





## Year 1 – Number: Place Value (within 100)

### Key vocabulary

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| Forwards  | A number gets bigger when you count forward , 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,          |
| Backwards | A number gets smaller when you count backwards 5, 4, 3, 2, 1          |
| Equal to  | When something is the same<br>Example: $3+2=5$ and $1+4=5$            |
| More than | When one amount is bigger than another we use a “greater than” sign > |
| Less than | When one amount is smaller than another we use a “less than” sign <   |
| Most      | Largest or biggest amount of something                                |
| Least     | Smallest amount of something  |

### Examples

Comparing numbers – largest number is highlighted in red

78 and 61

| Tens   | Ones   |
|--------|--------|
| 7<br>6 | 8<br>1 |

90 and 89

| Tens   | Ones   |
|--------|--------|
| 9<br>8 | 0<br>9 |

64 and 92

| Tens   | Ones   |
|--------|--------|
| 6<br>9 | 4<br>2 |

Comparing numbers – largest numbers using <, > and =

| Tens      | Ones |
|-----------|------|
| ● ● ● ● ● | ● ●  |

>

| Tens      | Ones |
|-----------|------|
| ● ● ● ● ● | ●    |

| Tens  | Ones |
|-------|------|
| ● ● ● |      |

>

| Tens | Ones    |
|------|---------|
| ● ●  | ● ● ● ● |

| Tens  | Ones  |
|-------|-------|
| ● ● ● | ● ● ● |

<

| Tens | Ones |
|------|------|
| 5    | 1    |