

SACRED HEART CATHOLIC PRIMARY SCHOOL



A POLICY FOR RELATIONSHIPS AND SEX EDUCATION

Document Control	
Title	Relationship and Sex Education (RSE) policy
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Scope of this policy

We constantly seek to embrace our mission, “With joyful hearts, we love, learn and praise as a family of God.” And promote values of Respect, Excellence, Witness, Stewardship and Love & Forgiveness.

At Sacred Heart, we will at all times and in all that we do, serve as a witness to the Catholic Faith in Our Lord Jesus Christ. We believe that parents are the first and foremost educators of their children and that we are called to support them in their God given task. Each child is valued and encouraged to achieve human wholeness- spiritually, morally, emotionally, physically and academically in a happy secure Christian Environment.

With the Gospels values at the heart of what we do, staff, pupils, and families will partner together to celebrate the talents and individuality of all in our community and produce resourceful and resilient pupils, equipped to make a positive impact in the modern world.

In this policy the Governors and Teachers, in partnership with pupils and their parents, set out their intentions about Relationship and Sex Education (RSE). We set out our rationale for and approach to relationships and sex education in the school.

Implementation and Review of Policy

The policy will be approved by the Full Governing Body. It will be reviewed every 2 years and reported on at the Pupils and Standards committee meetings. The policy will be available to read on the school website as required by the DfE.

Defining Relationship and Sex Education.

The DFE guidance defines RSE as “Lifelong learning about physical, moral and emotional development. It is about the understanding of the importance of marriage and family life, stable and loving relationships, respect, love and care.”

The DFE identifies three main elements: “attitudes and values, personal and social skills, and knowledge and understanding”.

Statutory Curriculum Requirements

We are legally required to teach those aspects of RSE which are statutory parts of National Curriculum Science. However, the reasons for our inclusion of RSE go further.

Rationale

‘I have come that you might have life and have it to the full’ (Jn.10.10)

We are involved in relationships and sex education precisely because of our Christian beliefs about God and about the human person. The belief in the unique dignity of the human person made in the image and likeness of God underpins the approach to all education in a Catholic school. Our approach to RSE therefore is rooted in the Catholic Church’s teaching of the human person and presented in a positive framework of Christian ideals.

At the heart of the Christian life is the Trinity, Father, Son and Spirit in communion, united in loving relationship and embracing all people and all creation. As a consequence of the Christian belief that we are made in the image and likeness of God, gender and sexuality

are seen as God's gift, reflect God's beauty, and share in the divine creativity. RSE, therefore, will be placed firmly within the context of relationship as it is there that sexuality grows and develops.

Following the guidance of the Bishops of England and Wales and as advocated by the DFE, RSE will be firmly embedded in the PSHE framework as it is concerned with nurturing human wholeness and integral to the physical, spiritual, emotional, moral, social and intellectual development of pupils. It is centered on Christ's vision of being human as good news and will be positive and prudent, showing the potential for development, while enabling the dangers and risks involved to be understood and appreciated.

All RSE will be in accordance with the Church's moral teaching. It will emphasise the central importance of marriage and the family whilst acknowledging that all pupils have a fundamental right to have their life respected whatever household they come from and support will be provided to help pupils deal with different sets of values.

Values and Virtues

Our RSE scheme enshrines Catholic values relating to the importance of stable relationships, marriage and family life. It also promotes those virtues which are essential in responding to God's call to love others with a proper respect for their dignity and the dignity of the human body.

Aims of RSE and the Mission Statement

Our Mission Statement and school values commits us to the education of the whole child (spiritual, physical, intellectual, moral, social, cultural, emotional) and we believe that RSE is an integral part of this education. Furthermore, our school aims state that we will endeavour to raise pupils' self-esteem, help them to grow in knowledge and understanding, recognise the value of all persons and develop caring and sensitive attitudes.

Objectives

To develop the following attitudes and virtues:

- reverence for the gift of human sexuality;
- respect for the dignity of every human being – in their own person and in the person of others;
- joy in the goodness of the created world and their own bodily natures;
- responsibility for their own actions and a recognition of the impact of these on others;
- recognising and valuing their own sexual identity and that of others;
- celebrating the gift of life-long, self-giving love;
- recognising the importance of marriage and family life;
- fidelity in relationships.

