









Subject Specific Vocabulary		Sticky Knowledge	Key Concepts
Centurion	A centurion was a position in the Roman army	The Celts lived in Britain before the Romans	 Continuity and change  Invasion and settlement
Emperor	The Roman emperor was the ruler of the Roman Empire during the imperial period.		
Aqueduct	The Roman aqueduct was a channel or bridge like structure used to transport fresh water.	Boudicca was a queen of the British Celtic Icenii tribe who led an uprising against the occupying forces of the Roman Empire. Rome was created by two brothers, Romulus and Remus who were abandoned after they were born	 Monarchy  Local
Gladiator	A gladiator was an armed combatant who entertained audiences in the Roman Republic and Roman Empire in violent confrontations with other gladiators.		 Empire  Migration
Conquer	To overcome and take control of (a place or people) by military force.		Romans used to eat food like dormice dipped in honey.
Invasion/ Invader	Entering a country or region with an armed force.	Rome is the capital city of Italy which is in Europe	Skills Establish a chronological context of the Romanisation and invasion of England. -Assess, through discussion, the validity of research -Ask rich and searching questions
Romanisation	The spreading and adopting of Roman culture and language in Western countries.	When the Romans came to Britain they helped us by creating roads; a written language (which was Latin); introduced coins and even introduced rabbits to our country.	
Roman Baths	designed for bathing and relaxing and were a common feature of cities throughout the Roman empire.		



Prior Learning	Local/National	Unit Objective
<p>Stone Age life and the development and improved aspects of life.</p> <p>Prehistoric Britain was a time before Jesus was born.</p>	<p>The Roman amphitheatre at Chester was the largest in Britain.</p> <p>The city of Chester was not just a small fort, the Romans meant to stay, building a city for their 20th Legion.</p>	<p>The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Roman Empire by AD 42 and the power of its army. - British resistance, for example, Boudica - ‘Romanisation’ of Britain: sites such as Caerwent and the impact of technology, culture and beliefs, including early Christianity