explore the significant ancient Greece and understand Egyptian civilisation.	leadership qualities.
individuals in the invention and the difference they made to life	To know the significant
creation of the earliest in Ancient Greece.	individuals from the Victorian
locomotives.	Era and how they impacted our
	life today.
British, local and To explore where the Romans To explore British monarchs and To understand where in the	To know about the significance
world history came from before building an what life was like in Britain world the Vikings came from	of WW2 and how this changed
Empire in Britain. during their reigns. before settling in Britain and	life in Britain from that time
To conduct a local history study  To understand the lives of  where they settled when the	y onwards.
focussing on the history of the ancients Greeks including their arrived in Britain including he	ow To discuss the significant British
railways in Derby. beliefs and what they did to we know this.	inventions from the Victorian
To understand the Stone Age change our lives today. To explore the life of Ancient	Era and why they are important
developments which have To understand where the Anglo- Mayans including their belief	fs. to us today.
influenced our olives today. Saxons came form before they To explore ancient Egyptian I	ife To understand Shackleton's
settled in Britain and where in and the significant individual	s expedition and what this would
Britain the settled. that influenced how they live	ed. have been like for him.
	To understand the Titanic
	disaster and how this has
	influenced the rules on modern
	day voyages.



# Cavendish Close Junior Academy

### **Key Lesson Outcomes**

# Autumn term 1

Year Group	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Unit Title and		Anglo-Saxons	Vikings	WW2
description		In this unit, children will learn	In this unit, children will learn	
		about the settlement of Anglo-	about the Viking raids and	
		Saxons in Britain and how their	invasion including where the	
		lives influence our lives today.	Vikings came from before they	
			came to Britain. Children will	
			be able to understand how	
			Viking life is still clearly	
			influencing our lives in Britain	
			today and where we can find	
			evidence of this.	
Crucial		Britain's settlement by Anglo-	The Viking and Anglo-Saxon	World War II
Curriculum		Saxons and Scots	struggle for the Kingdom of	<ul> <li>to understand key</li> </ul>
Content		- Roman withdrawal	England.	dates in the war and
		from Britain in c. AD	<ul> <li>Viking raids and</li> </ul>	the significant
		410 and the fall of the	invasion	individuals and
		western Roman Empire	<ul> <li>resistance by Alfred</li> </ul>	countries involved.
		<ul> <li>Scots invasions from</li> </ul>	the Great and	<ul> <li>To understand the</li> </ul>
		Ireland to north Britain	Athelstan, first king of	explore what life would
		(now Scotland)	England	be like for a child
		- Anglo-Saxon invasions,	- further Viking	during the war.
		settlements and	invasions and	- To link to local history
		kingdoms: place names	Danegeld	of Derby and Rolls
		and village life		Royce.
		<ul> <li>Anglo-Saxon art and</li> </ul>		
		culture		





Key Concepts	<b>Settlements</b> -Anglo Saxon and the seven kingdoms.	Settlement - Settlement of the Vikings	Innovation – Computers (enigma), Atomic bomb, penicillin
	Invasion – the invasion of the Anglo-Saxons against the Scots.  Leadership- Alfred the Great	Invasion - Viking Invasion	Invasion – how the War started, why the war started, what life was life during the war, what life was like on the home front.  Leadership – key leaders during the war and their impact  Belief – How the Jews were
			treated
Lesson outcomes	<ol> <li>To place significant events in history of the Anglo-Saxons on a timeline.</li> <li>To understand which regions the Anglo-Saxons came from and why they settled in Britain.</li> <li>To know why the Anglo Saxons settled in Britain</li> <li>To use a range of sources to ask and respond to historical questions.</li> <li>To explain the legacy left behind by the Anglo-Saxons</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>To be able to place significant events from the Viking era on a timeline</li> <li>To explain when and where the Vikings came from.</li> <li>To investigate why the Vikings raided Britain.</li> <li>To understand how history has stereotypically presented the Vikings</li> <li>To explore how place names gives us information about Viking settlements.</li> <li>To explore the historical context of Danelaw and</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>To place key events from WW2 on a timeline.</li> <li>To identify the main countries involved in WW2 and their leaders.</li> <li>To identify significant people who were involved in WW2</li> <li>To identify item used on the Homefront.</li> <li>To analyse the life of a WW2 key figure</li> <li>To understand what life would have been like for a</li> </ol>





