

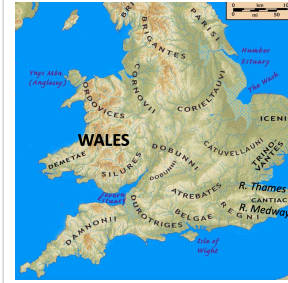


Year 4 Unit C Roman Britain

Key vocabulary

| | |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Celtic tribes | Small groups of people who lived in Britain before, during and after the Roman invasion. Some fought against Roman rule |
| Britannia | Roman name for the British Isles |
| invasion | a foreign army entering someone else's land by force |
| Caratacus | Celtic chieftain who tried to hold back the Roman invasion |
| Boudicca | Queen of the Iceni tribe. Revolted against the Romans, leading 30,000 warriors to destroy the Roman capital Colchester |
| Aqua Sulis | Roman name for the city of Bath. They believed the warm spring in Bath had magical powers that could bring good fortune |
| frontier | borders at the edges of the Roman Empire |
| Hadrian's Wall | frontier in the north of Britannia that still exists today, built by Emperor Hadrian to keep out the Scots in the North |
| Aurelian Moors | Name for Roman soldiers from North Africa who lived in Britain |

Roman invasion of Britain



Celtic tribes in Britain
before the Roman invasion



The Roman Empire at its largest - the
empire spanned Africa, Asia and Europe

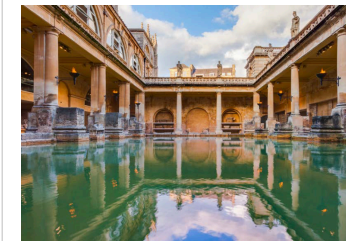


A Roman soldier

Remaining links to Roman Britain



Statue of Boudicca in
London



Roman baths in the city
of Bath



Roman amphitheatre in
Chester

509 BC Tarquin
banished from Rome,
Rome ruled by senate

202 BC Hannibal
surrenders bringing the
end of the Punic Wars

43 AD Rome
invade Britain

476 AD Western
Roman Empire
falls

Roman Empire

753 BC Rome built by
Romulus

264 BC First Punic War
begins against Carthage

44 BC Julius Caesar
assassinated

410 AD Roman occupation
of Britain ends

1453 AD Byzantine Empire (Eastern
half of the Roman Empire) falls