To develop the following **personal and social skills**:

- making sound judgements and good choices which have integrity and which are respectful of the individual's commitments;
- loving and being loved, and the ability to form friendships and loving, stable relationships free from exploitation, abuse and bullying;
- managing emotions within relationships, and when relationships break down, with confidence, sensitivity and dignity;

- managing conflict positively, recognising the value of difference;
- cultivating humility, mercy and compassion, learning to forgive and be forgiven;
- developing self-esteem and confidence, demonstrating self-respect and empathy for others;
- building resilience and the ability to resist unwanted pressures, recognising the influence and impact of the media, internet and peer groups and so developing the ability to assess pressures and respond appropriately;
- being patient, delaying gratification and learning to recognise the appropriate stages in the development of relationships, and how to love chastely;
- assessing risks and managing behaviours in order to minimise the risk to health and personal integrity.

To know and understand:

- the Church's teaching on relationships and the nature and meaning of love;
- the Church's teaching on marriage and the importance of marriage and family life;
- the centrality and importance of virtue in guiding human living and loving;
- the physical and psychological changes that accompany puberty;

Outcomes

Inclusion and Differentiated Learning

We will ensure RSE is sensitive to the different needs of individual pupils in respect to pupils' different abilities, levels of maturity and personal circumstances. Lessons will also help children to realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviours (including cyber-bullying), use of prejudice-based language and how to respond and ask for help.

Equalities Obligations

The governing body have wider responsibilities under the Equalities Act 2010 and will ensure that our school strives to do the best for all of the pupils, irrespective of disability, educational needs, race, nationality, ethnic or national origin, pregnancy, maternity, sex, gender identity, religion or sexual orientation or whether they are looked after children. Please refer to Sacred Heart Equality Policy for further information

Broad Content of RSE

Three aspects of RSE - attitudes and values, knowledge and understanding, and personal and social skills will be provided in three inter-related ways: the whole school / ethos dimension; a cross-curricular dimension and a specific relationships and sex curriculum.

Scheme of Work

Our chosen scheme of work for RSE is called Journey in Love and is fully approved by the Diocese of Shrewsbury. The scheme develops the children's understanding of Love through their relationship with others, with God and with themselves. It is delivered through a theme in each year group, which is further broken down into the following three strands: *Social and Emotional, Physical, Spiritual*.

The theme titles are as follows:

Reception	God loves each of us in our uniqueness
Year One	We meet God's love in our Family
Year Two	We meet God's love in the community
Year Three	How we live in love

Year Four	God loves us in our differences
Year Five	God loves me in my changing and developing
Year Six	The wonder of God's love in creating new life

Parents and Carers

We recognise that parents (and other carers who stand in their place) are the primary educators of their children. As a Catholic school, we provide the principal means by which the Church assists parents and carers in educating their children. Therefore the school will support parents and carers by providing material to be shared with their children at home and workshops to help parents/carers to find out more. Parents/carers will be informed by letter when the more sensitive aspects of RSE will be covered in order that they can be prepared to talk and answer questions about their children's learning.

Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory RSE.' (DfE). Should parents wish to withdraw their child(ren) they must notify the school by contacting the headteacher. We believe that the controlled environment of the classroom is the safest place for this curriculum to be followed.

Balanced Curriculum

Whilst promoting Catholic values and virtues and teaching in accordance with Church teaching, we will ensure that pupils are offered a balanced programme by providing an RSE programme that offers a range of viewpoints on issues. Pupils will also receive clear scientific information as well as covering the aspects of the law pertaining to RSE knowing about facts and enabling young people to explore differing viewpoints is not the same as promoting behaviour and is not incompatible with our school's promotion of Catholic teaching. We will ensure that pupils have access to the learning they need to stay safe, healthy and understand their rights as individuals.

Responsibility for Teaching the programme

The Headteacher and the SLT have the responsibility for the specific relationships and sex education programme. However, all staff will be involved in developing the attitudes and values aspect of the RSE programme. They will be role models for pupils of good, healthy, wholesome relationships as between staff, other adults and pupils. They will also be contributing to the development of pupils' personal and social skills.

Our school may call upon help and guidance from outside agencies and health specialists to deliver aspects of RSE. Such visits will always complement the current programme and never substitute or replace teacher led sessions. It is important that any external visitor is clear about their role and responsibility whilst they are in school delivering a session. Any visitor must adhere to our code of practice developed in line with CES guidance.