Key Vocabulary	<ul> <li>6. To understand why Anglo-Saxon villagers settled in certain places</li> <li>7. To explain the significance of the Anglo-Saxons seven kingdoms on the Early history of England.</li> <li>Kingdom Invasion</li> <li>Settlement</li> <li>Warrior</li> <li>Conflict</li> <li>Migration</li> </ul>	recognise its lasting effects.  Raids Settlement Invasion Vikings Anglo-Saxons	child during the war when they were evacuated.  7. To understand the concept of make do and mend and how this helped people cope with war on the Homefront.  Alliance Propaganda Evacuee Nazi Blitz Holocaust Ration Homefront
ACE (Aspire, Collaborate, Experience) links	Aspire – Children to explore the legacy left behind by the Anglo-Saxons in Britain.  Collaborate – Children will use different sources to investigate questions as a class looking at the changes the Anglo-Saxons made to our life today.  Experience – Anglo-Saxon Day	Aspire – Children to explore the legacy the Vikings left behind in Britain.  Collaborate – The use of historical sources to answer class enquiry questions.  Experience – Vikings day	Aspire – How has WW2 impacted life in Britain today. Exploring The life of Churchill and how this is significant to our life today.  Collaborate – Children to work together to generate questions and ideas about what life would have been like for children being evacuated.  Experience – WW2 day (school visit)





#### Autumn term 2

Year Group	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Unit Title and	Stone Age to Iron Age			
description	In this unit, children will learn			
	about the development from			
	the Stone Age to the Iron Age			
	with a particular focus on how			
	people lived in these eras.			
Crucial	Children should be taught			
Curriculum	about changes in Britain from			
Content	the Stone Age to the Iron Age.			
	<ul> <li>late Neolithic hunter-</li> </ul>			
	gatherers and early			
	farmers, for example,			
	Skara Brae			
	- Bronze Age religion,			
	technology and travel,			
	for example,			
	Stonehenge			
	- Iron Age hill forts:			
	tribal kingdoms,			
	farming, art and			
	culture			
<b>Key Concepts</b>	Settlement – Nomadic to			
	farming and a study of Skara			
	Brae			
	<b>Belief</b> – The study of			
	Stonehenge			
	Innovation – Stone Age tools			
	to the iron age			

Our ACE Curriculum

 $Aspire \star Collaborate \star Experience$ 





Lesson outcomes	<ol> <li>To place the different eras of the Stone Age on a history timeline.</li> <li>To ask and respond to questions using historical sources.</li> <li>To explore why Stonehenge is a significant historical landmark.</li> <li>To investigate what Stone Age Humans used to hunt or build.</li> <li>To understand how the Stone Age developed into the Iron age.</li> <li>To explain the ways in which Stone Age humans found food.</li> </ol>		
Key Vocabulary	Neolithic Palaeolithic Mesolithic Chronology Settlements Artefacts		
ACE (Aspire, Collaborate, Experience) links	Aspire – Children will aspire to be historians by asking enquiry questions about The Stone Age Collaborate – Children will use different sources to investigate questions as a class.  Experience – Stone Age Day		





#### Spring term 1

Year Group	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Unit Title and		Monarchs		Inventions (Victorians)
description		In this unit, children will learn		In this unit, children in explore
		how to compare the lives of		how the inventions from the
		different monarchs throughout		Victorian Era have impacted
		history. Children will be able to		and influenced our lives today
		understand how different		including the work of
		monarchs were successful and		significant individuals from this
		how their reigns influenced our		era.
		lives today.		
Crucial		A study of an aspect or theme		Victorian inventions – a local
Curriculum		in British history that extends		history study
Content		pupils' chronological		<ul> <li>A depth study linked to</li> </ul>
		knowledge beyond 1066		one of the British areas
		which can include:		of study listed above
				<ul> <li>A study over time</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>the changing power of</li> </ul>		tracing how several
		monarchs using case		aspects of national
		studies such as John,		history are reflected in
		Anne and Victoria		the locality (this can go
				beyond 1066)
				<ul> <li>a study of an aspect of</li> </ul>
				history or a site dating
				from a period beyond
				1066 that is significant
				in the locality
Key Concepts		<b>Leadership</b> –Was Henry VIII a		Innovation – study of sources
		good leader?		and how they have impacted
		<b>Beliefs</b> – How Henry VIII Beliefs		our lives today.
		change Britain.		

Our ACE Curriculum

**A**spire**★**Collaborate **★**Experience





		Settlement – rich and poor, Wilmott family in Derby, workhouses and Alms houses Belief – Christianity
Lesson outcomes	<ol> <li>To place significant British monarchs on a timeline of events in British, World and local history.</li> <li>To ask and respond to questions using historical sources</li> <li>To understand Henry VIII impact on modern Britain</li> <li>Why was Queen Victoria a significant monarch?</li> <li>To compare two significant monarchs (Elizabeth II and Victoria I).</li> <li>To compare the reign of two significant monarchs.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>To learn the key facts and dates of the Industrial Revolution and place them on a timeline.</li> <li>To identify the significance of key inventors in the Industrial Revolution.</li> <li>To know key transportation inventions which assisted the Industrial Revolution.</li> <li>To investigate sources of information of how innovations have impact society in the modern day.</li> <li>To understand how the Industrial Revolution affected the growth of settlements in the local area.</li> <li>To recognise the significance and the work of Richard Arkwright.</li> </ol>
Key Vocabulary	Empire Reign Monarch Heir Queen	Industrial Revolution Patent Reliability Agriculture Industrialisation

 $A {\sf spire} {\bigstar} Collaborate {\bigstar} E {\sf xperience}$ 





	King	Mechanism Production
ACE (A amina	A anting Children will	Assissa Harribarra tha
ACE (Aspire,	Aspire – Children will	Aspire – How have the
Collaborate,	investigate different Monarchs	inventions from the Victorian
Experience) links	and understand why they	era impacted our life in Britain
	were/weren't successful.	today.
	Collaborate – Children will use	Collaborate – Children to
	a range of historical sources to	collaborate in their learning
	answer questions about	abut the inventions from the
	whether Henry VIII was a great	Victorian ear using primary and
	leader as a class.	secondary sources to
	Experience – Monarchs Day	investigate.
		Experience – School visit about
		the history of the television.





#### Spring term 2

Year Group	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Unit Title and	Romans and the Roman		Mayan civilisation	Shackleton / Titanic
description	Empire		In this unit, children will learn	
	In this unit, children will learn		about the beliefs of the Mayan	
	about how the Romans came		civilisation and the different	
	to Britain and influenced the		Gods and goddesses the	
	life of people in Britain today.		believed in with an aim to be	
	They will also learn about the		able to compare them.	
	end of the Roman empire, how		Children will also learn to	
	this happened and who ruled		understand the demise of the	
	Britain after this.		Mayan civilisation.	
Crucial	Children should be taught		Children should be taught	
Curriculum	about the Roman Empire and		about a non-European society	
Content	its impact on Britain.		that provides contrasts with	
	<ul> <li>Julius Caesar's</li> </ul>		British history which could	
	attempted invasion in		include:	
	55-54 BC			
	- the Roman Empire by		- early Islamic	
	AD 42 and the power		civilization, including a	
	of its army		study of Baghdad c. AD	
	<ul> <li>British resistance, for</li> </ul>		900;	
	example, Boudica		- Mayan civilization c.	
			AD 900; Benin (West	
			Africa) c. AD 900-1300.	
<b>Key Concepts</b>	Leadership and Invasion –		Belief – Mayan Gods and	
	Invading Britain, Boudicca		sacrifice	
	Belief – Roman Gods		<b>Leadership</b> – Mayan Rule	
	Innovation – The legacy the			
	Romans left in Britain			

