Year 6 : Autumn 2

Knowledge organiser: Homes and houses

Noun bank : Rooms in the house

une maison- a house
une chambre- a bedroom
une cuisine - the kitchen
une salle de bains- a bathroom
une salle à manger- a dining room
un salon- a lounge
un jardin- a garden

Noun bank : Objects in the house

une table - a table
un fauteuil- an armchair
une porte - a door
une fenêtre - a window
un lit - a bed
un tapis - a rug

Grammar Bank

In French, when we use **'la' or 'le'**, we're referring to something specific.
For example, **'la cuisine'** means 'the kitchen' (we know *exactly* which one we're talking about).

When we want to talk about something nonspecific, we use **'une' or 'un'**. For instance, **'une cuisine'** means 'a kitchen' (it could be *any* kitchen).

To switch between **'une/un'** and **'le/la'**, follow this rule:
- Change **'une'** to **'la'**.
- Change **'un'** to **'le'**.

Grammar Bank

We use **"il y a ..."** in French to mean both "There is ..." and "There are ..."

Phonics

"on" (mais**on**, sal**on**)
"euil" (faut**euil**)
"a" (s**a**lle, s**a**lon, t**a**ble, t**a**pis)

Adjectives (masculine/feminine)

petit/petite - small
grand/grande - big
beau/belle - beautiful
vieux/vieille - old
lumineux/ lumineuse - bright
utile - useful
moderne - modern
confortable - comfortable

Grammar Bank

Some adjectives change the spelling to match the noun:
La cuisine est **petite**.
La chambre est **moderne**.
Le salon est **beau**.
Le lit est **confortable**.





