

Knowledge Organiser Year 6: What are National Parks for?

Key objective

Understand the location, distribution and purposes of National Parks in Great Britain and how they are managed in a way to ensure their sustainability.

Important subject vocabulary I will learn

Landscape	everything that can be seen when looking at a particular place
Agriculture	growing crops and rearing animals on farms
Industry	businesses that sell products and services
Urban	a built up area such as a city with a high population density
Rural	areas of countryside outside of built up areas
Remote:	a place fond a long way away from people
Enhance	improve the quality of something
Conflict	two or more things which clash or are opposed to each other
Management	working to make sure that human and environmental needs are balanced
Vegetation	the plant life including trees found covering the ground

Important places I will visit



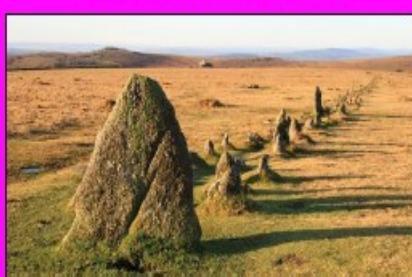
Northumberland National Park



South Downs National Park



Cairngorms National Park



Dartmoor National Park

Important management challenges I will understand



Increasing numbers of visitors



The need for local jobs and housing



Conserving and enhancing the environment

Important things I will know, understand and be able to do:

- 1) The names and locations of the fifteen National Parks of Great Britain.
The main distinctive physical features of National Parks.
- 2) How the distribution of National Parks compares with the distribution of uplands and urban areas.
What the term 'cultural heritage' means.
- 3) The distinctive physical and cultural features of a National Park that is close by.
The three aims or purposes of National Parks.
- 4) Why areas of Great Britain are chosen as National Parks.
- 5) That sometimes these three purposes of National Parks conflict with each other and that because of this potential conflict, National Parks have to be carefully managed.
- 6) How and why National Parks in the USA are similar to and different from National Parks in Great Britain.