Our ACE Curriculum

 $Aspire \star Collaborate \star Experience$ 





Lesson outcomes	<ol> <li>To place significant events of the Roman Empire on a timeline.</li> <li>To ask and respond to questions using historical sources</li> <li>(Roman Day)</li> <li>To investigate why Britain resisted Roman invasion.</li> <li>To understand the legacy the Romans left in Britain.</li> <li>To discover how religion impacted Roman life.</li> <li>To understand Julius Caesar as a leader</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>To identify and use a range of evidence sources to understand more about the Maya civilisation.</li> <li>To explain the religious beliefs of the Maya people and understand how they worshipped.</li> <li>To describe similarities and differences between Gods and Goddesses across periods of history.</li> <li>To evaluate the leadership of King Pakal the Great.</li> <li>To explore the demise of the Maya Civilisation and its rulers.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>To place key events of Shackleton's expedition to the Antarctic on a timeline.</li> <li>To be able to use sources of information to begin to understand what it was like to survive in the Antarctic on Shackleton's expedition</li> <li>To be able to place key events of the Titanic's disaster on a timeline.</li> <li>To question, using historical sources, who they believe to be responsible for the sinking of the Titanic.</li> <li>To be able to explain what happened during the disaster, giving reasons for their viewpoints from a range of sources about how the sinking of the Titanic has influenced boat laws on voyages today.</li> </ol>
Key Vocabulary	Empire Invasion Celt Tribe Rebellion Ancient	Chicen Itza Sacrifice Glyphs Itzamna Codices Meso America	





ACE (Aspire,	Aspire – Children will learn	Aspire – Children to learn	Aspire – explore Shackleton's
Collaborate,	about great Roman leaders and	about why Gods and	leadership qualities and how
Experience) links	why they were so successful.	Goddesses were worshipped	he was successful.
	Collaborate - Children will use	by the Mayans and Mayan	Collaborate – Work as teams
	source investigations as a class	leaders.	to be successful on Shackleton
	to answer enquiry questions	Collaborate – Children to	experience day by applying
	Experience – Roman	compose questions to	leadership qualities.
	Day/making Roman Scutums	investigate sources about	Experience – Shackleton
		Mayan Civilisation	experience day
		Experience – Mayans Day	





# Summer term 1

Year Group	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Unit Title and	Railways – A Local history	Ancient Greece	Egyptians	
description	study	In this unit, children will learn	In this unit, children will learn	
	In this unit, children will learn	about the life and beliefs of	about the significant	
	about the development of the	ancient Greeks and these	individuals, events and beliefs	
	railways over time. There will	influenced our life today.	of the ancient Egyptians.	
	be a particular focus on the			
	development of the railway			
	systems on Derby.			
Crucial	Children should be taught	Children should be taught	Children should be taught	
Curriculum	about a local history study.	about Ancient Greece	about the achievements of the	
Content	<ul> <li>a study over time</li> </ul>	a study of Greek life	earliest civilizations	
	tracing how several	and achievements and	- An overview of where	
	aspects of national	their influence on the	and when the first	
	history are reflected in	western world	civilizations appeared	
	the locality (this can go		and a depth study of	
	beyond 1066)		one of the following:	
	<ul> <li>a significant turning</li> </ul>		- Ancient Sumer; The	
	point in British history,		Indus Valley; Ancient	
	for example, the first		Egypt; The Shang	
	railways or the Battle		Dynasty of Ancient	
	of Britain		China	
<b>Key Concepts</b>	Settlement - Local arena study.	· Beliefs – Gods and goddesses	Belief – Egyptian Gods	
	What did it the railways do for			
	Derby	• Settlements – Athens and	Innovation – The river Nile,	
	<b>Belief</b> – positives and negatives of	Sparta	Pyramids, Hieroglyphics, papyrus	
	the railways	· Innovation – How has Greek		
	che ranways	innovation impacted Britain		
	Innovation – Steam	today.		





<ul> <li>I. To place significant events of the invention of the railways on a timeline.</li> <li>I. To find out how steam locomotives developed over time</li> <li>I. To ask and respond to questions using historical sources</li> <li>I. To find out what the</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>To place key events on a historical timeline.</li> <li>To identify significant people in Ancient Greek history</li> <li>To compare two different Ancient Greek Settlements</li> <li>To understand the beliefs of the Ancient Greeks</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>To place significant leaders on a timeline of events in British, World and local history.</li> <li>2To use a range of sources to understand what was important to people during ancient Egyptian times.</li> <li>To understand and explain</li> </ol>	
of the invention of the railways on a timeline. 2. To find out how steam locomotives developed over time 3. To ask and respond to questions using historical sources	historical timeline.  2. To identify significant people in Ancient Greek history  3. To compare two different Ancient Greek Settlements  4. To understand the beliefs	leaders on a timeline of events in British, World and local history.  2. 2To use a range of sources to understand what was important to people during ancient Egyptian times.	
positive and negative impact of the railways were on Derby.  To understand how the introduction of steam changed the way people travelled in the East Midlands.  To understand the advantages and disadvantages of the	<ul> <li>5. To understand the influence Ancient Greek culture had on modern day Britain</li> <li>6. How does Ancient Greek innovation impact modern day Britain?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>the beliefs of ancient Egyptian ritual of mummification</li> <li>4. To use sources to explore the significance of Tutankhamun.</li> <li>5. To make connections, and notice contrasts and trends over time by exploring Egyptian writing.</li> <li>6. To compare the powers of different Egyptian gods</li> </ul>	
ocomotive	Athens		
Network	Sparta	Pharaoh	
ndustry	Gods	Egypt	
Revolution	Goddesses	Cleopatra	
Machinery Technology	Olympics	Tutankhamun	
o. Ne n	impact of the railways were on Derby. To understand how the introduction of steam changed the way people travelled in the East Midlands. To understand the advantages and disadvantages of the different train types ecomotive etwork dustry evolution achinery	impact of the railways were on Derby. To understand how the introduction of steam changed the way people travelled in the East Midlands. To understand the advantages and disadvantages of the different train types  comotive etwork dustry evolution achinery  culture had on modern day Britain  6. How does Ancient Greek innovation impact modern day Britain?  Athens Sparta Gods Goddesses Olympics	impact of the railways were on Derby. To understand how the introduction of steam changed the way people travelled in the East Midlands. To understand the advantages and disadvantages of the different train types  Athens Etwork dustry Evolution achinery  Culture had on modern day Britain  4. To use sources to explore the significance of Tutankhamun.  5. To make connections, and notice contrasts and trends over time by exploring Egyptian writing.  6. To compare the powers of different Egyptian gods from different eras.  Leader Pharaoh Egypt Cleopatra Tutankhamun



ACE (Aspire,
Collaborate,
<b>Experience) links</b>

Aspire – The children will learn about the invention of the railways and how this developed over time.

**Collaborate** – The children will work together to investigate how the railways in Derby have changed over time using historical sources.

**Experience** – Trip to the great central railways

**Aspire** – Children to research significant people in Greek history and the impact they have left behind.

Collaborate - Children to compose and answer enquiry questions about Greek settlements.

**Experience** – Greek Day

**Aspire** – children to understand what was important to people in the Egyptian times compared to the present day.

**Collaborate** – use sources to explore the significance of Tutankhamun and the discovery of his tomb

**Experience** – Egyptian day





# How each intention is met across units of work

Intention 1: Develop chronologically secure knowledge						
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Place key events from the Stone Age, Romans and the development of the Railway on a timeline using dates.	Place the periods in History taught across school on a timeline using dates. Compare and contrast how people lived in Ancient Greece to Britain during the same time.	Place the periods in History taught across school on a timeline using dates and key events. Place key events, artefacts and key figures (for Ancient Egypt, Mayans and Vikings) in order on a timeline using date.	Create a scaled timeline based on the periods of history studied and include additional periods not studied at Cavendish Close Place a wider variety of events, artefacts and key figures for WWII in order on a detailed timeline using dates and annotated key event/facts.			