Health professionals should follow the school's policies, minimising the potential for disclosures or inappropriate comments using negotiated ground rules and distancing techniques as other teachers would. They will ensure that all teaching is rooted in Catholic principles and practice.

The Governors will ensure that the RSE programme is carried out in line with the agreed policy. The Head teacher takes overall delegated responsibility for the implementation of the policy and for liaison with the Governing Body, parents and Diocese.

RE Leader

The RE leader together with the Headteacher has a general responsibility for supporting other members of staff in the implementation of this policy and will provide a lead in the dissemination of the information relating to RSE and the provision of in-service training. (They may be supported by the curriculum lead and the member of staff with responsibility for child protection).

All Staff

RSE is a whole school issue. All teachers have a responsibility of care; as well as fostering academic progress they should actively contribute to the guardianship and guidance of the physical, moral and spiritual well-being of their pupils. Teachers will be expected to teach RSE in accordance with the Catholic Ethos of the school. Appropriate training will be made available for all staff teaching RSE. All staff have been included in the development of this policy and all staff should be aware of the policy and how it relates to them.

Relationship to Other policies and curriculum Subjects

This RSE policy is to be delivered as part of the Religious Education and PSHE framework. It includes guidelines about pupil safety and is compatible with the school's other policy documents (for example, Bullying policy, Safeguarding Policy etc.)

Pupils with particular difficulties whether of a physical or intellectual nature will receive appropriately differentiated support in order to enable them to achieve mature knowledge, understanding and skills. Teaching methods will be adapted to meet the varying needs of this group of pupils.

Children's Questions

The governors want to promote a healthy, positive atmosphere in which RSE can take place. They want to ensure that pupils can ask questions freely, be confident that their questions will be answered, and be sure that they will be free from bullying or harassment from other children and young people.

Some questions may raise issues which it would not be appropriate for teachers to answer during ordinary class time, e.g., where a child or young person's questions hints at abuse, is deliberately tendentious or is of a personal nature. All children's needs will be catered for as appropriate.

Supporting Children and young people who are at risk.

Children will also need to feel safe and secure in the environment in which RSE takes place. Effective RSE will provide opportunities for discussion of what is and is not appropriate in relationships. Such discussion may well lead to disclosure of a safeguarding issue. Teachers will need to be aware of the needs of their pupils and not let any fears and worries go unnoticed. Where a teacher suspects that a child or young person is a victim of or is at risk of abuse they are required to follow the school's safeguarding policy and immediately inform the designated senior member of staff responsible.

Confidentiality and Advice

All governors, all teachers, all support staff, all parents and all pupils must be made aware of this policy, particularly as it relates to issues of advice and confidentiality.

All lessons, especially those in the RSE programme, will have the best interests of pupils at heart, enabling them to grow in knowledge and understanding of relationships and sex, developing appropriate personal and social skills and becoming appreciative of the values and attitudes which underpin the Christian understanding of what it means to be fully human.

Pupils will be encouraged to talk to their parents/carers about the issues which are discussed in the programme. Teachers will always help pupils facing personal difficulties, in line with the school's pastoral care. Teachers should explain to pupils that they cannot offer unconditional confidentiality, in matters which are illegal or abusive for instance. Teachers will explain that in such circumstances they would have to inform others, e.g., parents, Headteacher, but that the pupils would always be informed first that such action was going to be taken

Monitoring and Evaluation

The RE Leader will monitor the provision of the various dimensions of the programme by examining plans, schemes of work and samples of pupils work at regular intervals. This policy will be review every two years.

Appendix A

By the end of primary school:

Families and people who care for me

Pupils should know:

that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability.

the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives.

That families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.

that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.

that marriage* represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong.

how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.

Caring friendships

Pupils should know:

how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends.

the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties.

that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded.

that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.

how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed.

Respectful relationships

Pupils should know:

the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs.

practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.

the conventions of courtesy and manners.

the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness.

that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority

*Marriage in England and Wales is available to both opposite sex and same sex couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013 extended marriage to same sex couples in

England and Wales. The ceremony through which a couple get married may be civil or religious.

about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help. what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive. the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults.

Online relationships

Pupils should know:

that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not.

that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous. the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them.

how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met.

how information and data is shared and used online.

Being safe

Pupils should know:

what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context).

about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.

that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.

how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know.

how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.

how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard,

how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.

where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources.