

Year 6 Computing: Communicating Media					
Crucial Knowledge & Skills			Key Concepts	Other Key Vocabulary	
A video is a visual media format.	Videos can be reshot and edited.	To use video cameras to capture still and moving subjects	Creating Media 	Split: Dividing a video into two or more parts. Shot: A single piece of filming.	
Know how to edit video clips using trim and split clip tools.	Different camera angles help to make a video more effective.				
Shots: Different types of camera views that show parts of a scene, like taking different pictures of the same place.	Camera Angle: The position from which the camera looks at things, like looking from above, below, or at eye level.		Design and Development 	Pan: Moving the camera from side to side to see more of the scene. Zoom: Making the camera view closer or farther away.	
	Close Up: When the camera shows just a person's face or a small thing very big, so you can see lots of details.		Computing Systems & Networks 	Camera Work: How the camera moves and is used to help tell the story. Content: What the video or movie is about—the story, characters, and what you see.	
	Wide Shot: When the camera shows a big area so you see everything around.				
	Bird's Eye View: When the camera looks straight down from high above, like a bird flying in the sky.		Impact of Technology 	Storytelling: The way a story is told through pictures, words, sounds, and acting to entertain and share ideas. Static Object: An object that doesn't move or change, staying still in the scene.	
			Safety and Security 		