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Develop their knowledge of	Develop their knowledge of	Understand how Howard Carter's	To understand the influence and
Boudicca and understand why she	Alexander the Great Alfred the	discovery of Tutunkhamun's tomb	significance of key Victorians and
was an important figure.	Great and King Raedwald and	was so significant in finding out	their impact on our lives today
	understand why they were	about life in Ancient Egypt and	through their inventions.
	important figures.	understand the influence and	
	Develop their knowledge of	significance of key figures on life	
	different monarchs and how these	today.	
	became successful.		





Intention 3: Devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarities and differences					
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Use their historical knowledge and	Use their historical knowledge and	Use their historical knowledge and	Children to describe, explain and		
understanding to show, describe,	understanding to show, describe,	understanding to show, describe,	debate, in depth, in a variety of		
explain and start to debate on	explain and start to debate on	explain and start to debate in a	ways different issues from the past		
topics related to the Anglo Saxons	topics related to the Anglo Saxons	variety of ways ideas related to	and how they feel about them		
and Ancient Greeks.	and Ancient Greeks.	Ancient Egypt, The Vikings and	expressing their own opinions from		
		Mayan civilisation.	a range of sources found.		

Intention 4: Develop a knowledge of British, local and world history					
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Reflect on and explain how the	Reflect on and explain how the	Children will compare Ancient	Evaluate and assess the reason,		
Stone Age, Romans and the	Ancient Greeks, Anglo Saxons and	Egyptian, Viking and Mayan	impact and significance of wartime		
Industrial Revolution have	Vikings have influenced life today.	Civilisation and understand how	events and apply their knowledge to		
influenced life in the Western		they influenced life in Britain today.	think about what would happen if		
world.			events happened differently.		

Intention 5: Investigate knowledge from the past using a range of historical sources					
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Children will use different primary and secondary sources to find out about the people from the periods of History studied using source investigations	Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of different primary sources and will use both primary and secondary sources to generate a hypothesis in answer to an enquiry question.	Understand the difference between primary and secondary sources and how these can give us different information and use both primary and secondary sources to generate a hypothesis in answer to an enquiry question and generate their own enquiry questions.	Recognise and compare a range of primary and secondary sources of evidence to make evaluations and deduce information and use and analyse a range of different primary and secondary sources to generate a hypothesis in answer enquiry questions which they have		
		, and any questions.	generated themselves.		





Intention 6: Develop the appropriate use of historical terms					
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Develop and improve their historical	Develop and improve their historical	Develop and improve their historical	Develop and improve their historical		
vocabulary so they can express their	vocabulary so they can express their	vocabulary so they can express their	vocabulary so they can express their		
ideas and opinions.	ideas and opinions as well as finding	ideas and opinions clearly and	ideas and opinions.		
	new key vocabulary throughout	effectively to express own historical	clearly and effectively to express		
	their learning.	ideas.	historical ideas with influence and		
			impact on the audience.		

# **End Points/Impact**

Place the periods in History taught across school on a timeline using dates.	A great Historian in Year 3	
Place key events from the Stone Age, Romans and the development of the Railway on a timeline using dates.	$\bigcap$	Develop their knowledge of Boudicca and understand why she was an important figure.
Children will use different primary sources to find out about the people from the periods of History studied.		Develop and improve their historical vocabulary so they can express their ideas and opinions.
Use their historical knowledge and understanding to describe and explain key facts related to the Romans, the Stone Age and the development of the Railways.		Reflect on and explain how the Stone Age, Romans and the Industrial Revolution have influenced life in the Western world.





Place the periods in History taught across school on a timeline using dates.

Compare and contrast how people lived in Ancient Greece to Britain during the same time.

Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of different primary sources and will use both primary and secondary sources to generate a hypothesis in answer to an enquiry question.

Use their historical knowledge and understanding to show, describe, explain and start to debate on topics related to the Anglo Saxons and Ancient Greeks.

## A great Historian in Year 4



Develop their knowledge of Alexander the Great Alfred the Great and King Raedwald and understand why they were important figures.

Develop their knowledge of different monarchs and how these became successful.

