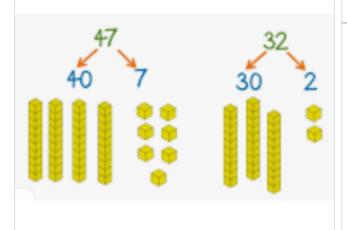


# Year 2-Place Value

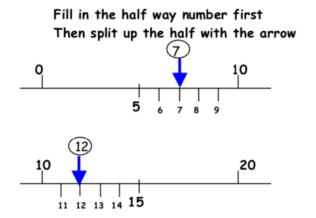
# Numbers to 100 using Base 10

A two digit number is made up of tens and ones.



#### Number Lines

Numbers can be placed on a number line. A number line can start and finish with any number. E.g.



### Comparing and Ordering numbers

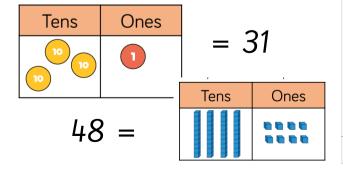
When we put numbers in order, we need to compare the value of their digits...You begin with the first column as this has the largest value. If both digits are the same, look at the next column.

Ten	Unit
3	7
3	2
7	6
6	2
is the bigge	
◆ Begin a 5 is the bigge 2 is next bigg Ten	st
is the bigge 2 is next bigg	st est
is the bigge is next bigg	st est Unit
is the bigge is next bigg  Ten  3	St est Unit 7

#### Place Value

We use place value grids to show the value of each digit within a number.

Hundreds	Tens	Ones
100	20	5



#### Read and Write Numbers to 100

		1	one		11	eleven
		2	two		12	twelve
		3	three		13	thirteen
		4	four		14	fourteen
		5	five		15	fifteen
		6	six		16	sixteen
		7	seven		17	seventeen
		8	eight		18	eighteen
		9	nine		19	nineteen
	L	10	ten			
Γ.	20	+	venty	7	30	+1-1-1-1
- 1	21		venty one		40	thirty
	22		venty two		50	forty fifty
	23		,		60	,
- 1	23 24		venty three		70	sixty
	2 <del>4</del> 25		enty four		80	seventy
	25 26		venty five		90	eighty
	20 27		venty six		100	ninety one hundred
- 1	2 <i>1</i> 28		venty seven		100	one nunarea
	20 29		venty eight			
(	29	TW	venty nine	1		

# Compare and Order numbers using > < = signs

Order is: 76 62 37 32



We say: 9 is bigger than 5

We write: 9

We say 5 is smaller than 9

We write: 5 < 9