

Year 2 Autumn Term : History Knowledge Mat

The Great Fire of London

Key Vocabulary		Images	A Year 2 historian should be able to...
firebreaks	Removing buildings and things in the way of the fire.	   	➤ Place events from the Great Fire of London on a simple timeline and use the timeline to answer questions. To know it happened long ago, before the pupils were born. ➤ Explain how buildings were constructed in London in 1666, identifying materials such as wood and thatch, and explain why these made fires spread quickly. ➤ Describe who Samuel Pepys was and explain that he kept a diary which gives us important information about the Great Fire of London.
source	Something which tells us about our topic.		
Samuel Pepys	A Member of Parliament who wrote about the Great Fire of London in his diary.		
Timeline	A tool that shows us the order in which things happened.		
Fire fighters	People who put out fires.		
past	Something which has already happened.		
Government	A group of people who make the law of the land and ensures that all the people are treated fairly by those laws.		
law	A set of instructions put in place to keep people safe.		
insurance	Something that protects you against the loss of something, by giving you money to replace it.		
timber	Large lengths of wood which were used to make buildings.		

King Charles II

Samuel Pepys

Year 2 Spring 1: History Knowledge Mat

Captain Scott

Key Vocabulary		Images	A Year 2 historian should be able to...
Telegram	A message sent by an electrical telegraph operator.	    	➤ Explain that historians use evidence (such as photographs, diaries, and letters) to find out about people and events in the past. ➤ Use simple historical vocabulary accurately, including past, expedition, explorer, diary, letter and source. ➤ Describe how Captain Scott's crew lived at base camp, including shelter, food, clothing and daily routines.
Explorer	A person who explores a new or unfamiliar area.		
Expedition	A journey undertaken by a group of people with a particular purpose		
Prow	The most forward part of a ship.		
Doctrine of discovery	An old law which meant that if you discovered a land, you could claim it for your country and monarch.		
Base Camp	A starting point for the expedition.		

Year 2 Summer Term : History Knowledge Mat

Transport Through time

Key Vocabulary		Images		A Year 2 historian should be able to...
Carriage	A place that people can sit in to be pulled along by a horse or a train's engine.			➤ Explain how the invention of air travel changed the way people lived, including faster journeys and the ability to travel long distances. ➤ Use evidence (pictures, photographs, descriptions) to identify similarities and differences between vehicles from different periods.
Travel	Moving from one place to another.			
Transport	Carrying people or goods from one place to another.	Hackney Carriage		
Steam Engine	A steam engine uses steam from boiling water to make it move. The steam pushes the moving parts.	Electric Car		
Electric Car	Electric cars use electricity to make the motor turn.			
petrol	Petrol is the fuel used in petrol engines to make cars move.			
motor	A motor turns energy into movement so that things (such as cars and trains) can move.	Steam Train		
		Electric Train		
				