Develop and improve their historical vocabulary so they can express their ideas and opinions.

Reflect on and explain how the Ancient Greeks, Anglo Saxons and monarchs have influenced life today.





Place the periods in History taught across school on a timeline using dates and key events.

Place key events, artefacts and key figures (for Ancient Egypt, Mayans and Vikings) in order on a timeline using date.

Understand the difference between primary and secondary sources and how these can give us different information and use both primary and secondary sources to generate a hypothesis in answer to an enquiry question and generate their own enquiry questions.

Use their historical knowledge and understanding to show, describe, explain and start to debate in a variety of ways ideas related to Ancient Egypt, The Vikings and Mayan civilisation.

# A great Historian in Year 5



Understand how Howard Carter's discovery of Tutunkhamun's tomb was so significant in finding out about life in Ancient Egypt and understand the influence and significance of key figures on life today.

Develop and improve their historical vocabulary so they can express their ideas and opinions. clearly and effectively to express historical ideas.

Children will compare Ancient Egyptian, Viking and Mayan Civilisation and understand how they influenced life in Britain today.





Create a scaled timeline based on the periods of history studied and include additional periods not studied at Cavendish Close

Place a wider variety of events, artefacts and key figures for WWII in order on a detailed timeline using dates and annotated key event/facts.

Recognise and compare a range of primary and secondary sources of evidence to make evaluations and deduce information and use and analyse a range of different primary and secondary sources to generate a hypothesis in answer to an enquiry question.

Children to describe, explain and debate, in depth, in a variety of ways different issues from the past and how they feel about them expressing their own opinions from a range of sources found.

# A great Historian in Year 6



To understand the influence and significance of key Victorians and their impact on our lives today through their inventions.

Develop and improve their historical vocabulary so they can express their ideas and opinions. clearly and effectively to express historical ideas with influence and impact on the audience.

Evaluate and assess the reason, impact and significance of wartime events and apply their knowledge to think about what would happen if events happened differently.





#### **National Curriculum for KS2**

Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources. In planning to ensure the progression described above through teaching the British, local and world history outlined below, teachers should combine overview and depth studies to help pupils understand both the long arc of development and the complexity of specific aspects of the content.

#### **National Curriculum for KS1**

Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions, choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented. In planning to ensure the progression described above through teaching about the people, events and changes outlined below, teachers are often introducing pupils to historical periods that they will study more fully at key stages 2 and 3. Pupils should be taught about:





#### What the subject looks like at Cavendish Close

What do History and Geography lessons at Cavendish Close Junior Academy look like?

Expected pupils outcomes for each unit of work will include the following:

- Front cover at start of every topic including: I wonder, key outcomes, key vocabulary, the big question (share and complete 'I wonder' in lesson 1)
- Pre-learning and post learning task sheet following front cover. Children self assess using smiley, neutral and sad faces (first lesson and final lesson)
- Date and Learning objective (underlined) all lessons
- At least 2 Quadrant grids per unit: These should include (History example): previous year group (History); previous term (Geography); previous week (History) and last lesson (History).
- At least two examples of low stakes quizzing per unit, to recap main knowledge skills and concepts with long term memory retention in mind. (Mini quizzes, kahoot quiz etc...).
- At least two 'Thinkers' keys per unit with a written response from children
- At least one extended writing opportunity per unit with differentiated structure strips related to English and History/Geography.
- At least one single/double page spread per unit (Y5 & Y6 expectation is double).
- At least one knowledge/graphic organiser per unit (Year 3: Single Bubble, Year 4: Double Bubble, Year 5: Flow Chart/Multi-Flow Chart, Year 6: Brace Chart)
- Post learning task to be completed and self-assessed in final lesson on the other half of the original sheet.
- Remember to utilise the iPads as a tool for learning

Displays will include the following:

- The Big Question
- Key vocabulary
- Key concepts (see concepts document on website under curriculum tab)
- Questions based on the unit of work that children will answer throughout the unit

Proformas to be provided: Pre/post learning, Quadrant grids, Thinkers' keys.